

Washington Water Supply Outlook Report

May 1, 2026



Elwha River drainage and Bailey Range from Hurricane Ridge, Olympic National Park.

Source: Bill Baccus, Olympic National Park Ecologist, April 27, 2026.

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Summary

The month of April brought unfavorable conditions for the water supply picture in Washington. Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) statewide for May 1, 2026 is at 42% of normal, a decrease in percent of normal since the April reporting period. Basin SWE conditions across the state are variable but all basins are below normal (50-69% range in median SWE) or well below normal (less than 50% range in median SWE) at this time. The Upper Yakima is at 16% of normal, the lowest in the state, while the Olympic and Lower Snake – Walla Walla basins are the next lowest at 29% of normal. Only 3 basins, the Spokane, Upper Columbia, and North Puget Sound are below normal.

As of May 1, below normal April rainfall and overall lack of snow in the mountains is significantly influencing Water Supply Forecasts (WSFs). Although all basins in Washington have received near normal to above normal precipitation for the Water Year To Date (WYTD, Oct. 1 to Sept. 30), a snow drought (defined here) persists in Washington and all western states. As a result, all basins in Washington are expected to see well below normal, below normal, or slightly below normal runoff. Streamflow forecasts are included later in this report. The May 1 forecasts are showing more certainty in the relationship between current conditions and expected streamflow in late spring to early summer. Snowmelt in spring and early summer provide much of the water supply statewide for many different users and purposes. Forecasts of expected runoff assist water users and managers plan for conditions they may expect during peak summer usage

**Note that basin conditions outlined in this report include data from stations within the SNOTEL and SNOLITE network, and/or cooperator weather stations.*

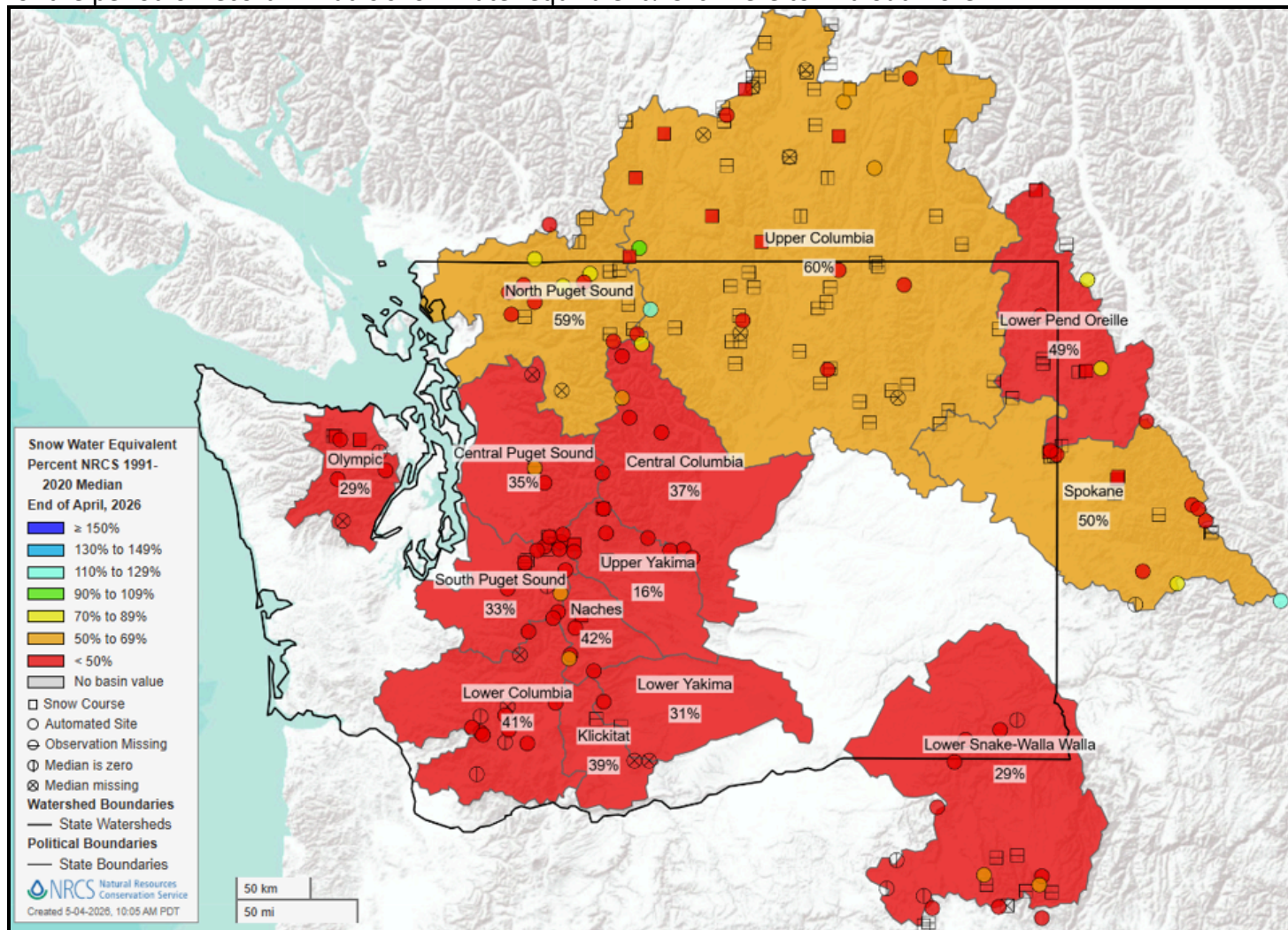


Deer Park snow course (Olympic National Park) with 0% of normal SWE. In a normal year, Deer Park snow course would have 13.7 inches of SWE (31 inches of snow depth) during the May 1 survey.

Source: Bill Baccus, Olympic National Park Ecologist, April 29, 2026.

Snow Water Equivalent

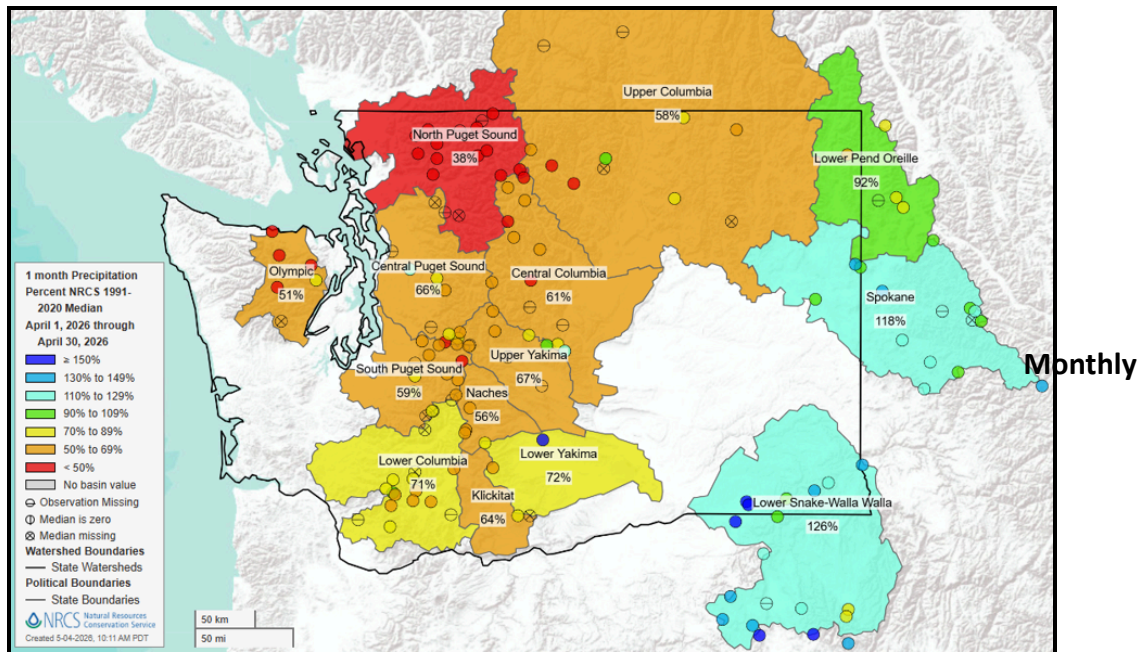
Current snowpack values vary basin by basin but are generally below normal to well below normal as of May 1. Almost all basins decreased as a percentage of normal from April values and several have dropped below 30% of normal. A few select SNOTEL stations at higher elevations near Ross Lake and Washington Pass retained near normal to slightly above normal snowpack. However, the majority of SNOTEL stations from the Olympic Peninsula to eastern Washington recorded below normal to well below normal snowpack. This includes 5 snow courses and 9 SNOTEL sites with record low SWE and 5 SNOTEL sites with the 2nd lowest SWE for the period of record. What is snow water equivalent? [Click here to find out more.](#)



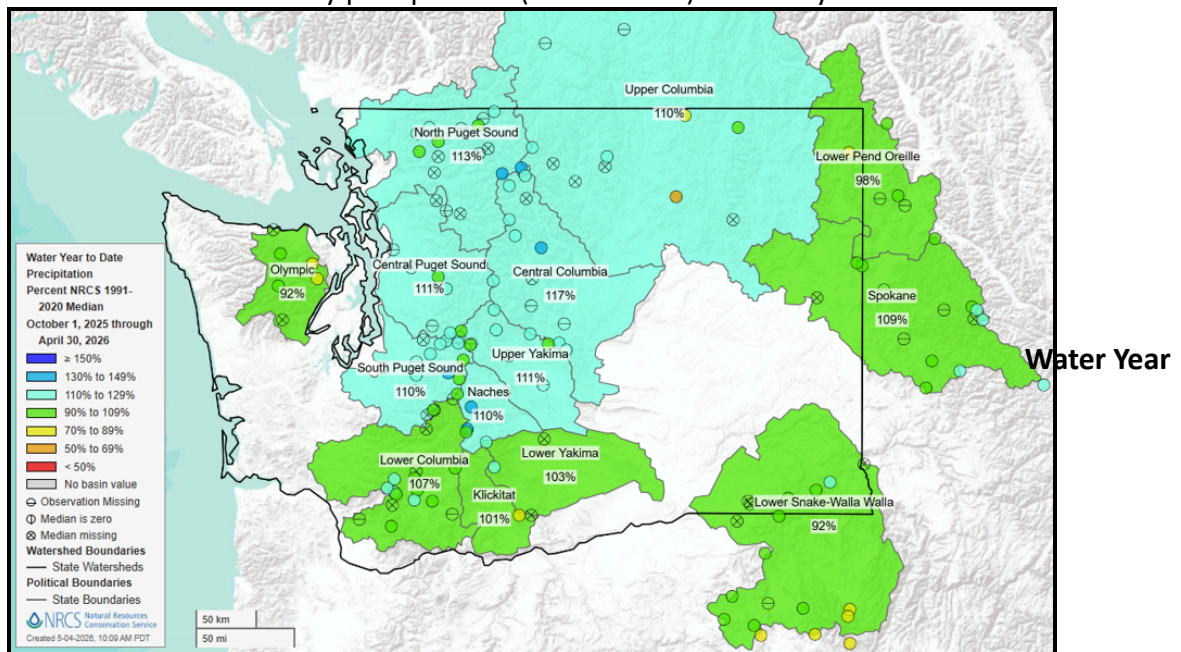
Basin snowpack (% of median) as of May 1.

Precipitation

Statewide precipitation stands at 107% of normal WYTD at the end of April but is variable across the state from basin to basin. Warm temperatures and below normal rainfall (74% of normal statewide) were recorded at most locations. Early season runoff continued to contribute to overall reservoir storage and current streamflow conditions but additional rainfall will be needed through May to help maintain current stream flows as the meager snowpack continues to melt amidst warm spring conditions.



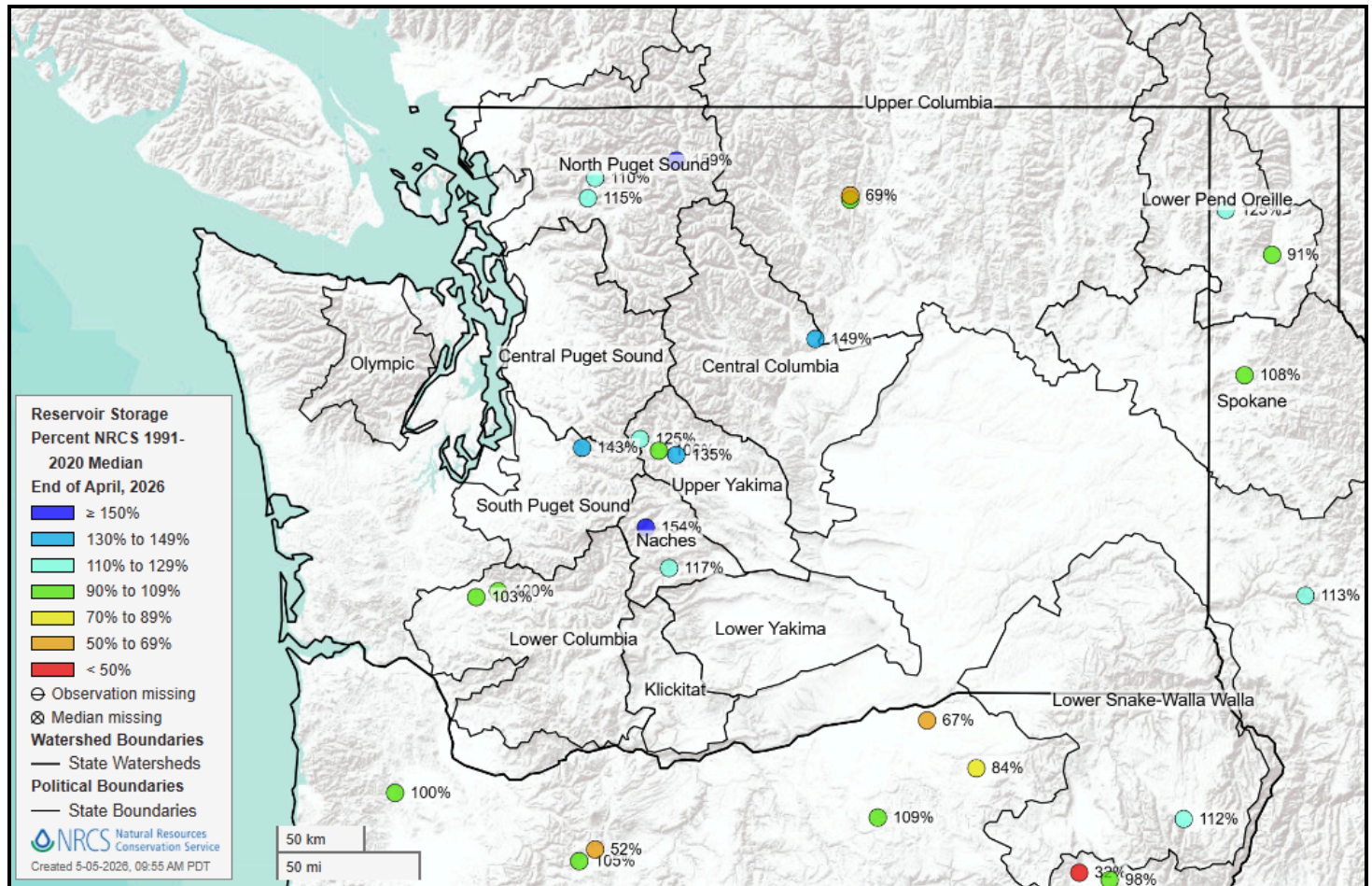
Basin monthly precipitation (% of normal) as of May 1.



Basin water-year precipitation (% of normal) as of May 1.

Reservoirs

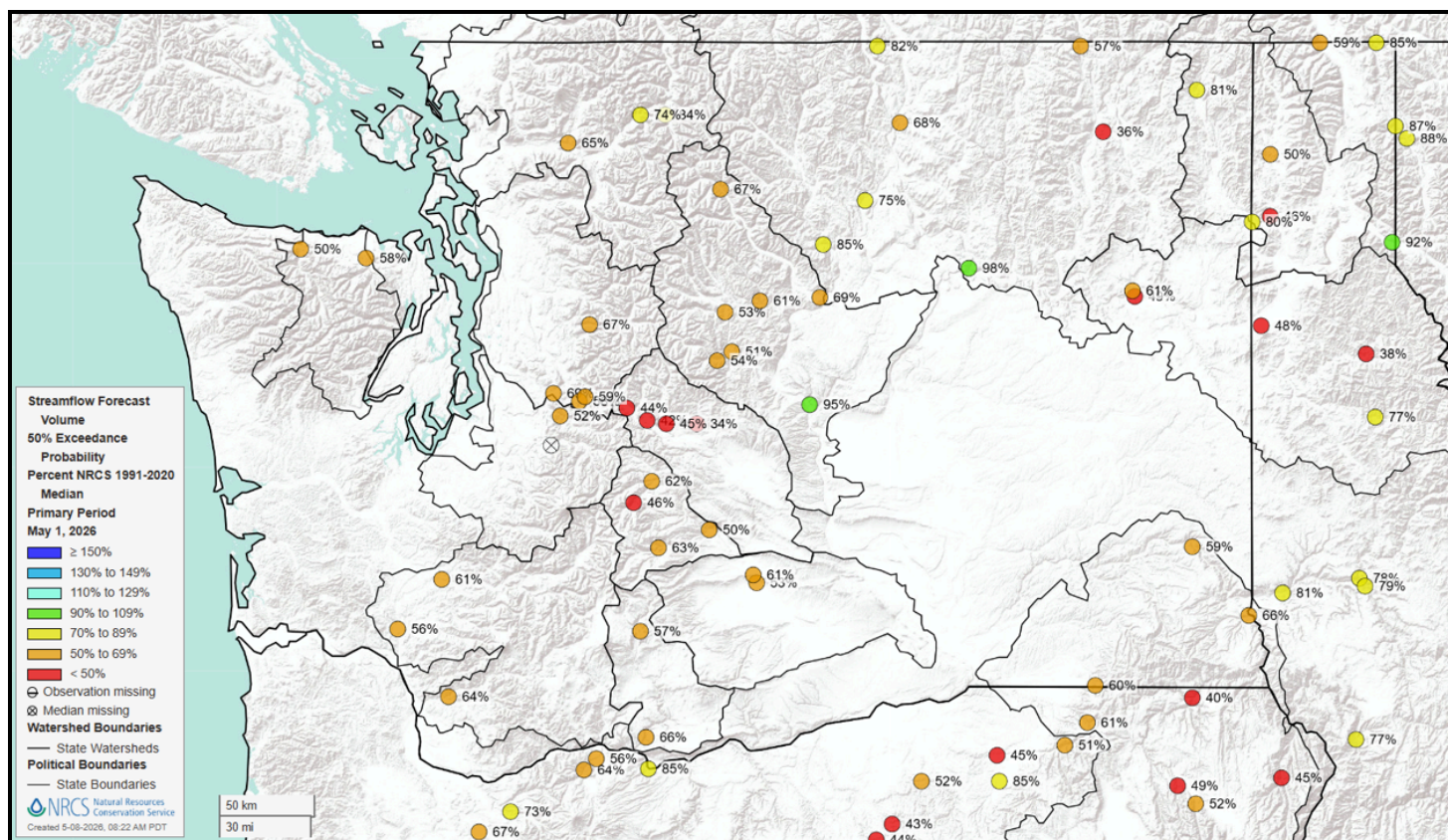
Volumetric reservoir storage at the end of April across Washington is generally near normal to above normal owing to early season capture of existing runoff. Volumetric storage is different than reservoir storage as a percent of capacity. To view current storage as a percent of capacity, use [this link](#). Reservoir operators account for a variety of factors when choosing to store or release water, including flooding, irrigation, fisheries, and other water needs. These management needs may impact current reservoir storage values especially as compared to normal values for the same period.



Reservoir storage (% of normal) as of May 1

Streamflow and Forecasts

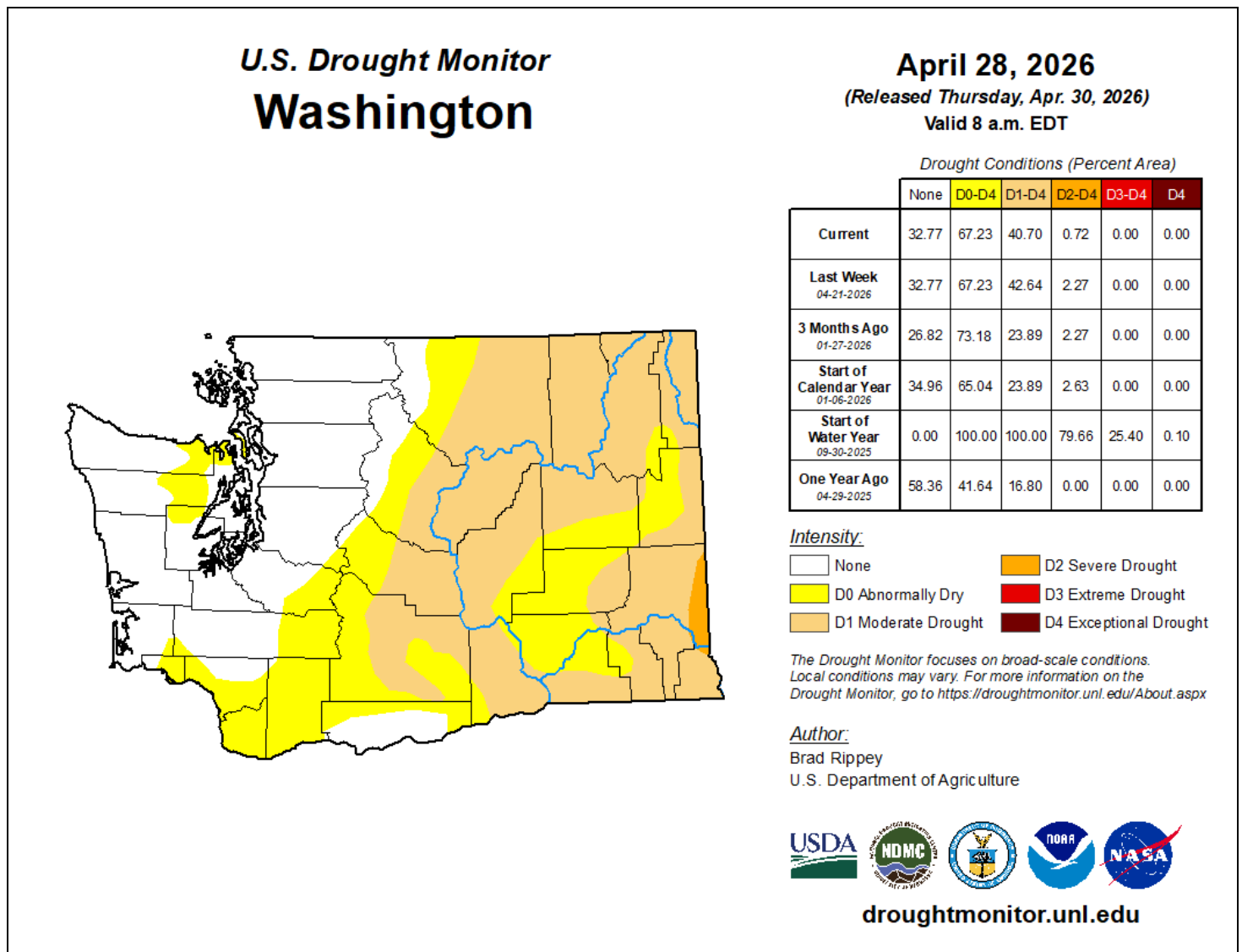
Water Supply Forecasts (WSF) for May 1 (based on 50%-exceedance predictions) for most of Washington are generally below normal with some locations well below normal in the Upper Yakima and Naches basins and in basins in eastern Washington. A few locations in northern Washington along the Cascade crest are forecast to have slightly below normal streamflow. Only 2 locations along the Columbia River are expected to have streamflow near normal conditions. Most forecasts statewide declined from the April 1 forecasts due to warm conditions and lack of additional snowfall. In many locations snowpack has already melted and without additional rainfall to replenish streamflow, it can be expected the June 1 forecasts would also decrease. For water users that require more conservative estimates of water availability, using the 70% or 90%-exceedance predictions may be prudent in planning for a below normal water year. *View the map for April observed streamflow [here](#).*



Streamflow forecasts (% of normal) for the primary period as of May 1

Drought

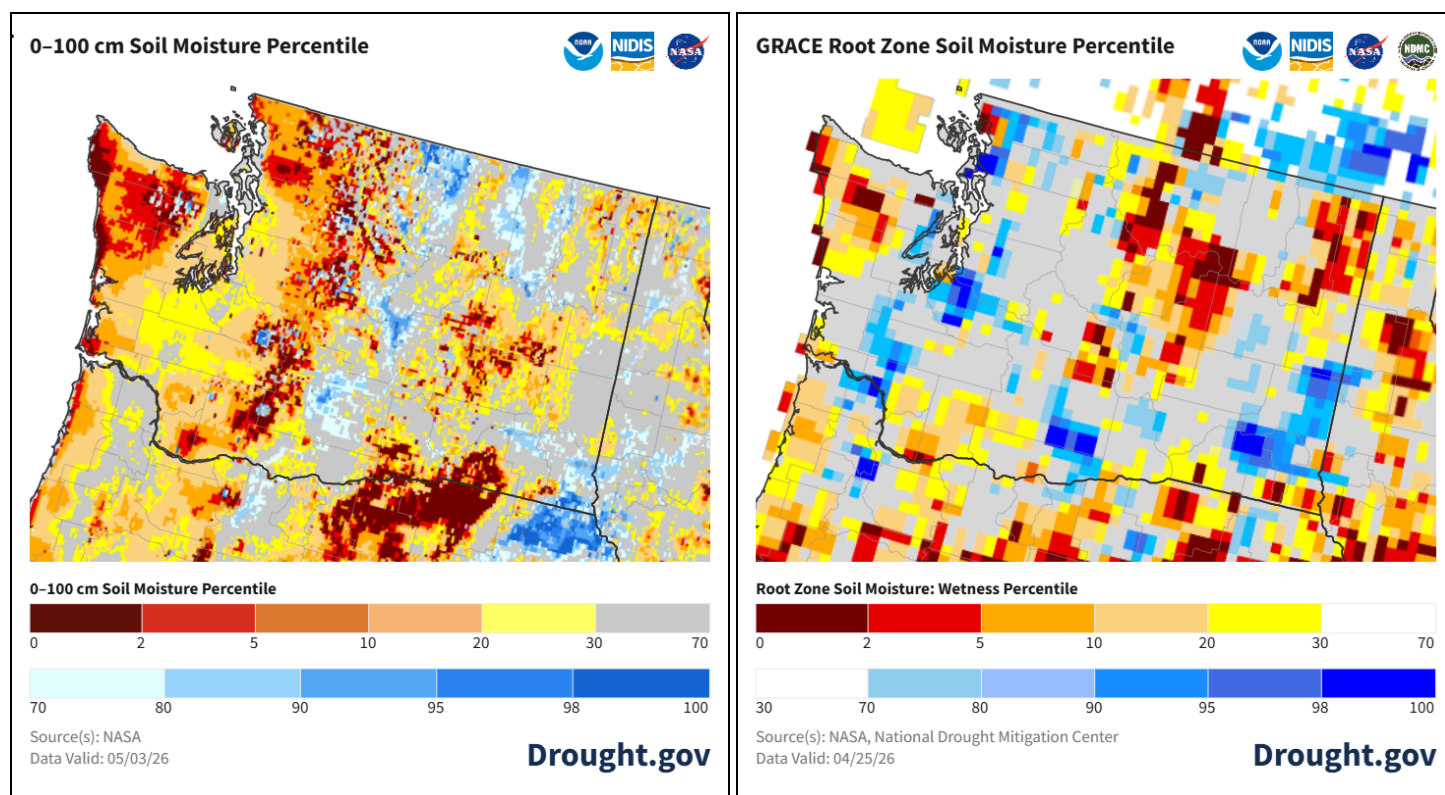
Based on figures provided by US Drought Monitor, after a month of below normal precipitation in April across most of Washington, 40% of the state (much of eastern Washington) is in moderate drought (D1) while 27% of the state is experiencing abnormally dry conditions (D0). Approximately 1% of the state (southeast corner of Washington) is in severe drought (D2). Conditions have generally not changed from what was observed in March.



Soils

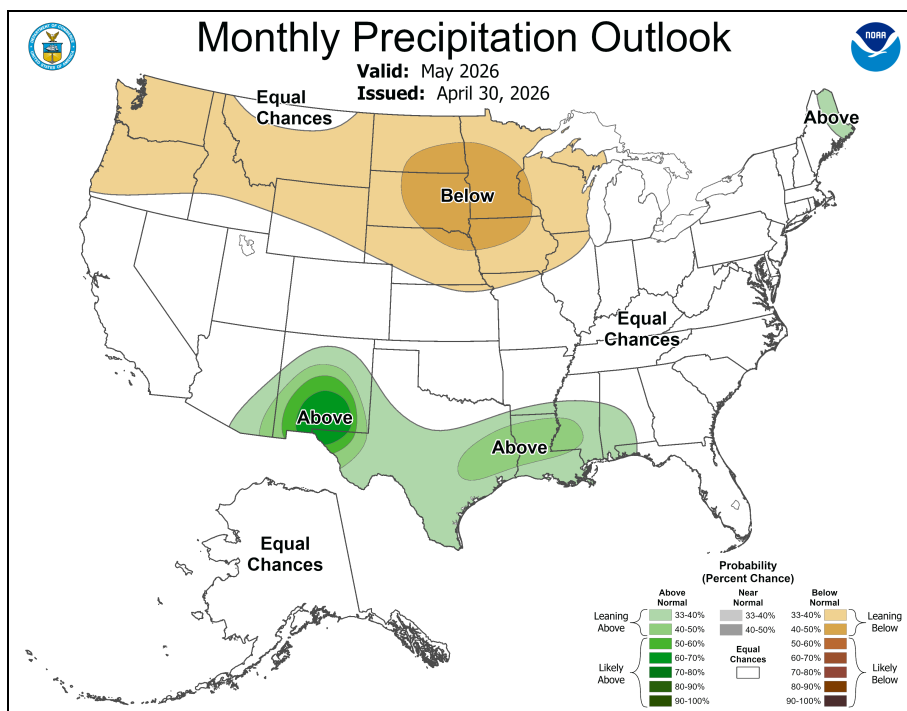
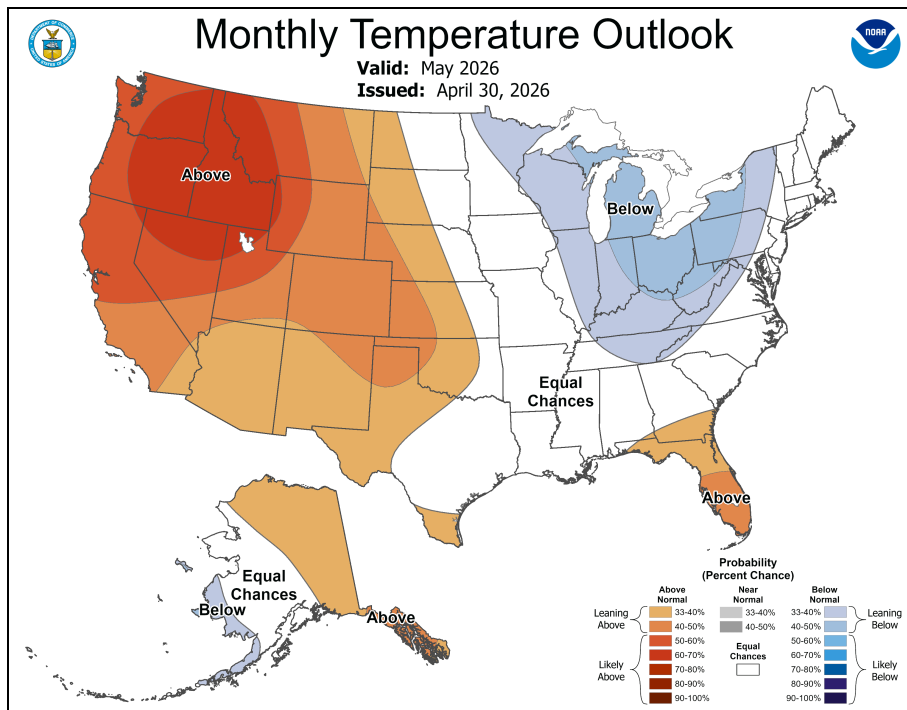
Soil moisture conditions within the top 1 meter of soils, based on the NASA SPoRT-LIS and GRACE products shown below, generally agree on drier than normal conditions throughout most of Washington with some areas in western Washington experiencing much drier than normal conditions. These products vary in data inputs and temporal resolution, which may or may not result in percentile differences for soil moisture. Click on the following links to learn more about NASA's SPoRT-LIS and GRACE products.

Soil moisture conditions are useful in assessing current drought and future drought potential. In addition, soil moisture is generally a good indicator of the efficiency of snowmelt runoff into streamflow in the spring. Drier soils tend to absorb more water from snowmelt than wetter soils, thus less melt is translated into streamflow (i.e. low efficiency). Soil moisture generally recovers each year during late fall and early winter, before precipitation begins falling mainly as snow. Therefore, early-season soil moisture can be essential for increasing runoff efficiency in the spring



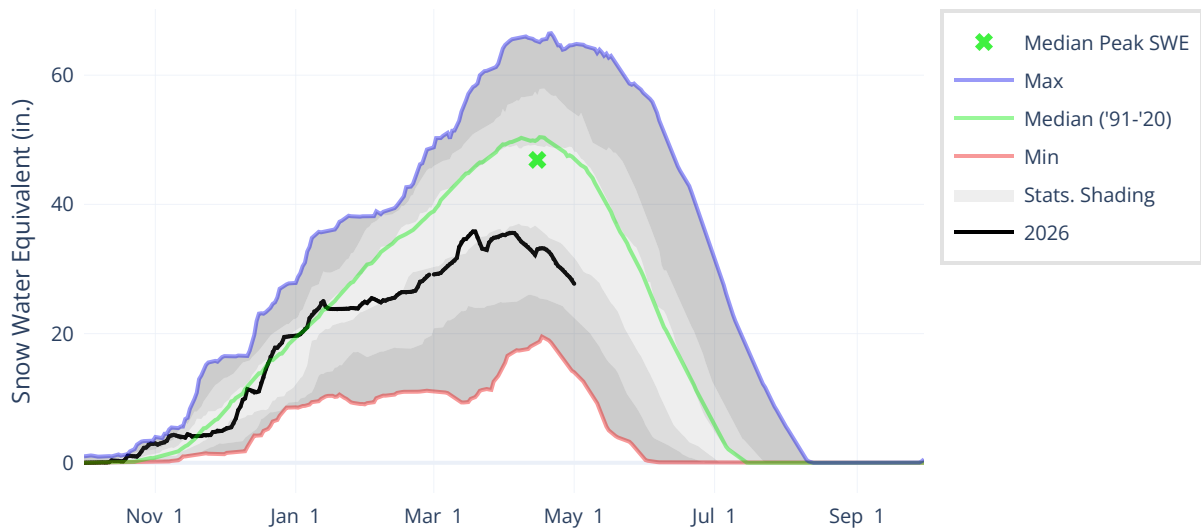
Monthly Outlook

As early summer approaches, NOAA's Climate Prediction Center's 30 day outlook for the month of May calls for above normal temperatures and below normal precipitation for the entire state of Washington.



North Puget Sound Basin Summary

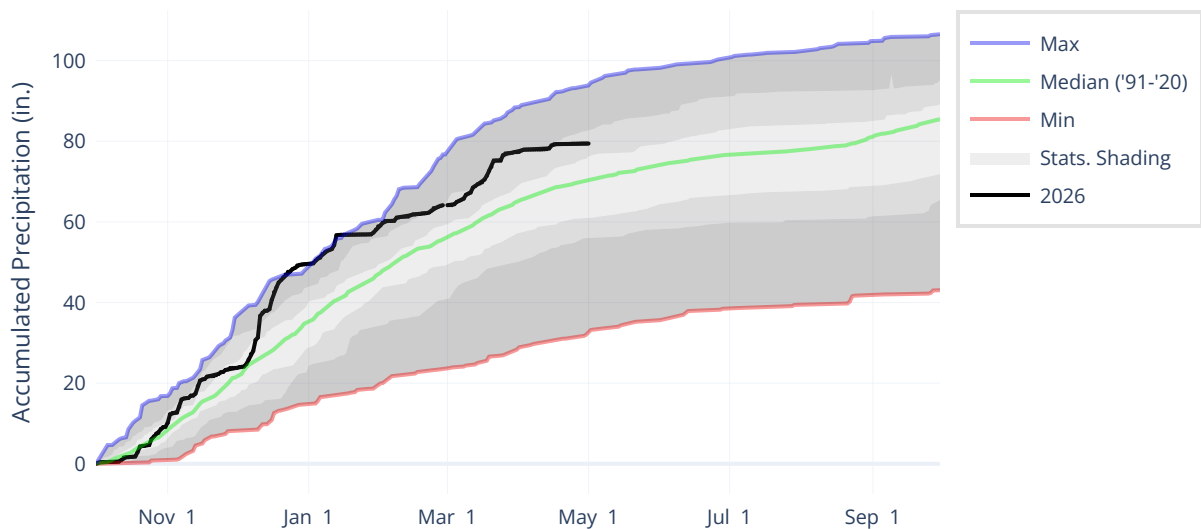
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 59% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 70% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is well below normal at 38% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 113% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Lake Shannon is 115% of median. Storage at Ross is 159% of median, and storage at Upper Baker is 110% of median.

North Puget Sound

Water Year 2026

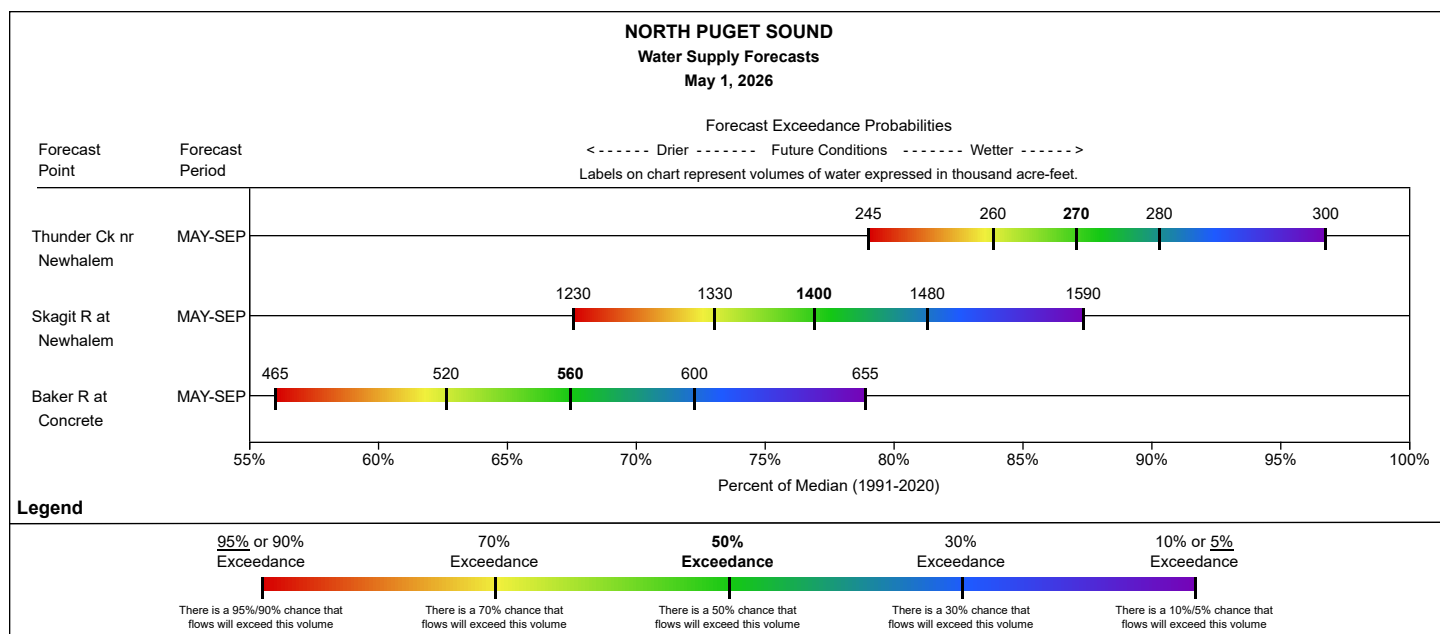
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Shannon	420	116.853	83.2	71	95.7	82	115
Ross	1550	1404.1	711.5	51	1131.27	81	159
Upper Baker	720	274.221	144.6	53	158.7	58	110
Basin Index						77	148

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

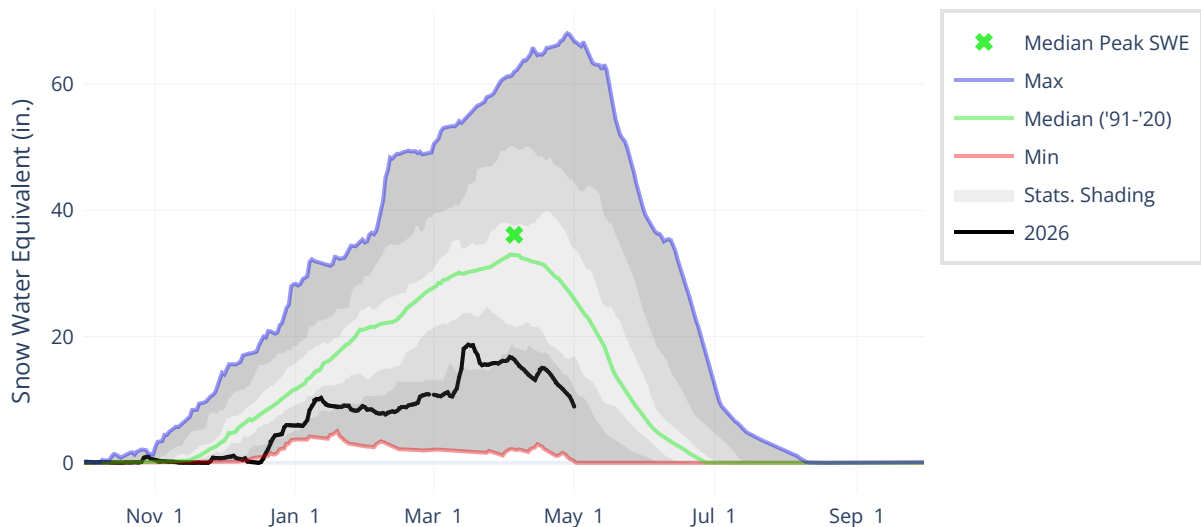
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 67% to 87% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Central Puget Sound Basin Summary

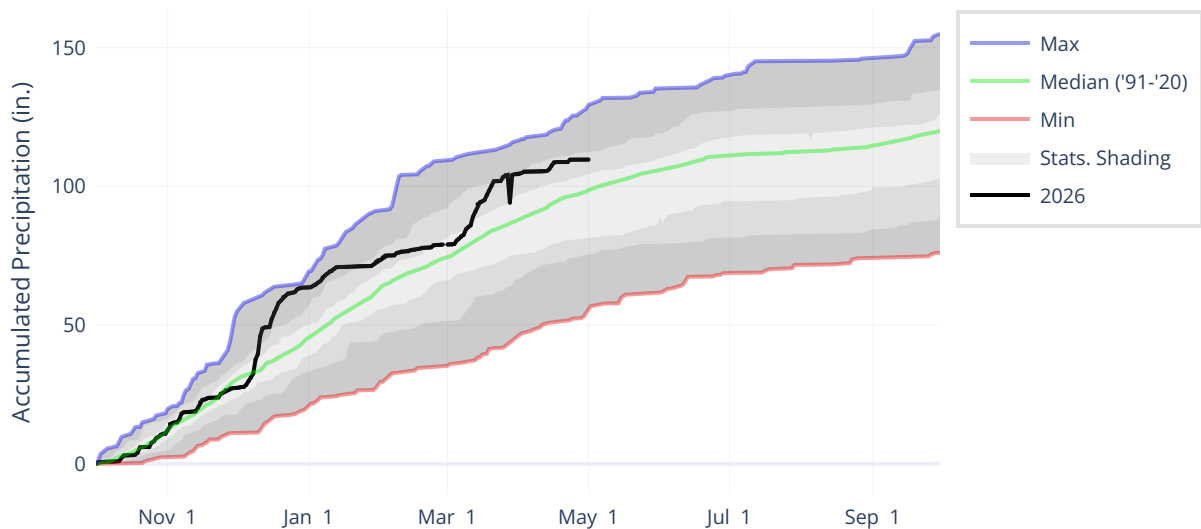
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 35% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 49% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



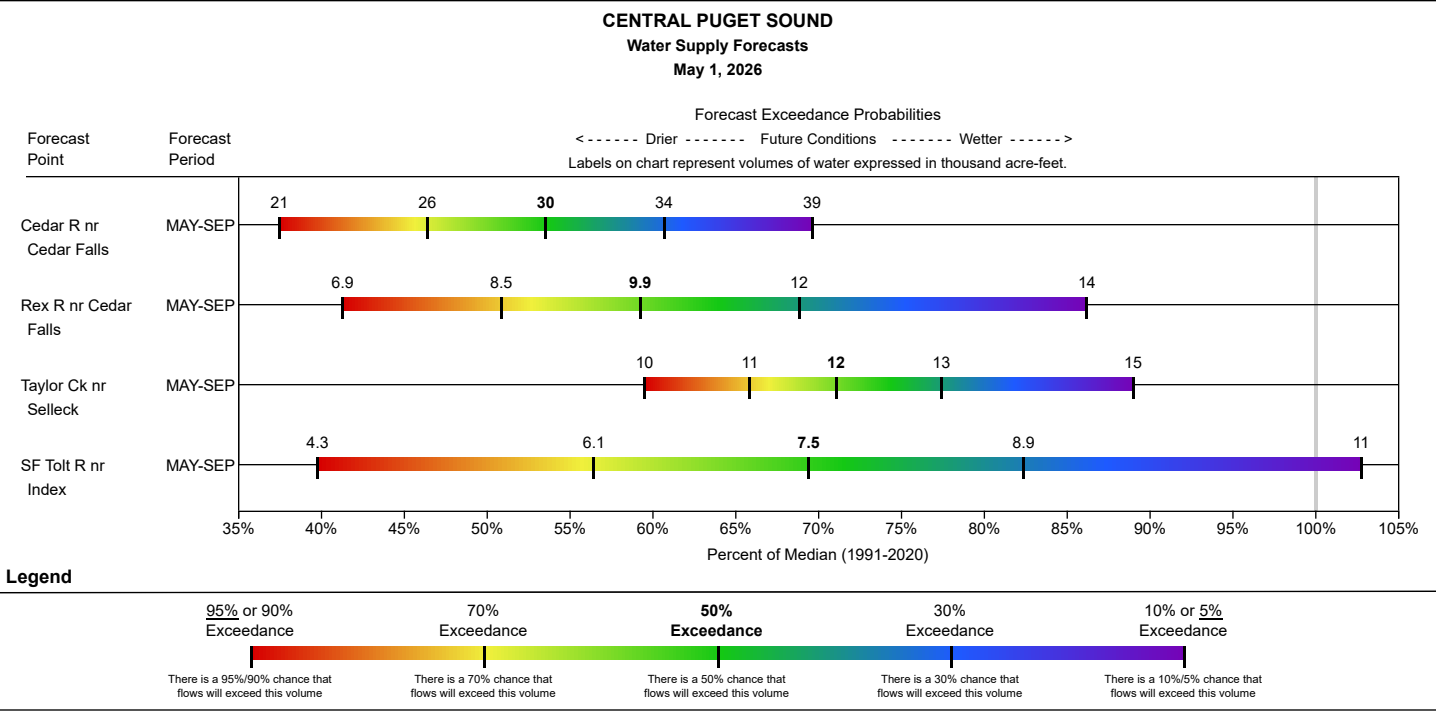
April precipitation is below normal at 66% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 111% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

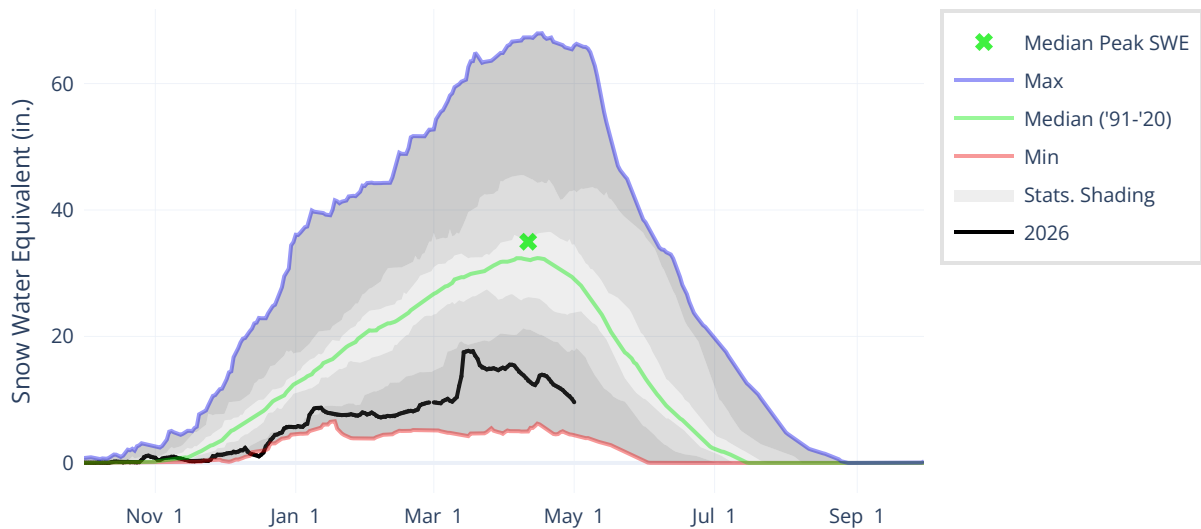
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 54% to 71% of median.
For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



South Puget Sound Basin Summary

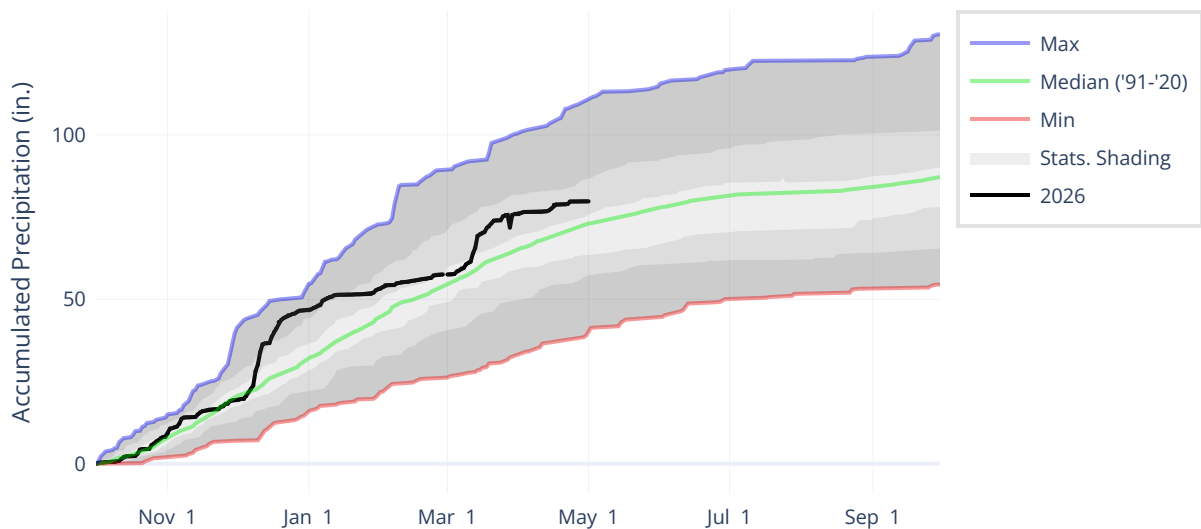
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 33% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 47% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is below normal at 59% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 110% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

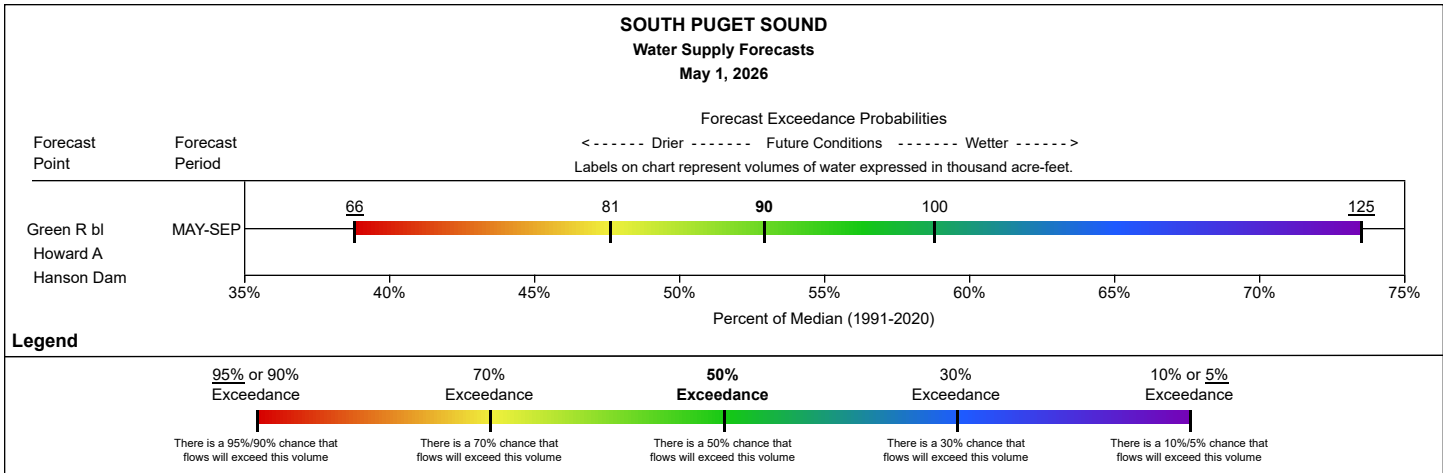
As of May 1, storage at Howard Hansen is 143% of median.

South Puget Sound					Water Year 2026		
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Howard Hansen	1140	106	31.1	29	44.54	42	143
Basin Index						42	143

▸ View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

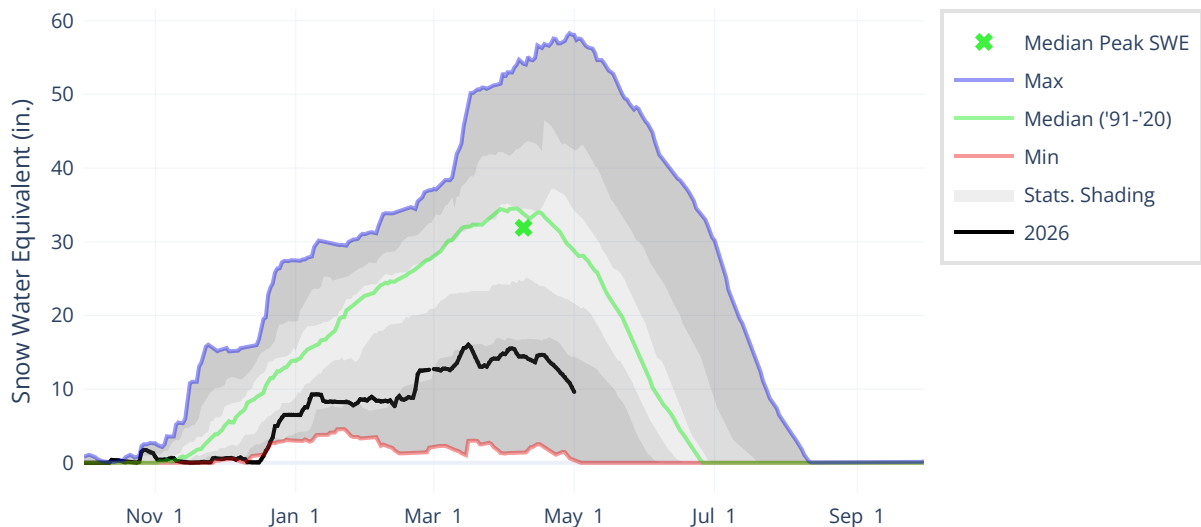
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecast in the basin is 53% of median.
 To view data in tabular format, other forecast periods, and the forecast for White R bl Clearwater R nr Buckley, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Olympic Basin Summary

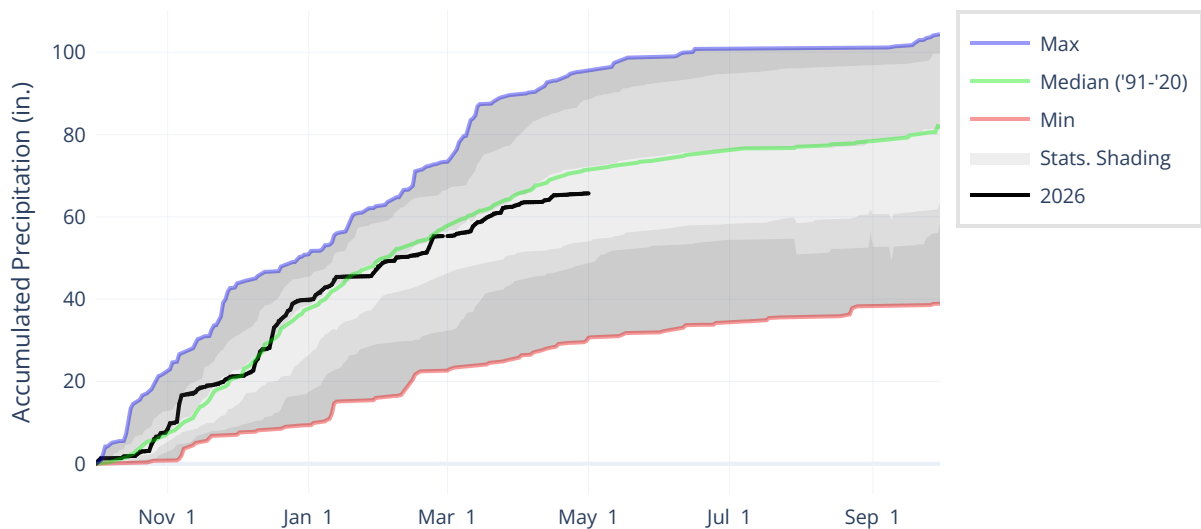
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 27% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 35% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



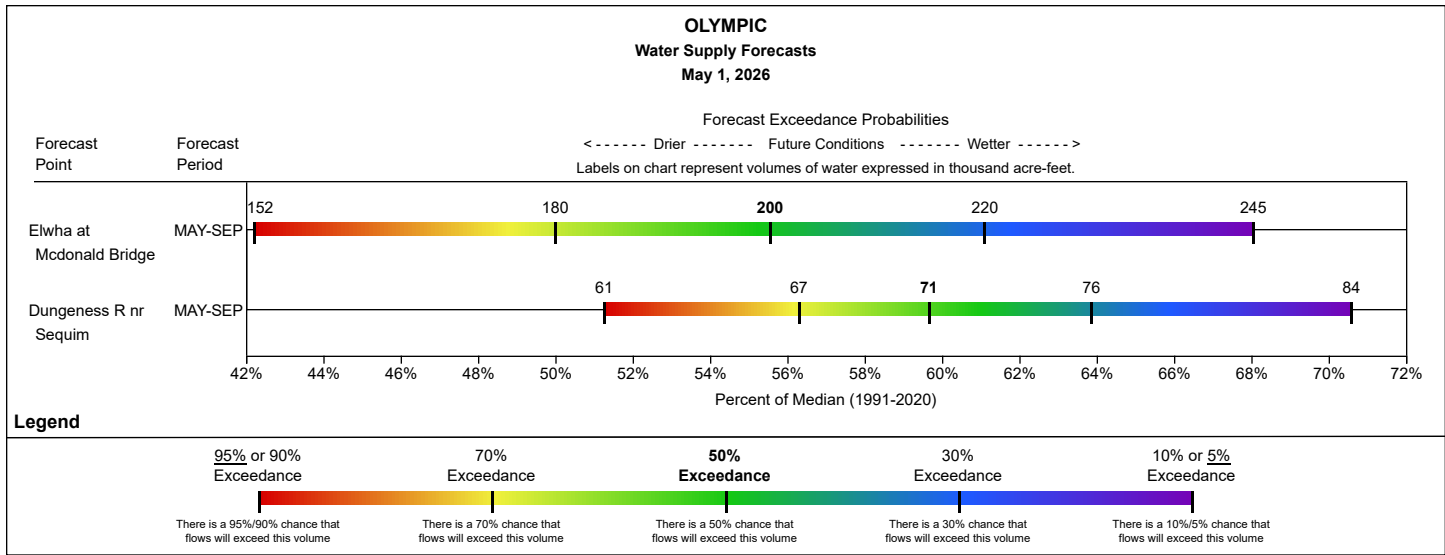
April precipitation is below normal at 51% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 92% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

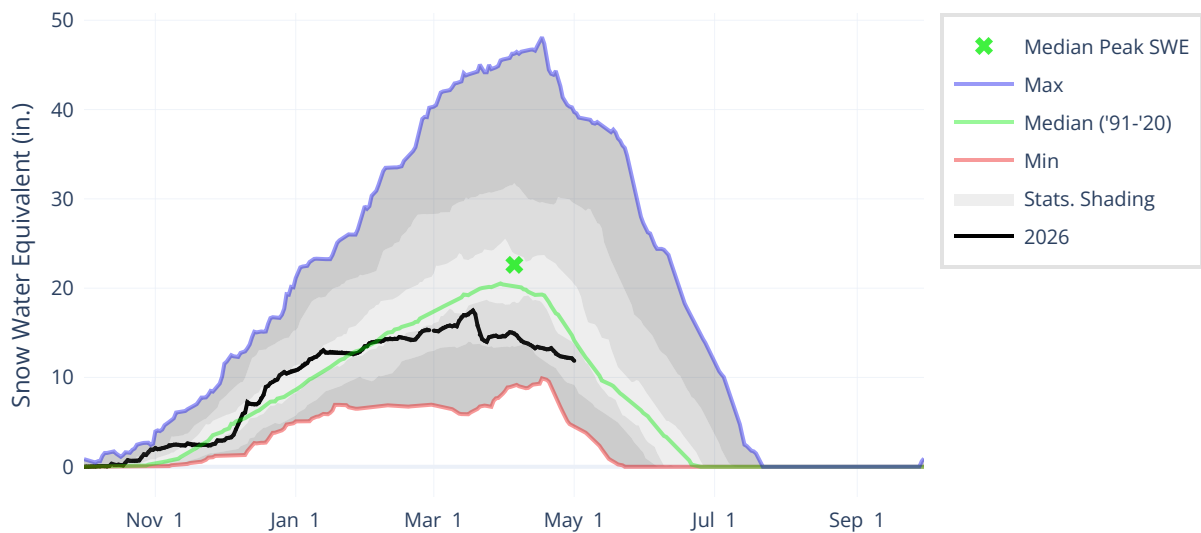
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 56% to 60% of median.
 For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Upper Columbia Basin Summary

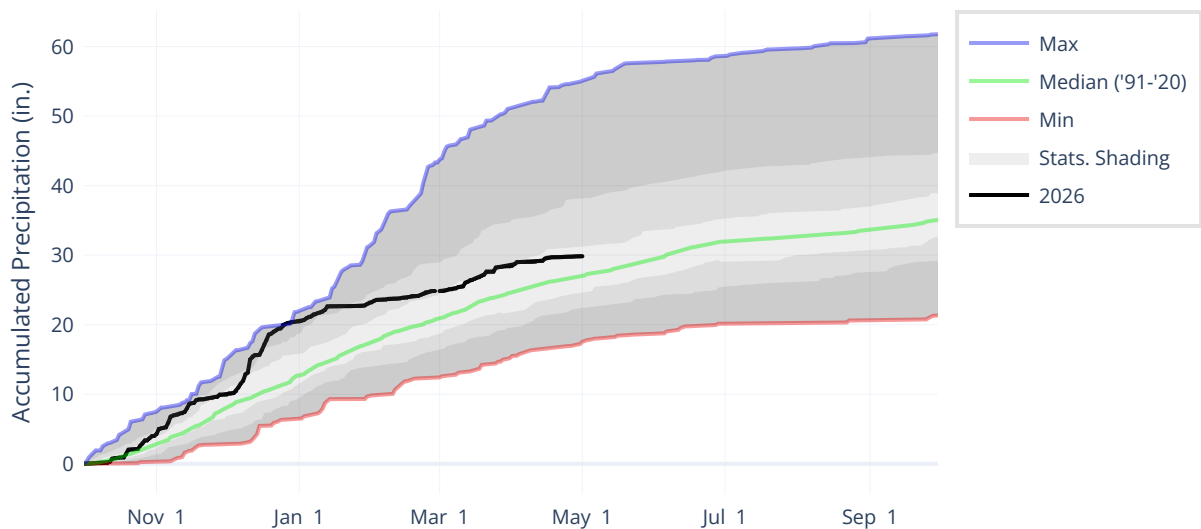
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 57% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 59% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is below normal at 58% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 110% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Conconully Reservoir is 69% of median.

Upper Columbia

Water Year 2026

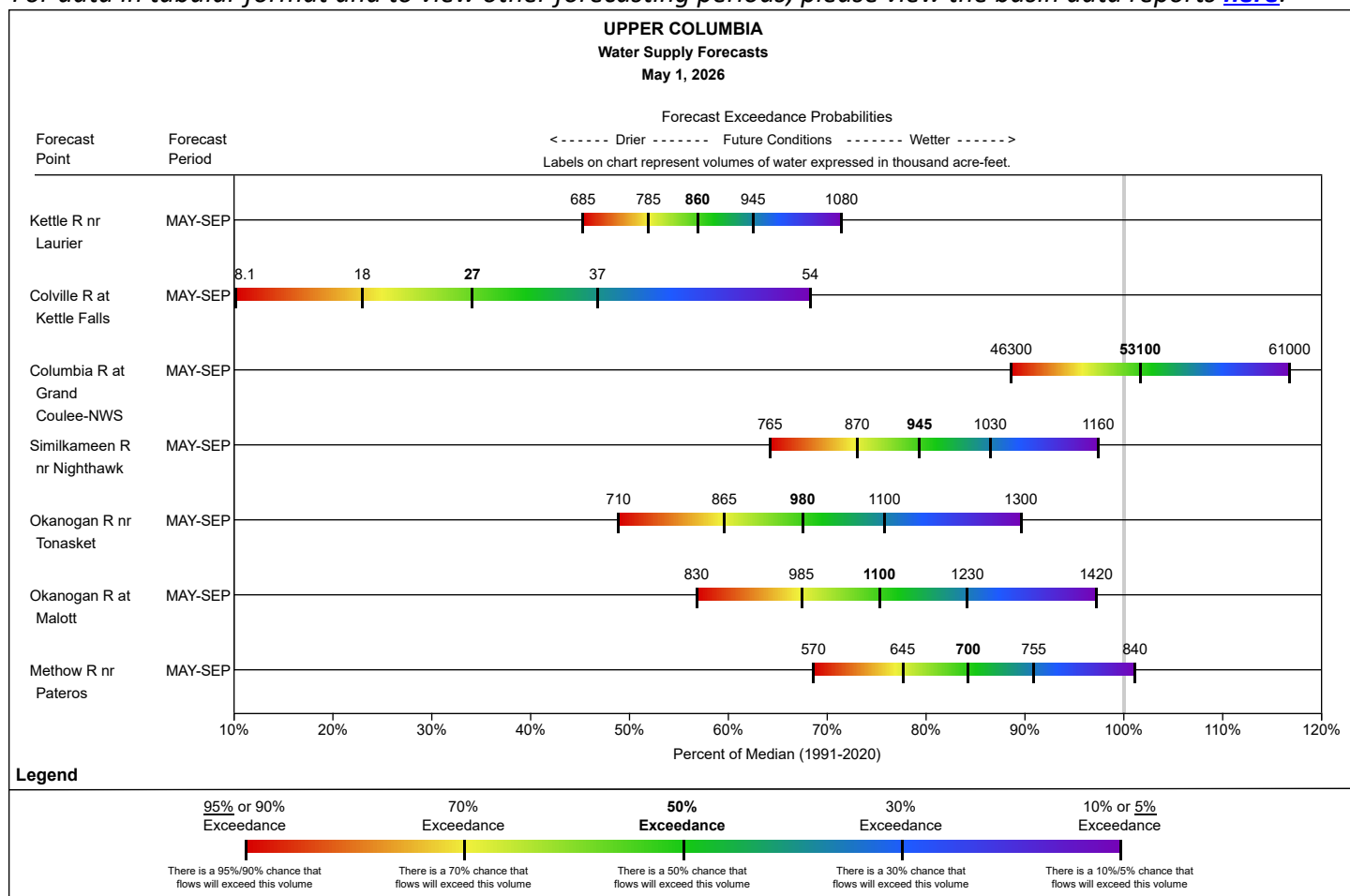
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Conconully Reservoir	2290	13	9	69	6.248	48	69
Basin Index						48	69

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

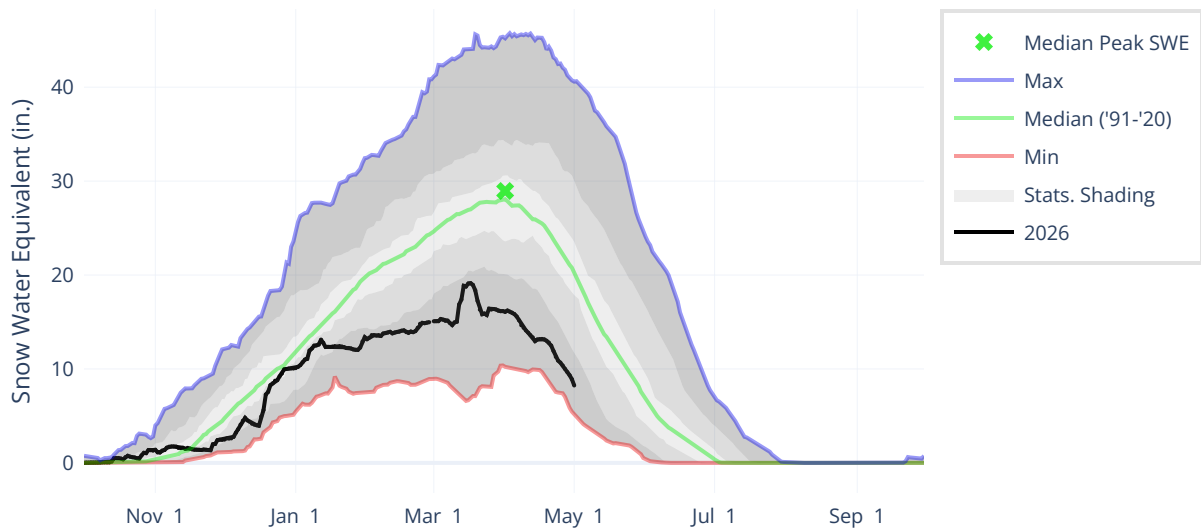
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 34% to 102% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Central Columbia Basin Summary

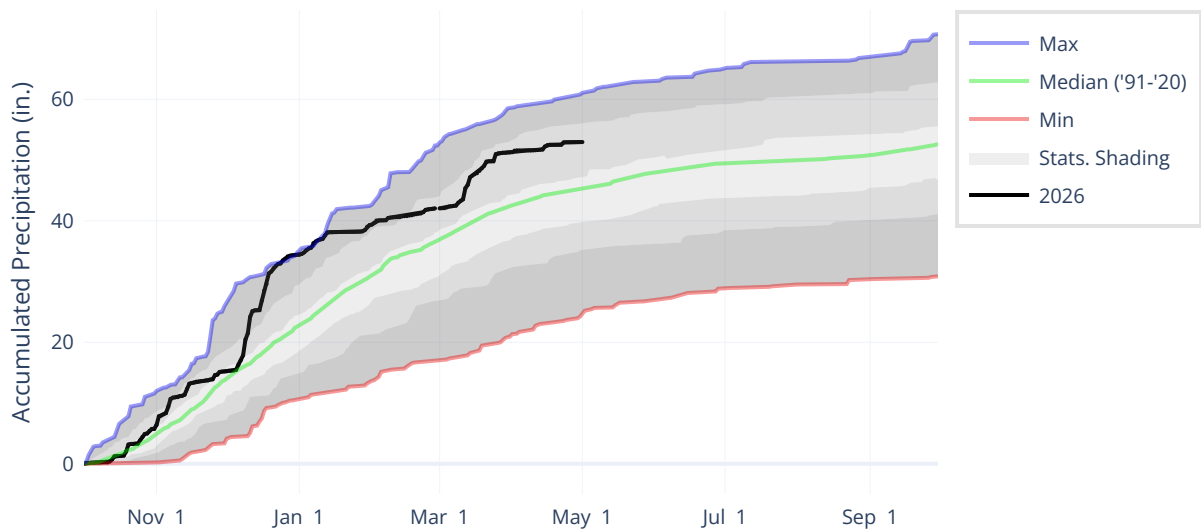
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 37% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 57% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is below normal at 63% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 117% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Lake Chelan is 149% of median.

Central Columbia

Water Year 2026

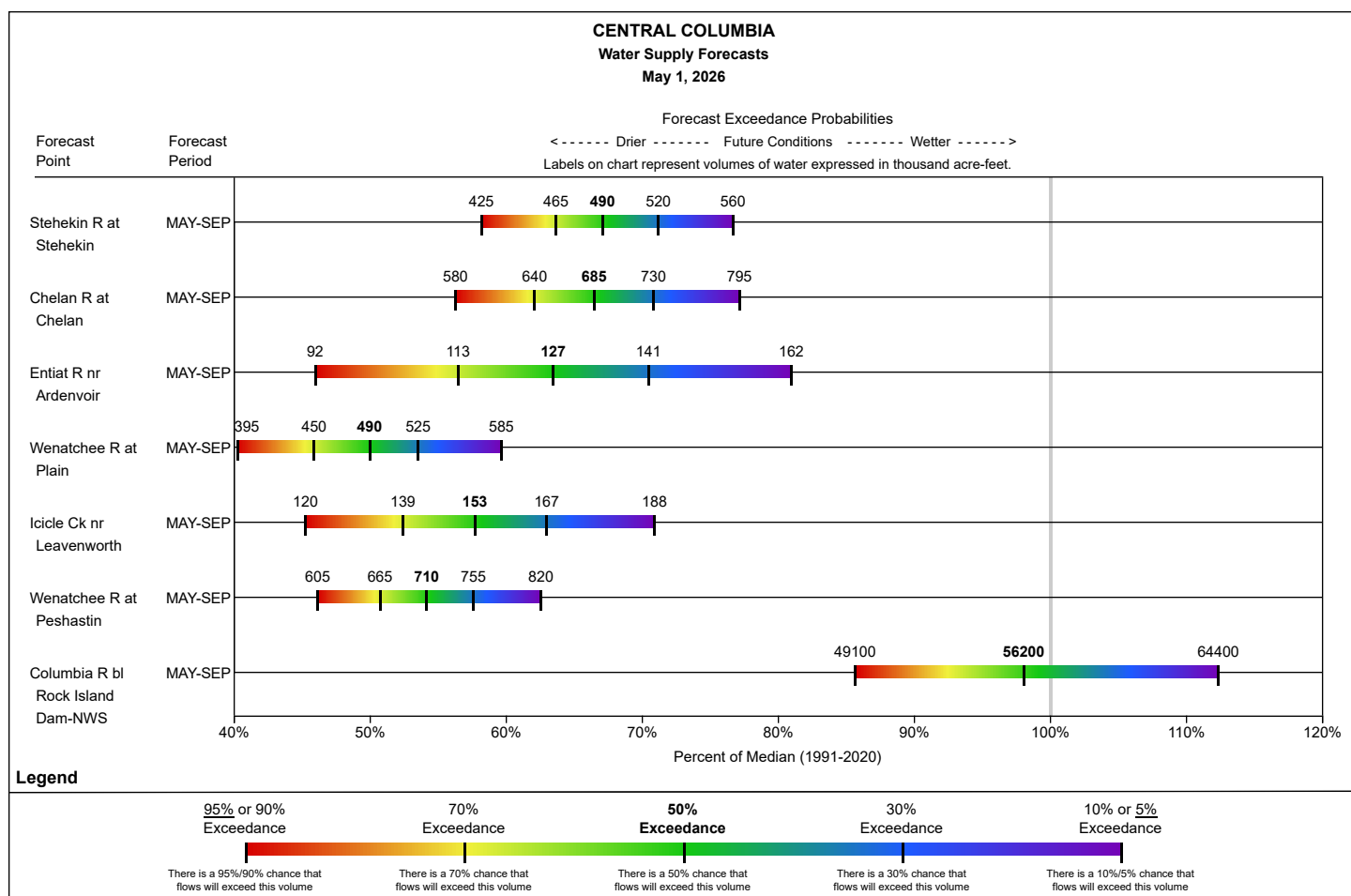
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Chelan	1090	676.1	291.7	43	435.4	64	149
Basin Index						64	149

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

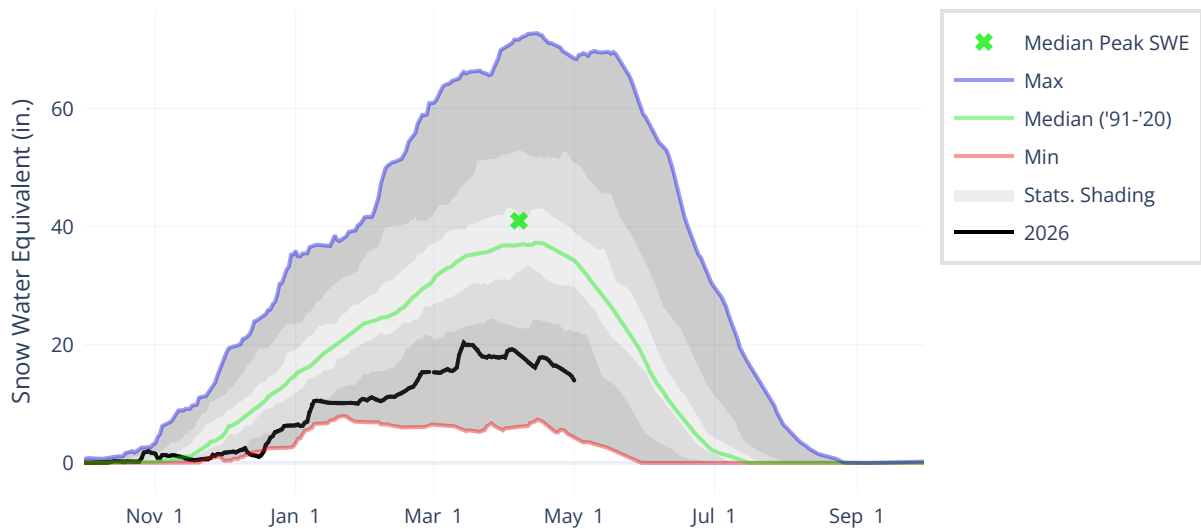
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 50% to 98% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Columbia Basin Summary

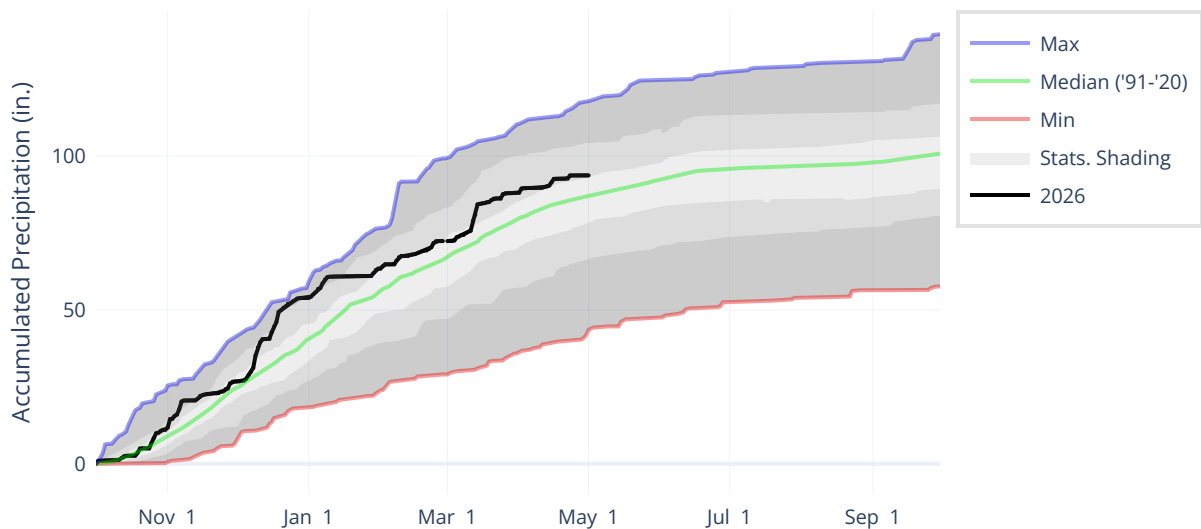
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 41% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 48% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is slightly below normal at 70% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 107% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Mayfield is 103% of median and Mossyrock Dam (Riffe Lk) is 100% of median.

Lower Columbia

Water Year 2026

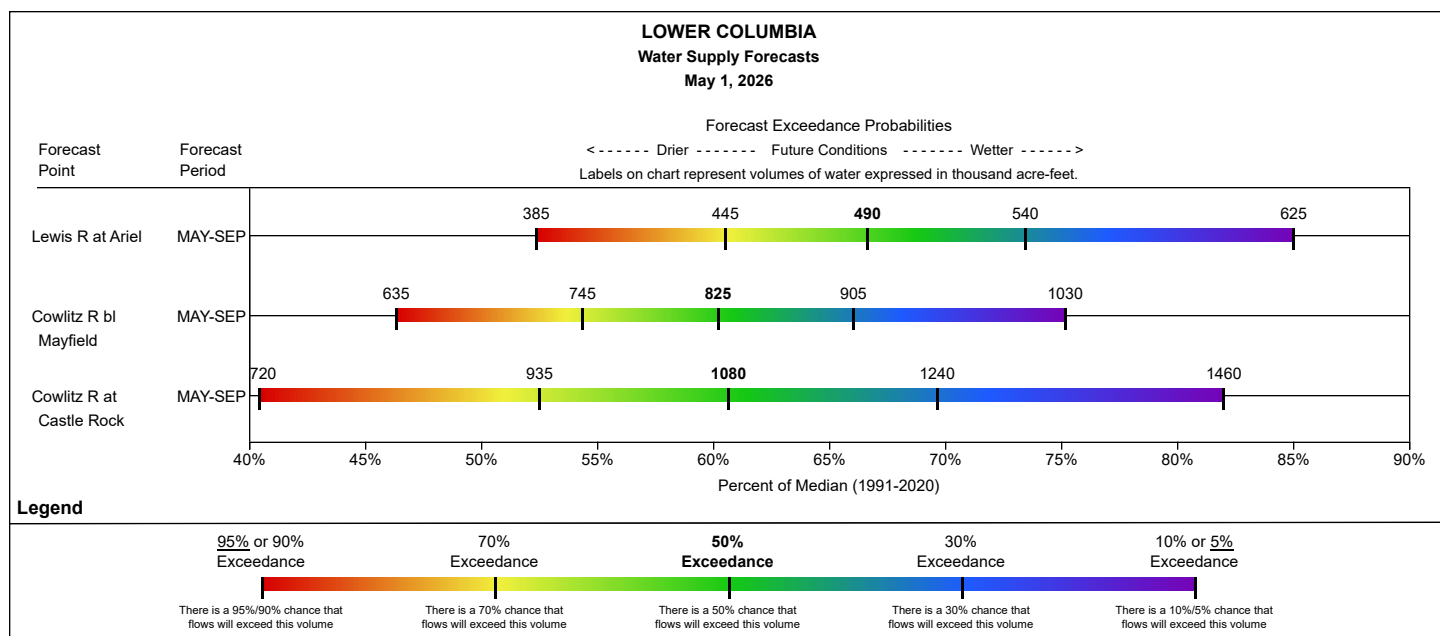
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Mayfield	430	133.718	128.2	96	132.006	99	103
Mossyrock Dam (Riffe Lk)	780	1298.002	969	75	964.8	74	100
Basin Index						77	100

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

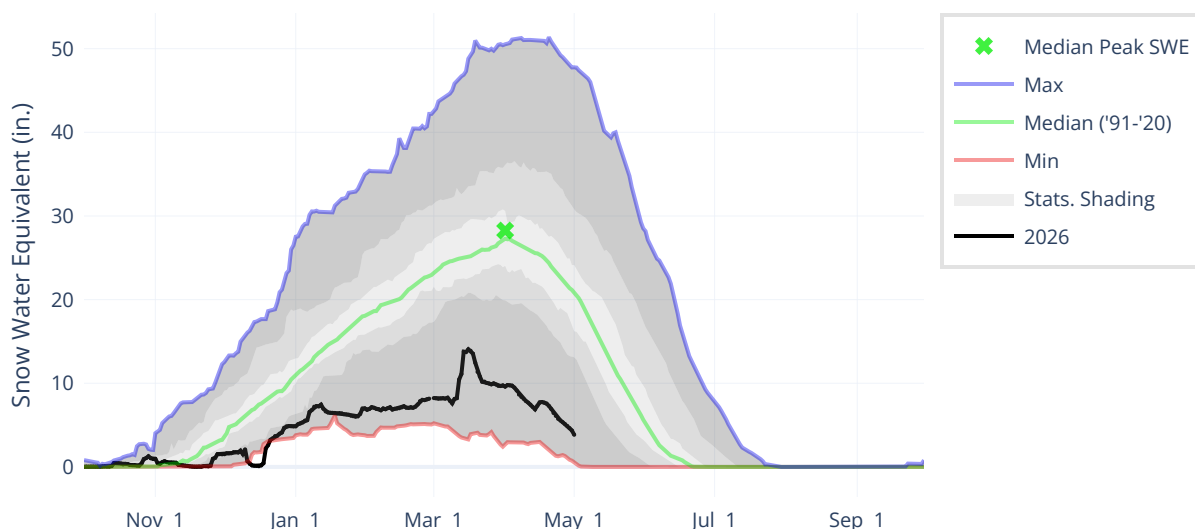
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 60% to 67% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Upper Yakima Basin Summary

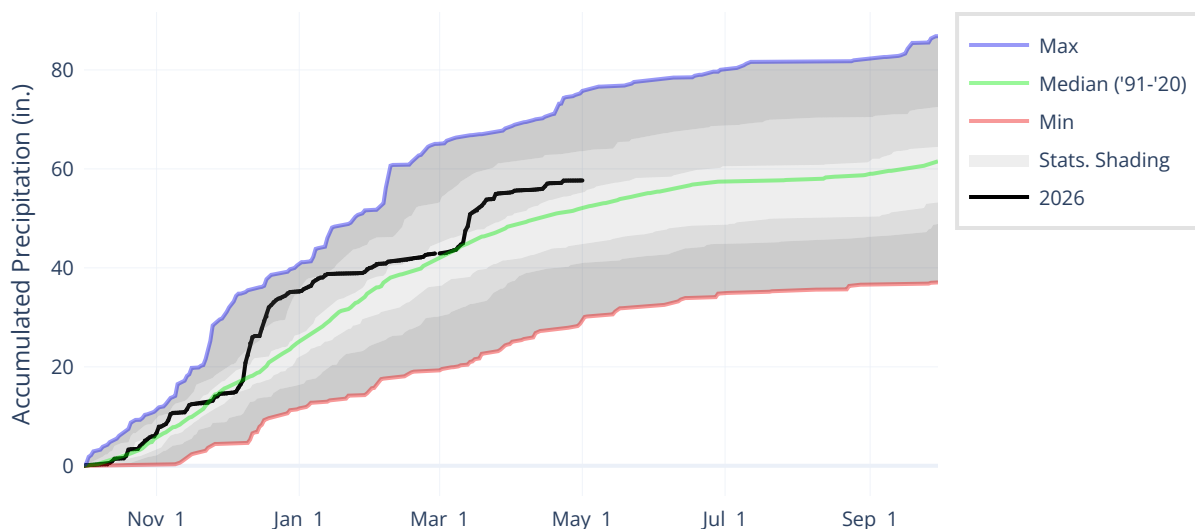
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 16% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 36% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is below normal at 64% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 111% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Cle Elum is 135% of median. Storage at Kachess is 106% of median, and storage at Keechelus is 125% of median.

Upper Yakima

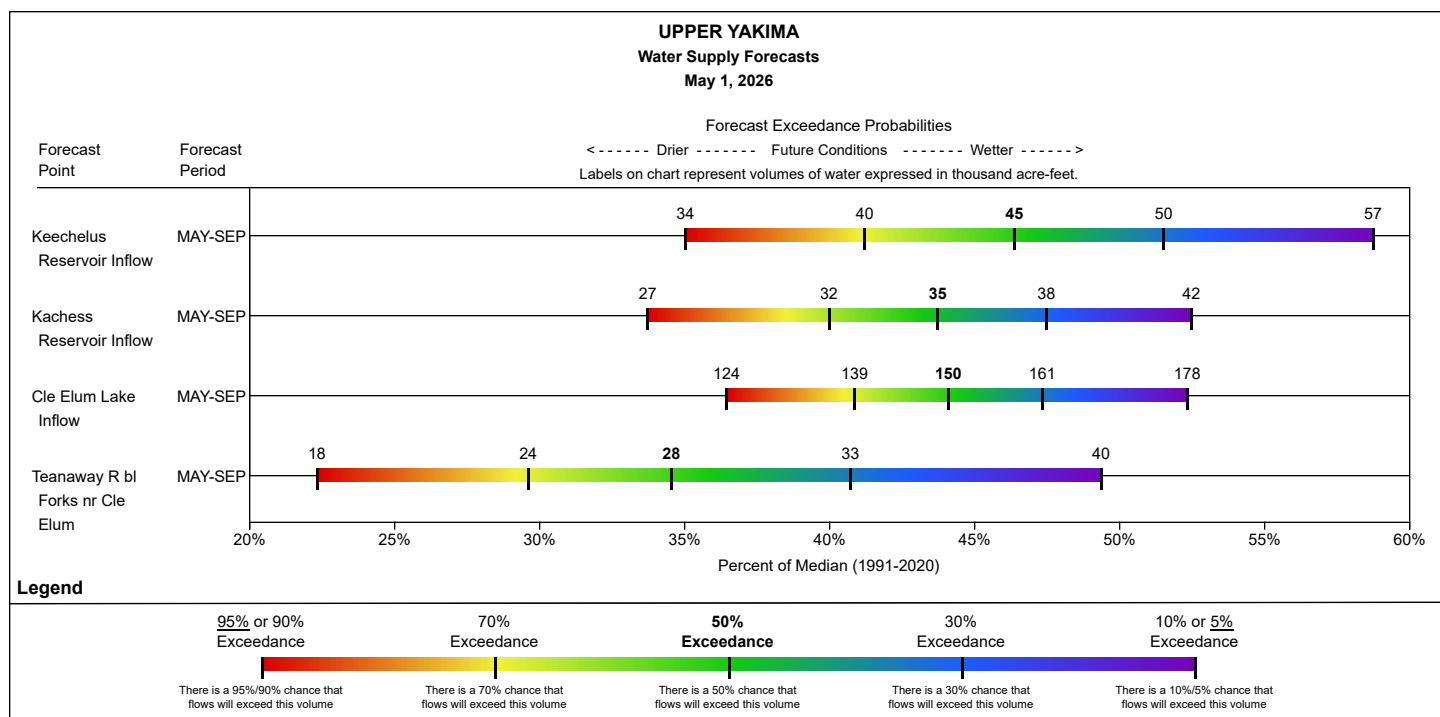
Water Year 2026

Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Cle Elum	2230	436.9	321.4	74	434.828	100	135
Kachess	2260	239	194	81	205.283	86	106
Keechelus	2520	157.9	123.7	78	154.66	98	125
Basin Index						95	124

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

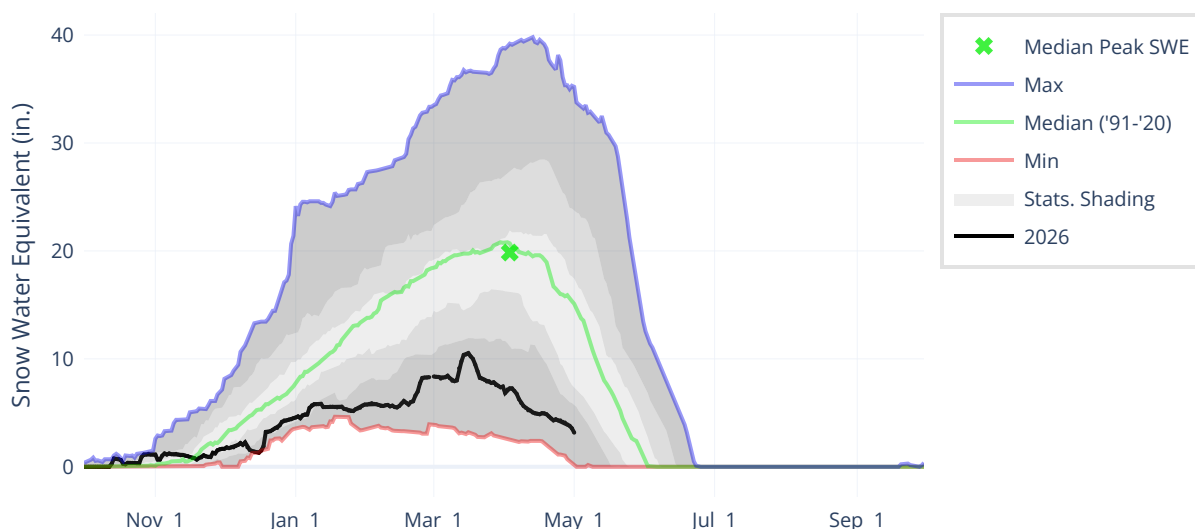
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 35% to 46% of median. For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Yakima Summary

SNOWPACK

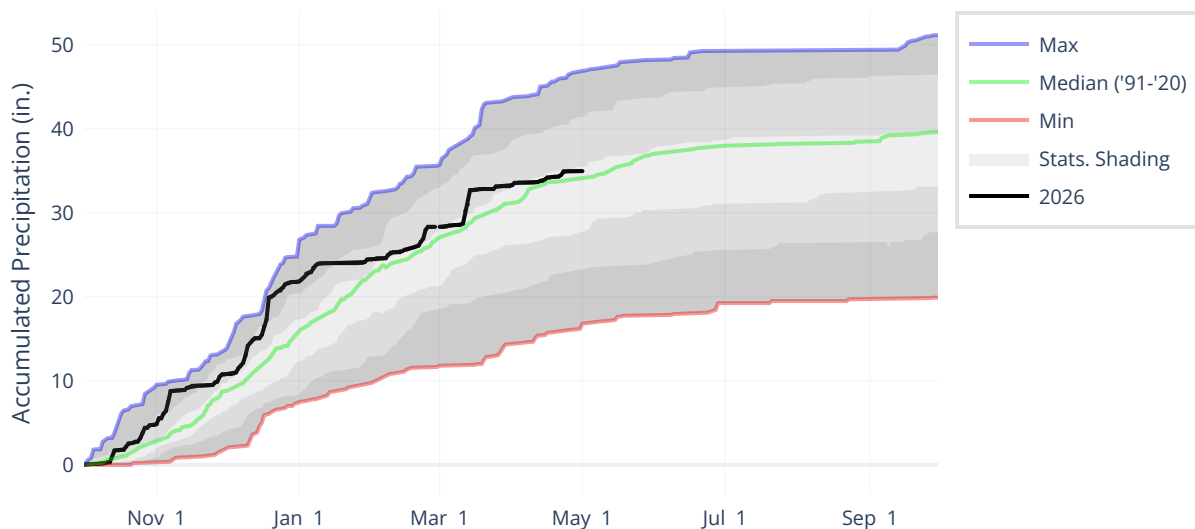


As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 31% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 41% of median.

The basin SWE index in the above plot reflects a SWE normal for Indian Rock SNOTEL that has since been deleted due to significant on-site disturbance.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is slightly below normal at 72% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 103% of median.

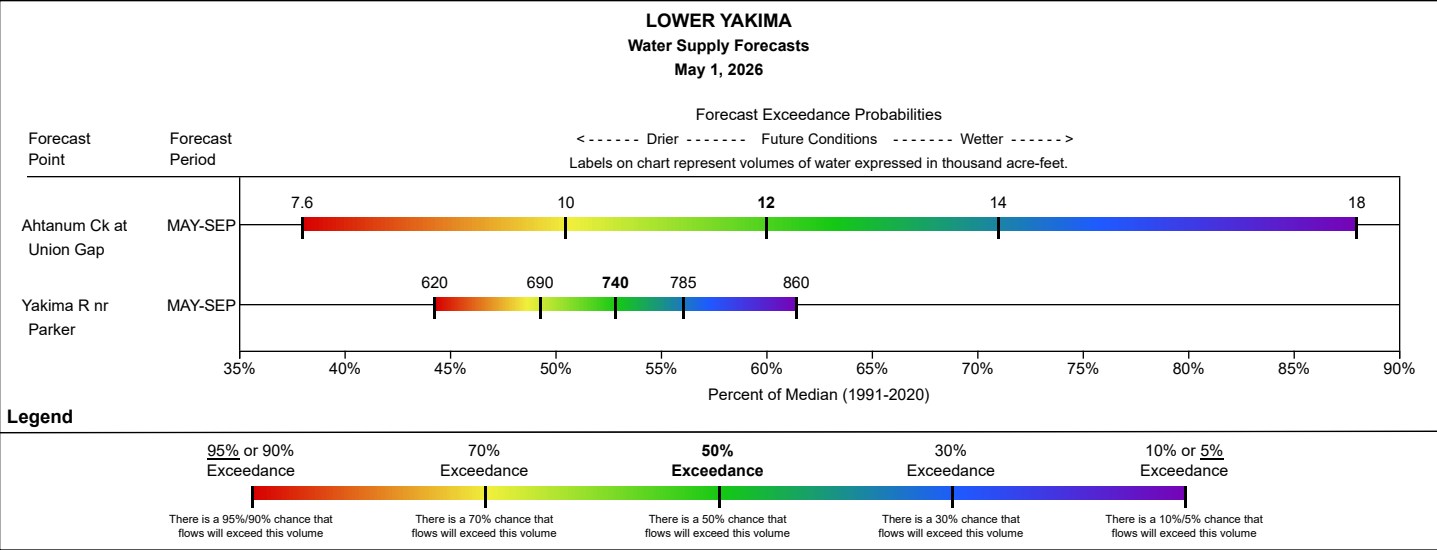
► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting Program

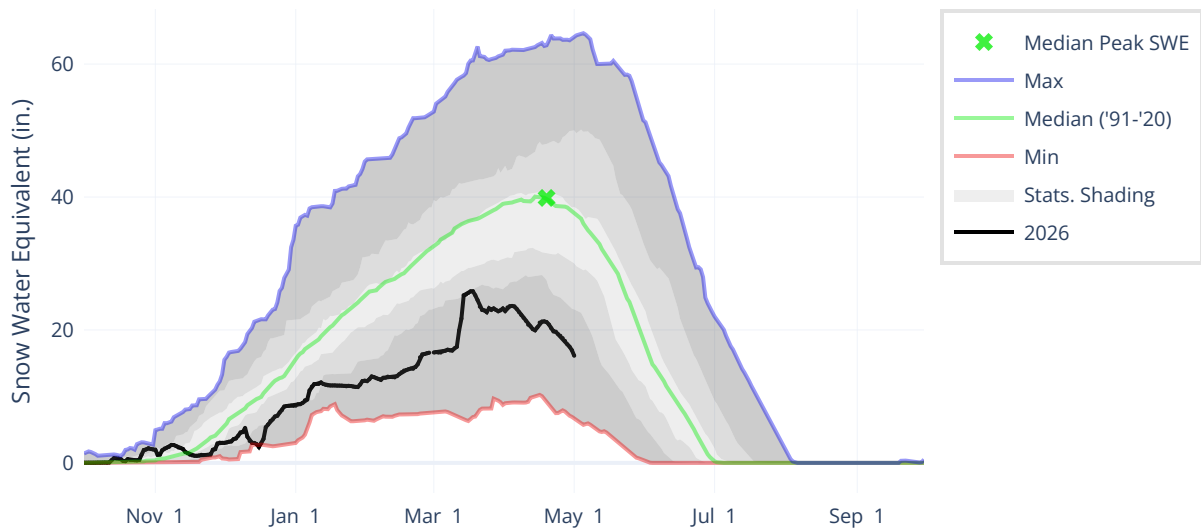
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 53% to 60% of median.
For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Naches Basin Summary

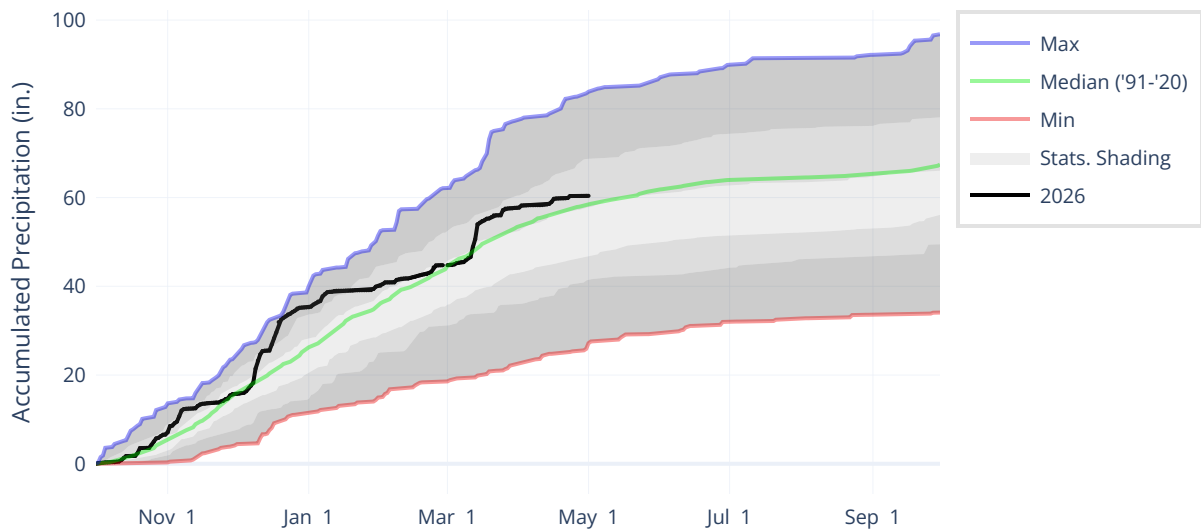
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 42% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 56% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is below normal at 56% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 109% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Bumping Lake is 154% of median and Rimrock is 117% of median.

Naches

Water Year 2026

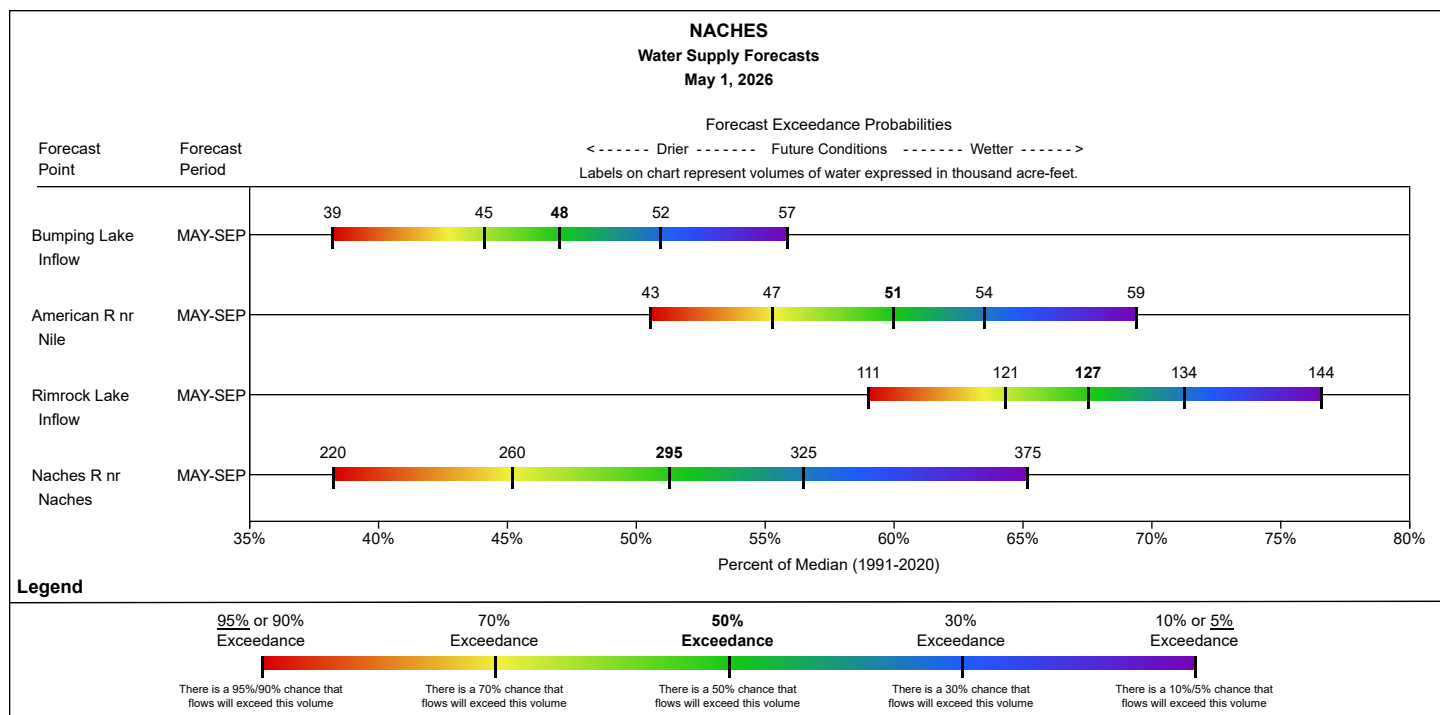
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Bumping Lake	3430	33.7	22	65	33.801	100	154
Rimrock	2930	198	166	84	193.836	98	117
Basin Index						98	121

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

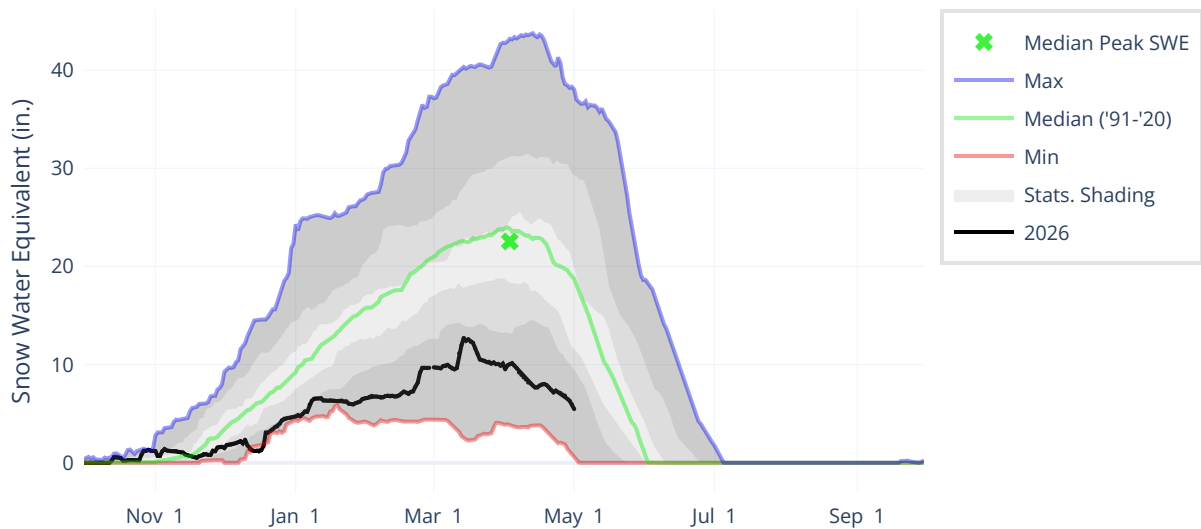
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 47% to 68% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Klickitat Basin Summary

SNOWPACK

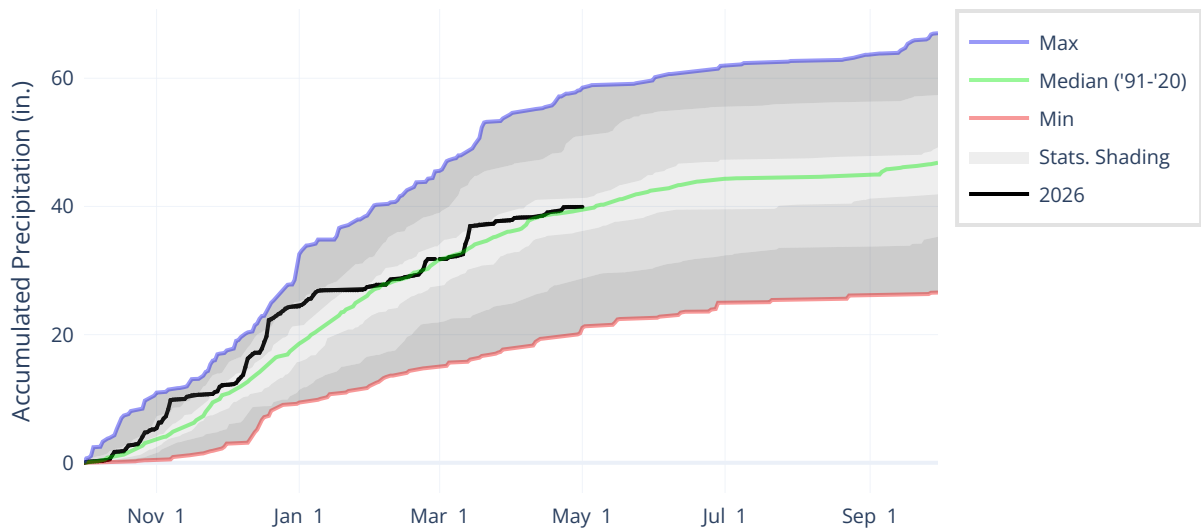


As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 39% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 48% of median.

The basin SWE index in the above plot reflects a SWE normal for Indian Rock SNOTEL that has since been deleted due to significant on-site disturbance.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is below normal at 64% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 101% of median.

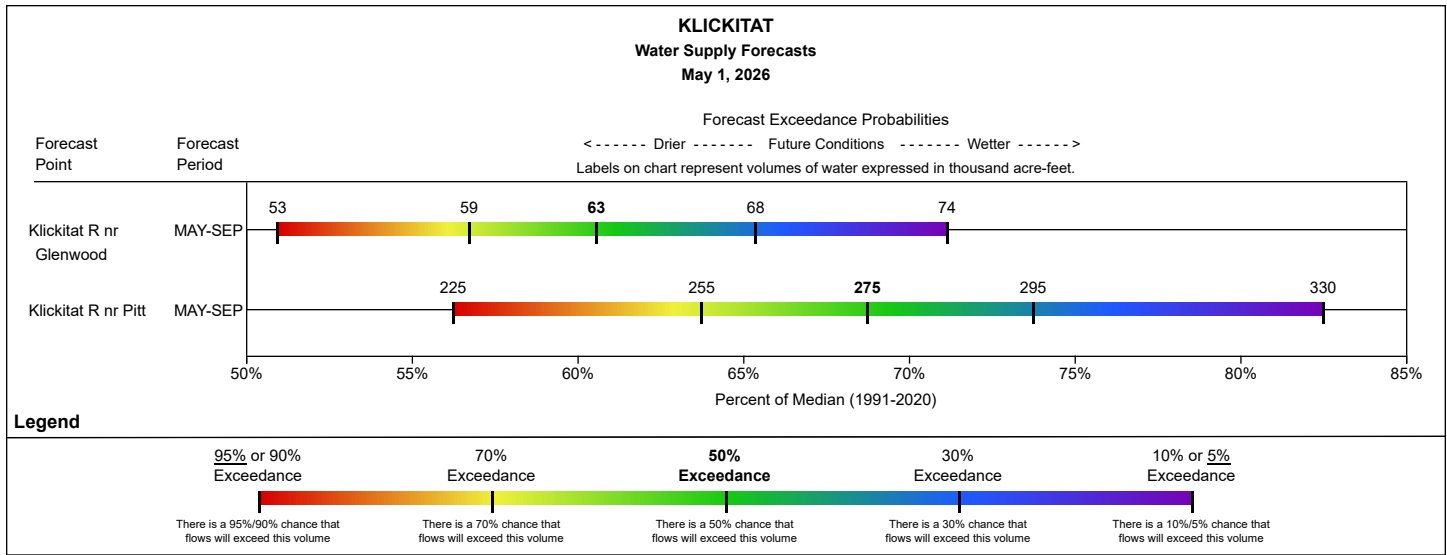
► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting Program

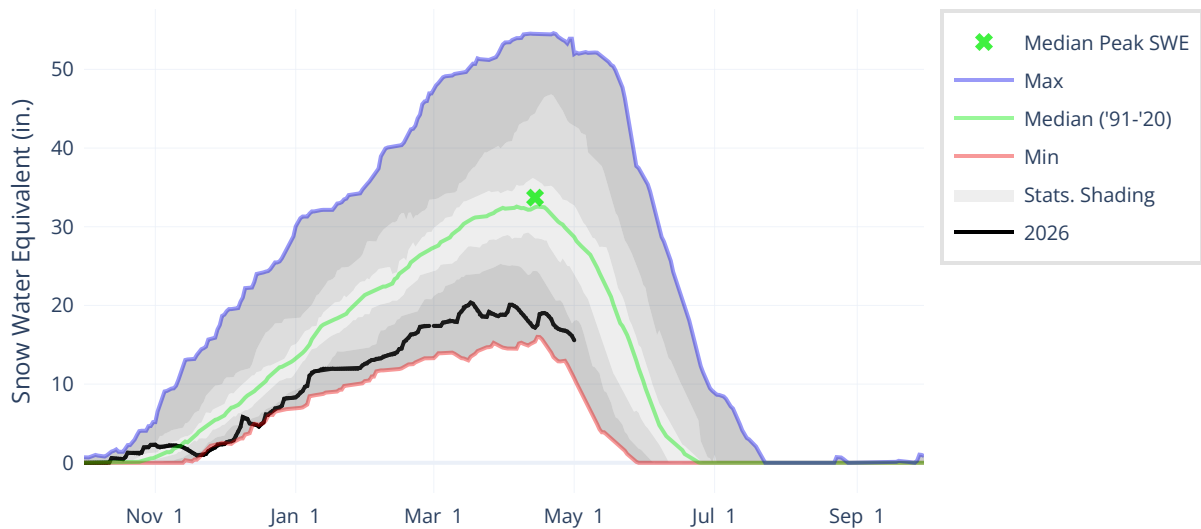
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 61% to 69% of median.
For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Pend Oreille Basin Summary

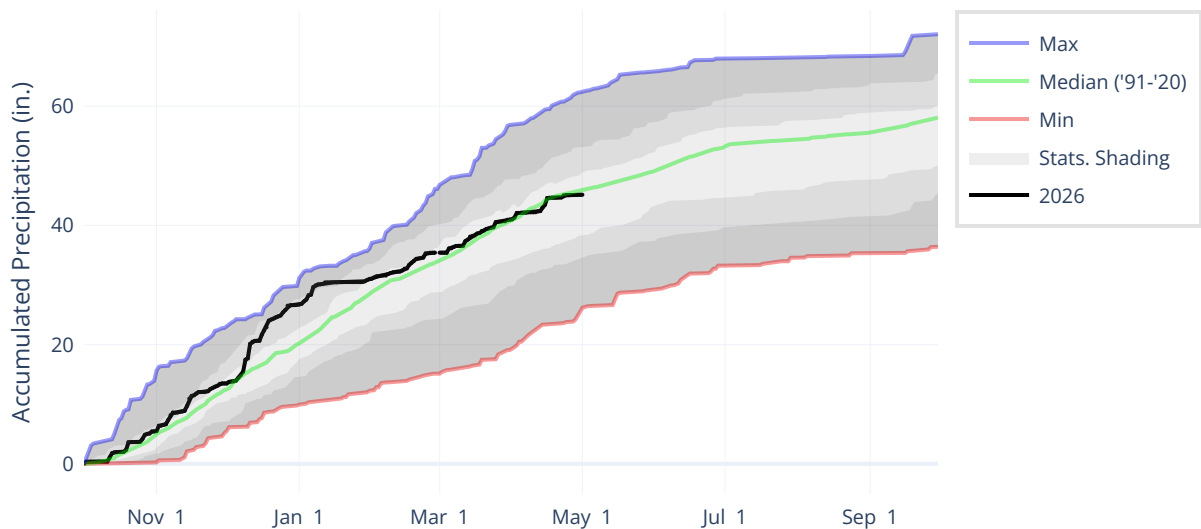
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 49% of median. This is higher than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 45% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is near normal at 92% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 98% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Lake Pend Oreille is 91% of median and Priest Lake is 125% of median.

Lower Pend Oreille

Water Year 2026

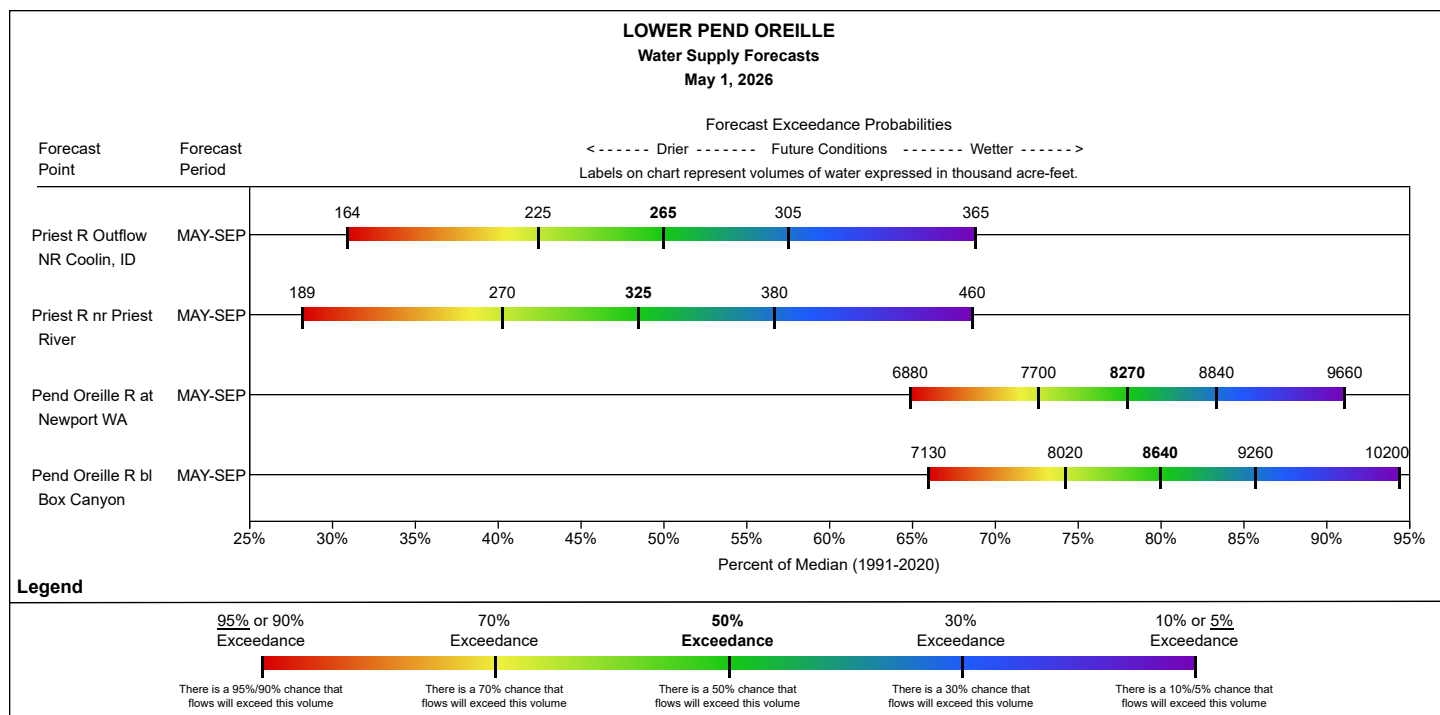
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Pend Oreille	2060	1561.3	925	59	841.133	54	91
Priest Lake	2440	119.3	99.2	83	123.554	104	125
Basin Index						57	94

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

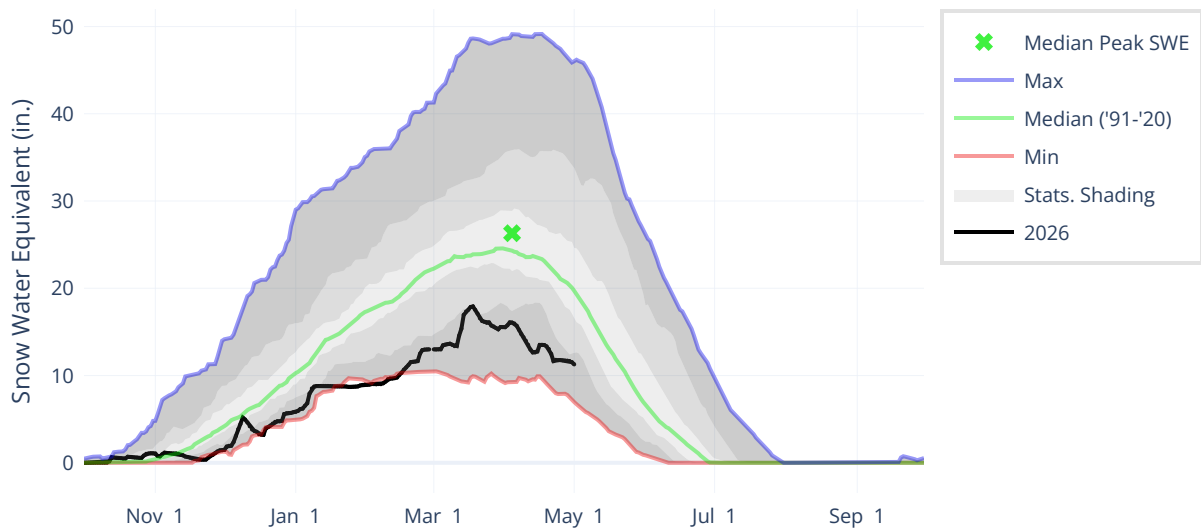
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 49% to 80% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Spokane Basin Summary

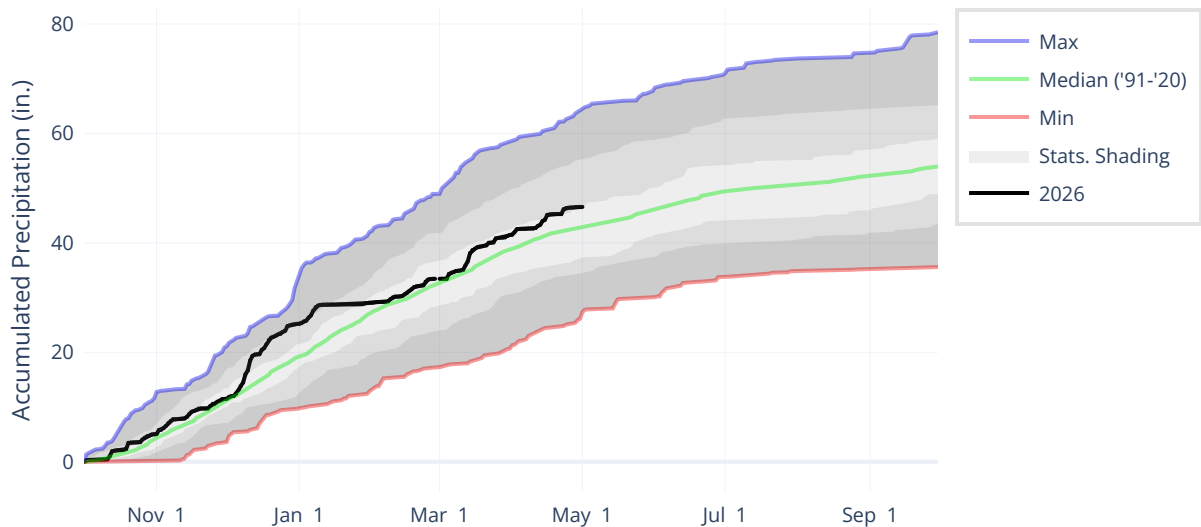
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 50% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 56% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is slightly above normal at 118% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 109% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Lake Coeur d' Alene is 108% of median.

Spokane

Water Year 2026

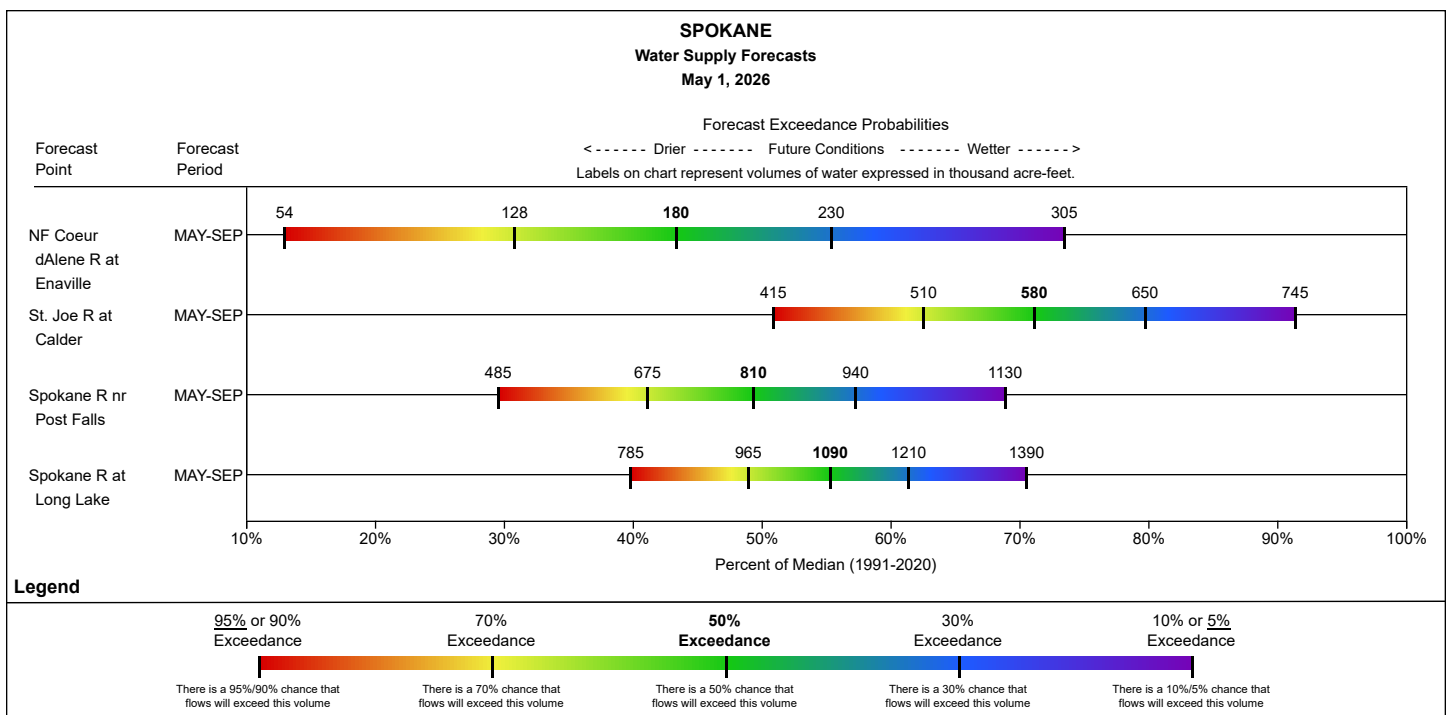
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Coeur d' Alene	2130	238.5	210.3	88	227.3	95	108
Basin Index						95	108

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

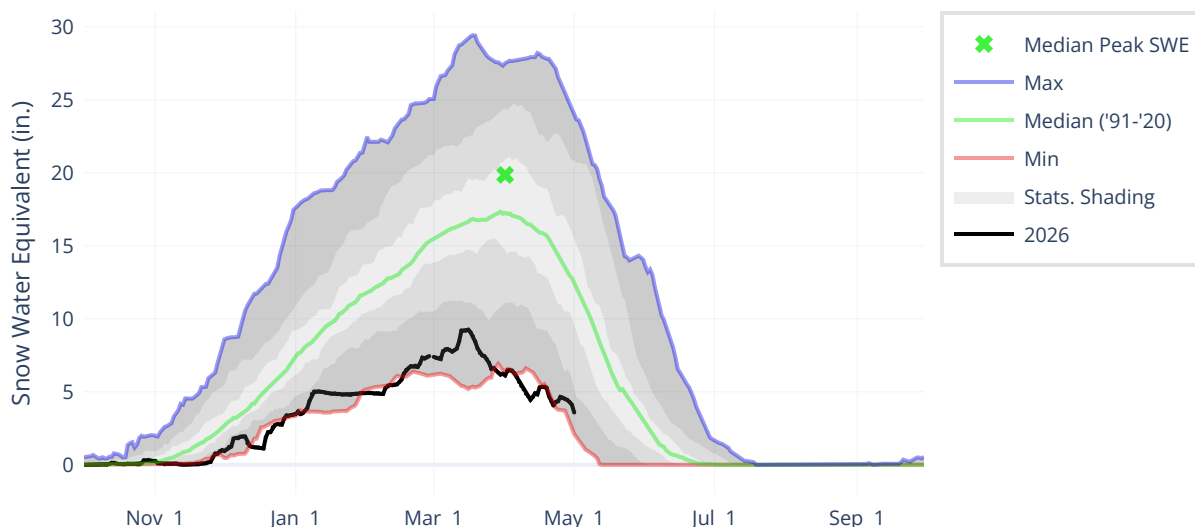
The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 43% to 71% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Snake-Walla Walla Basin Summary

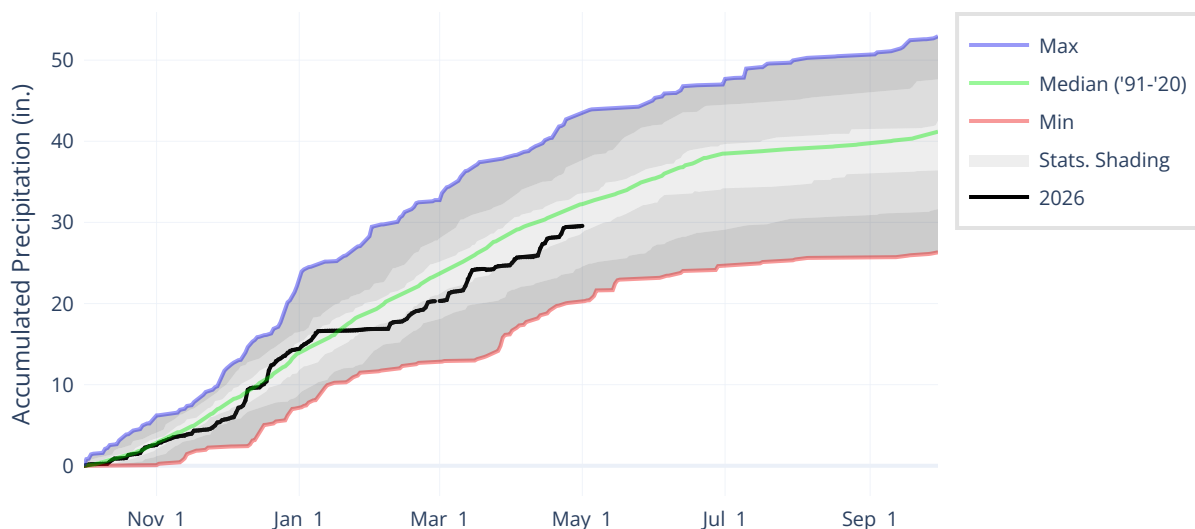
SNOWPACK



As of May 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 34% of median. This is lower than April 1 when the basin snowpack was 45% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



April precipitation is slightly above normal at 126% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - May 1) is 92% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of May 1, storage at Wallowa Lake is 112% of median.

Lower Snake-Walla Walla

Water Year 2026

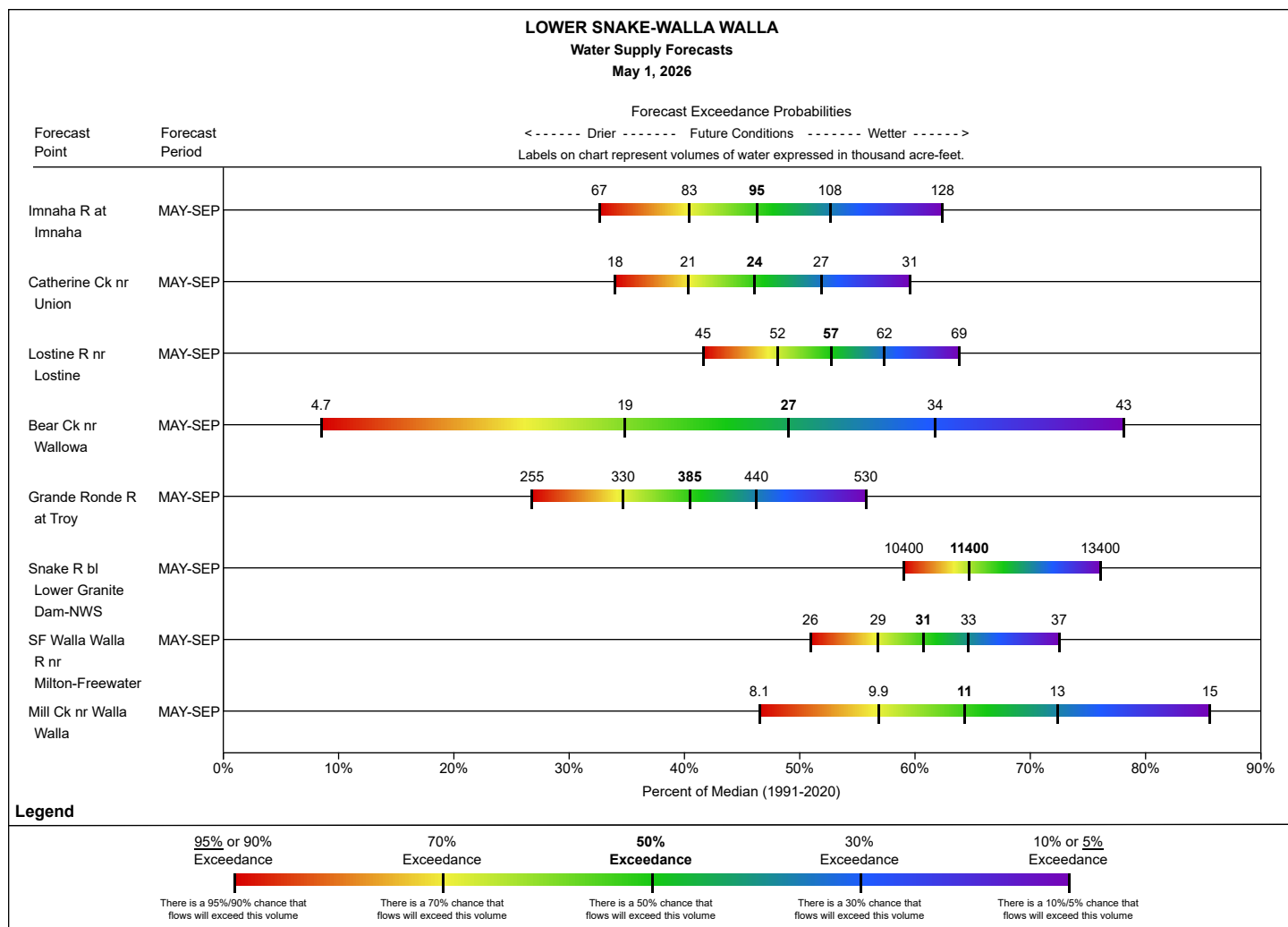
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Wallowa Lake	4380	37.5	21	56	23.622	63	112
Basin Index						63	112

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The May through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 41% to 65% of median.

To view data in tabular format, other forecast periods, and the forecast for Asotin Ck at Asotin, please view the basin data report [here](#).



Additional Resources

[Snow Survey & Water Supply Forecasting](#)

[Development and Interpretation of Water Supply Forecasts](#)

[User Guide to Forecast Charts](#)

For more water supply and resource management information, contact:

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This publication can be found online at:

[Washington | Snow Survey & Water Supply Program](#)

<https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/washington/snow-survey>

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