

Washington Water Supply Outlook Report

April 1, 2026



Bonaparte Lake in Okanogan County where snowpack at Lost Lake snow course was measured at 0% of normal. In a normal year the snow course would be holding 6.4 inches of SWE during the April 1 survey.

Source: Bri Patterson, Snow Surveyor, USDA-NRCS Cultural Resource Specialist (March 31, 2026)

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Summary

Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) statewide for April 1, 2026 is at 52% of normal. With nearly all Snow Telemetry (SNOTEL) network stations reaching their peak snow accumulation date (on or around April 1 most typically), the peak season for accumulating snowpack has passed. As of April 1, 14 SNOTEL stations and snow courses in Washington were at record low SWE and 9 were at the 2nd lowest SWE for their period of record. Basin SWE conditions across the state are variable but 9 basins are well below normal (less than 50% median SWE for this date) with the Upper Yakima and Olympic basins recording the lowest values at 36% and 35% SWE respectively. 4 basins are below normal (50-69% range in median SWE) and the North Puget Sound basin is slightly below normal with a SWE of 70%.

As of April 1, overall lack of snow in the mountains is significantly influencing Water Supply Forecasts (WSFs). Although all basins in Washington have received near normal to above normal precipitation for the Water Year To Date (WYTD, Oct. 1 to Sept. 30), a snow drought (defined here) persists through most basins in Washington. With the current snowpack deficit expected to persist through spring, most basins in Washington can expect to see below normal to slightly below normal runoff. Having reached the peak snow accumulation date for most locations in Washington, the April 1 forecasts are showing more certainty in the relationship between current conditions and expected streamflow in late spring to early summer. Snowmelt in spring and early summer provide much of the water supply statewide for many different users and purposes. Forecasts of expected runoff assist water users and managers plan for conditions they may expect during peak summer usage.

**Note that basin conditions outlined in this report include data from stations within the SNOTEL and SNOLITE network, and/or cooperator weather stations.*

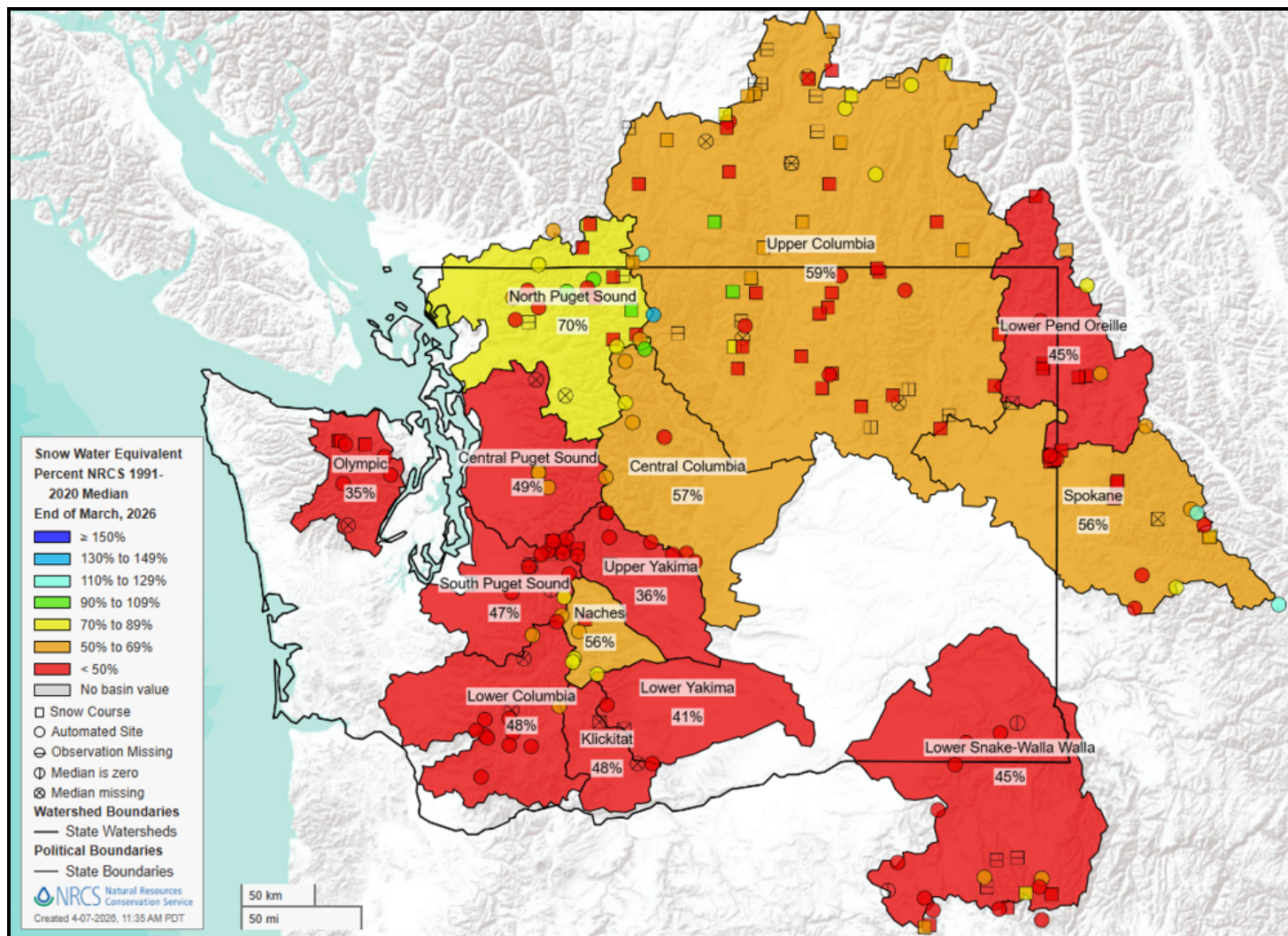


Devil's Park snow course (left) at 95% of normal SWE and Baird snow course (right) at 0% of normal SWE. In a normal year, Baird snow course would be holding 6.8 inches of SWE during the April 1 survey.

Source: (left) Toby Rodgers, NRCS Hydrologist (March 27, 2026) and (right) Bobby Burken, NRCS GIS Specialist and Snow Surveyor (March 30, 2026).

Snow Water Equivalent

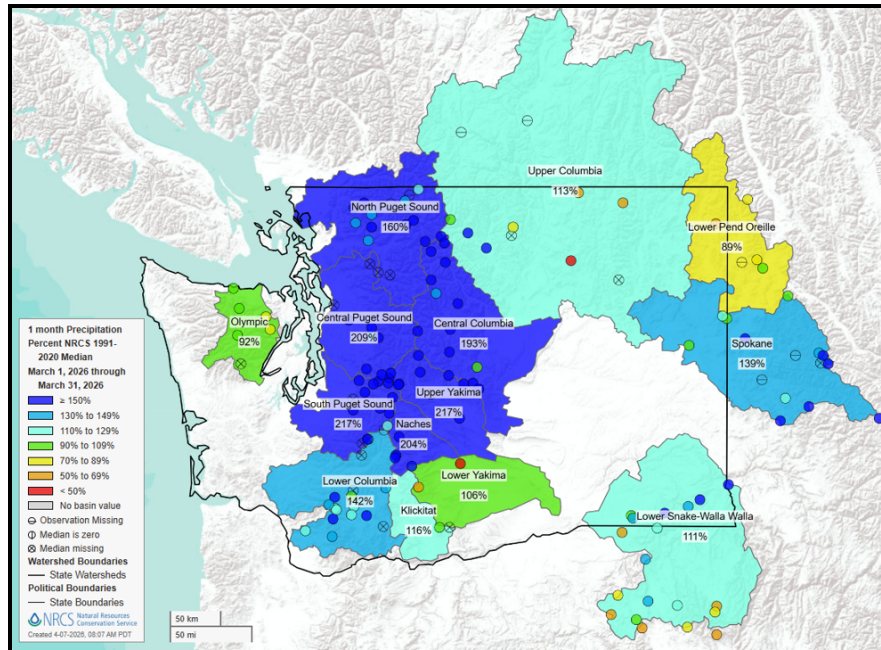
Statewide snowpack (reported as snow water equivalent, or SWE) varies basin by basin but is generally below normal to well below normal as of April 1. The exception is in the North Puget Sound basin which is slightly below normal. Some SNOTEL stations and snow courses at higher elevations near Ross Lake and Washington Pass retained near normal to slightly above normal snowpack. However, the majority of SNOTEL stations and snow courses from the Olympic Peninsula to eastern Washington recorded below normal to well below normal snowpack for the WYTD. What is snow water equivalent? [Click here to find out more.](#)



Basin snowpack (% of median) as of April 1.

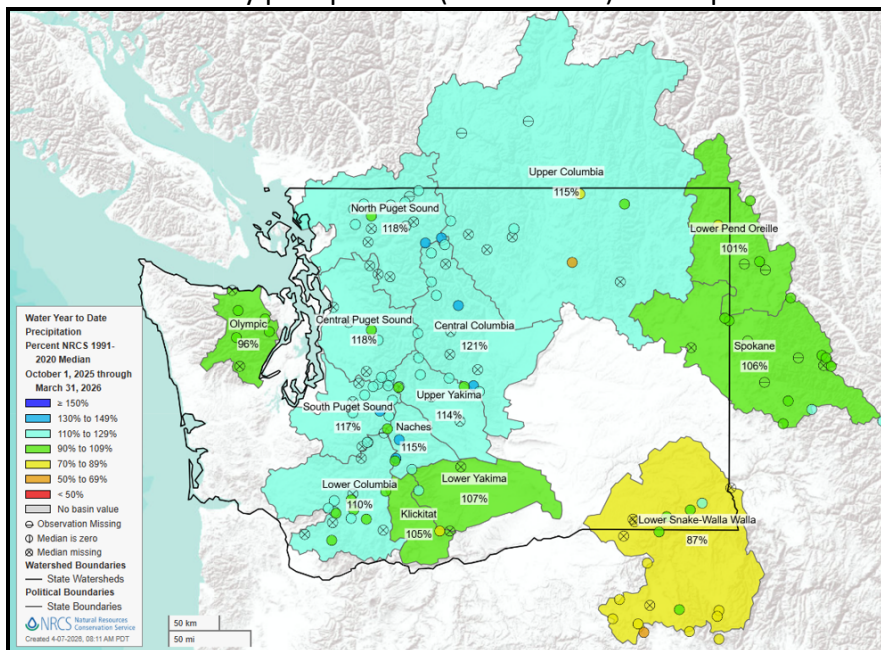
Precipitation

Statewide precipitation stands at 110% of normal WYTD as of April 1. WYTD precipitation is variable across the state ranging from slightly below normal in the he Lower Snake-Walla Walla basin to near normal or above normal for all other basins. Well above normal rainfall amounts in March (158% of normal statewide) contributed to increased reservoir storage and current streamflow conditions. The Lower Pend Oreille basin received slightly below normal precipitation in March while all other basins received near normal to well above normal precipitation.



Monthly

Basin monthly precipitation (% of normal) as of April 1

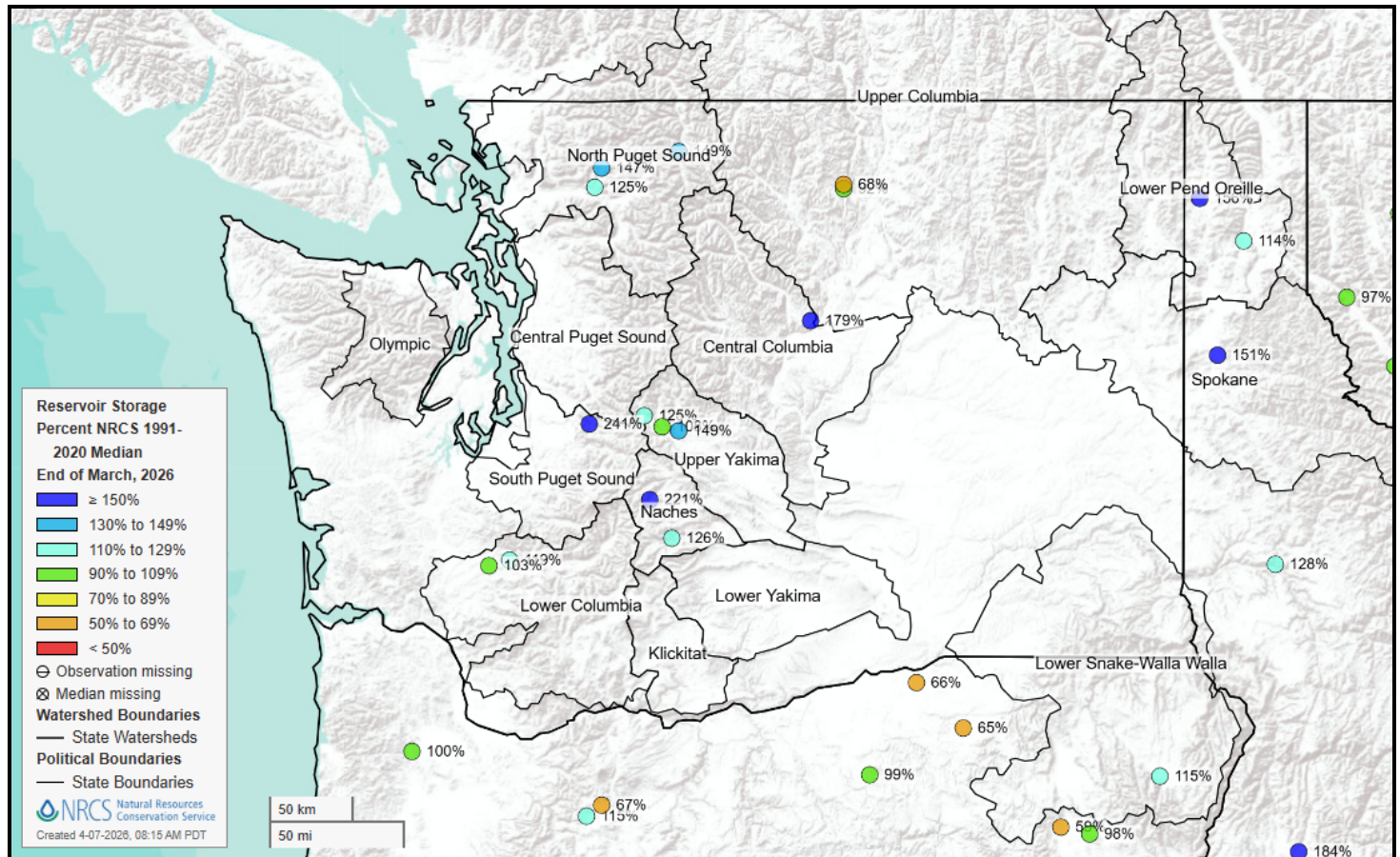


Water Year

Basin water-year precipitation (% of normal) as of April 1

Reservoirs

Volumetric reservoir storage at the beginning of April across Washington is generally near normal to above normal. Volumetric storage is different than reservoir storage as a percent of capacity. To view current storage as a percent of capacity, use this link. Reservoir operators account for a variety of factors when choosing to store or release water, including flooding, irrigation, fisheries, and other water needs. These management needs may impact current reservoir storage values especially as compared to normal values for the same period time period.

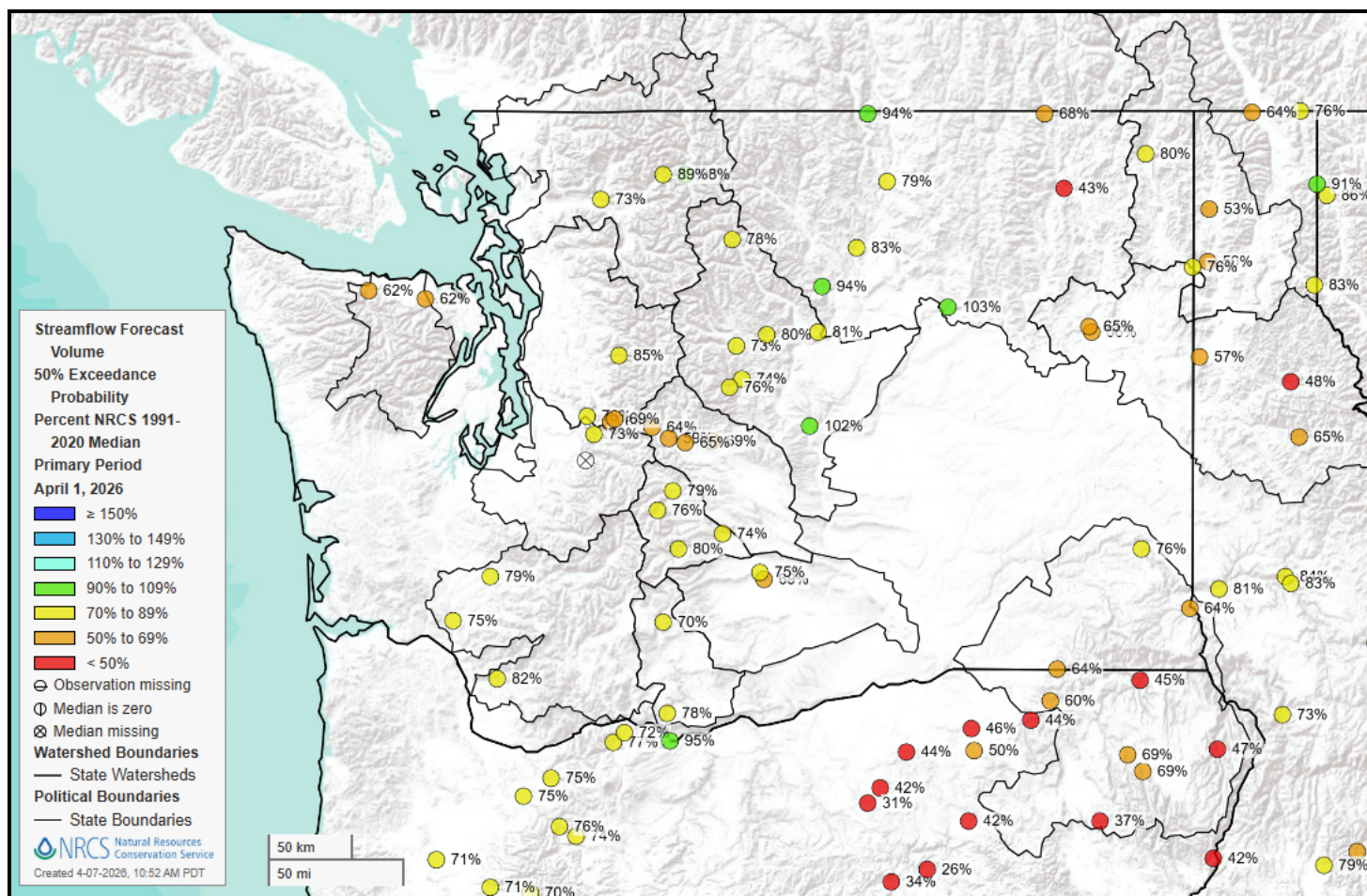


Reservoir storage (% of normal) as of April 1

Streamflow and Forecasts

Water Supply Forecasts (WSF) for April 1 (based on 50%-exceedance predictions) for most of Washington are generally below normal to slightly below normal. Exceptions are found in eastern North Puget Sound basin and a few locations in the Upper and Central Columbia where streamflow forecasts are for normal conditions. Below normal forecasts are expected for the Colville River and North Fork Coeur d'Alene River. With peak snow accumulation throughout the state typically on or about April 1, current snowpack conditions are not expected to improve through the remainder of Spring. It is likely forecasts for basins in Washington will fall below the normal mark with the May 1 and June 1 forecasts. For water users that require more conservative estimates of water availability, using the 70% or 90%-exceedance predictions may be prudent in planning for a below normal water year.

View the map for March observed streamflow [here](#).



Streamflow forecasts (% of normal) for the primary period as of April 1

Drought

As of April 2nd, 2% of the state (southeast corner of Washington) is in severe drought (D2), 38% is in moderate drought (D1), and 25% of the state is experiencing abnormally dry conditions (D0). The abnormally dry areas are in the eastern Olympic Mountains and across the Central Cascades and eastern slopes of the North Cascades. The area extends into central Washington and further east to the Idaho border. Moderate drought conditions are noted throughout most areas of eastern Washington from the Oregon border north to the Canadian border.

U.S. Drought Monitor Washington

March 31, 2026

(Released Thursday, Apr. 2, 2026)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	34.54	65.46	37.96	2.27	0.00	0.00
Last Week <i>03-24-2026</i>	34.54	65.46	37.11	2.27	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago <i>12-30-2025</i>	21.61	78.39	39.31	12.80	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <i>01-06-2026</i>	34.96	65.04	23.89	2.63	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year <i>09-30-2025</i>	0.00	100.00	100.00	79.66	25.40	0.10
One Year Ago <i>04-01-2025</i>	65.29	34.71	22.29	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

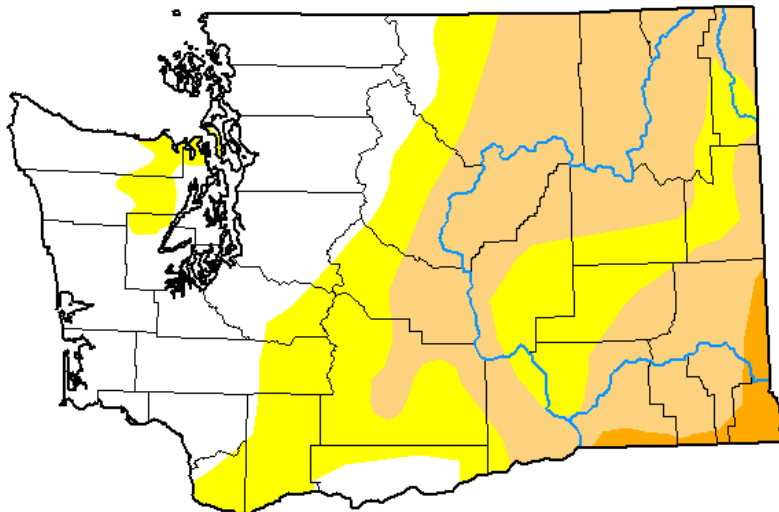
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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Western Regional Climate Center



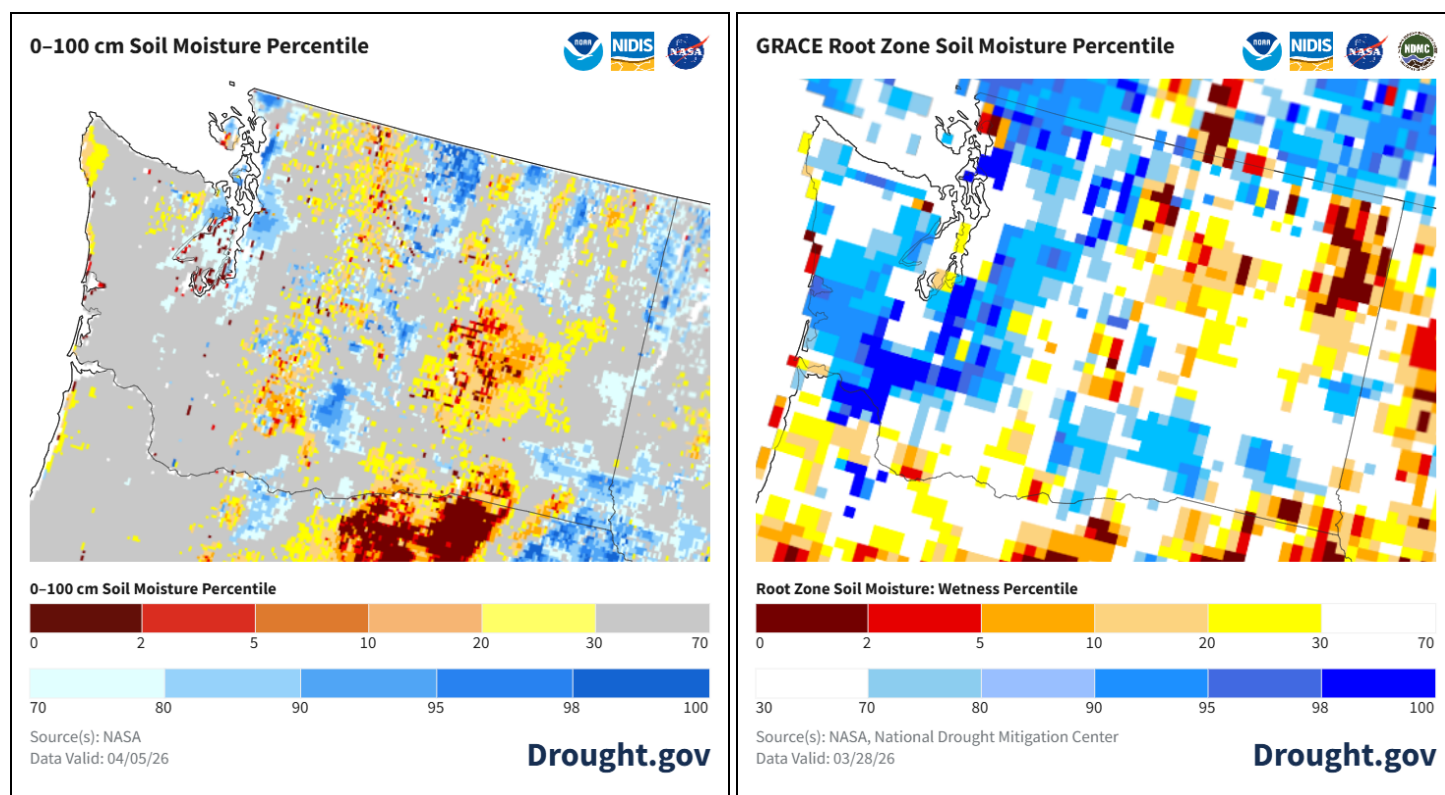
droughtmonitor.unl.edu



Soils

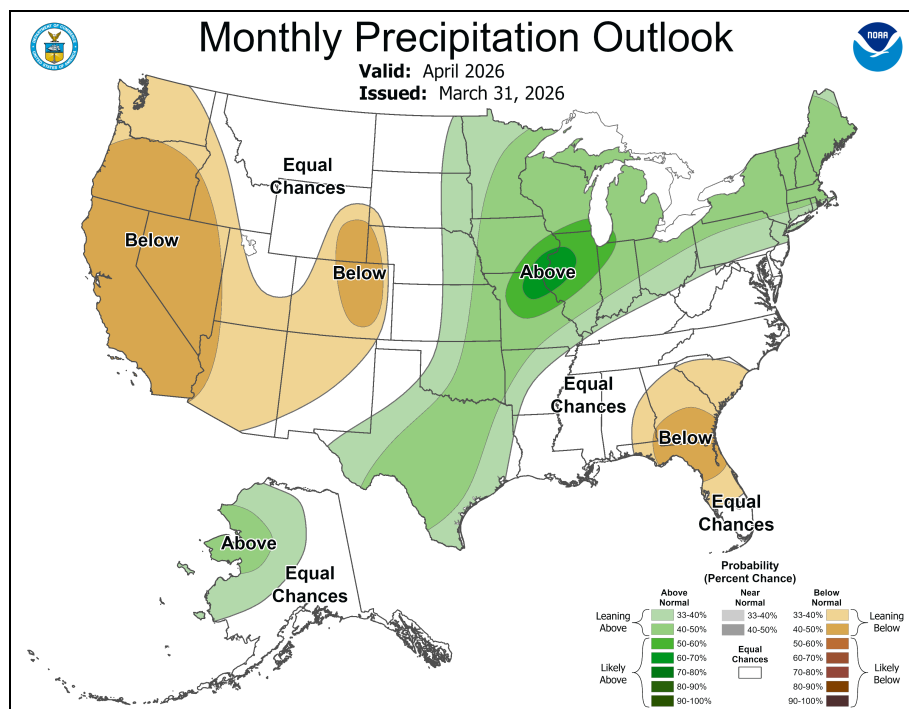
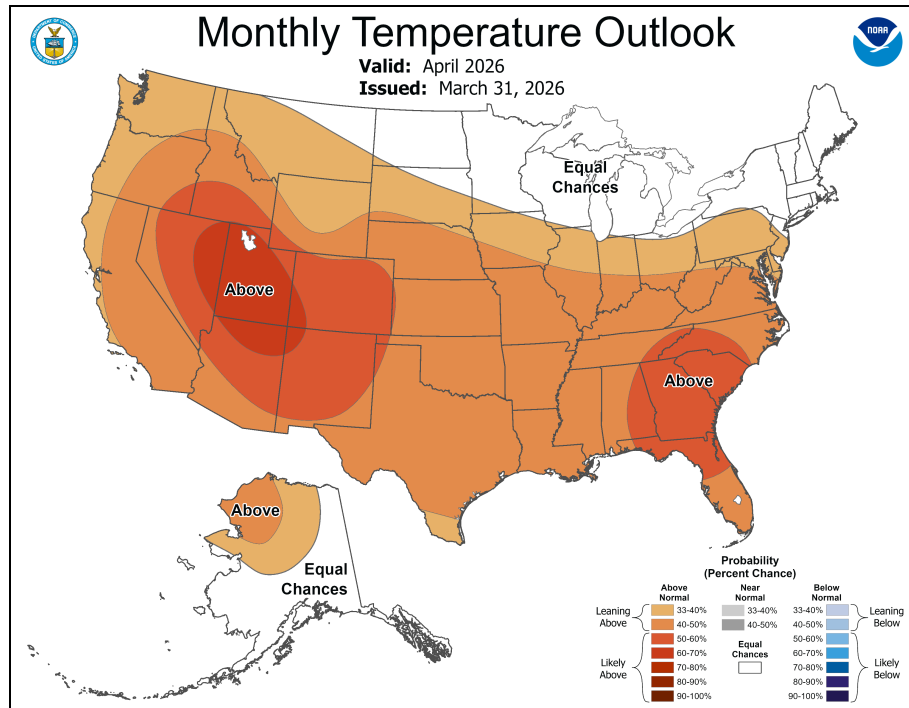
Soil moisture conditions within the top 1 meter of soils, based on the NASA SPoRT-LIS and GRACE products shown below, generally agree on near normal conditions throughout the Puget Sound region and west slope of the Cascades. Drier than normal conditions are shown for the Columbia Basin, Blue Mountains, and northeast Washington. These products vary in data inputs and temporal resolution, which may or may not result in percentile differences for soil moisture. Click on the following links to learn more about NASA's SPoRT-LIS and GRACE products.

Soil moisture conditions are useful in assessing current drought and future drought potential. In addition, soil moisture is generally a good indicator of the efficiency of snowmelt runoff into streamflow in the spring. Drier soils tend to absorb more water from snowmelt than wetter soils, thus less melt is translated into streamflow (i.e. low efficiency). Soil moisture generally recovers each year during late fall and early winter, before precipitation begins falling mainly as snow. Therefore, early-season soil moisture can be essential for increasing runoff efficiency in the spring.



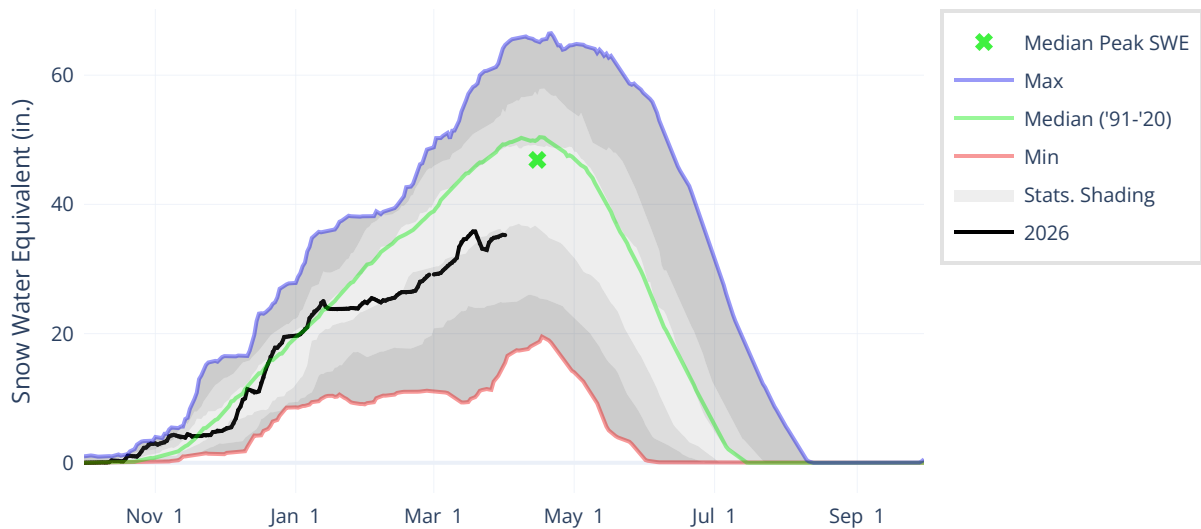
Monthly Outlook

NOAA's Climate Prediction Center's April outlook calls for above normal temperatures for the entire state of Washington and below normal precipitation for the majority of Washington.



North Puget Sound Basin Summary

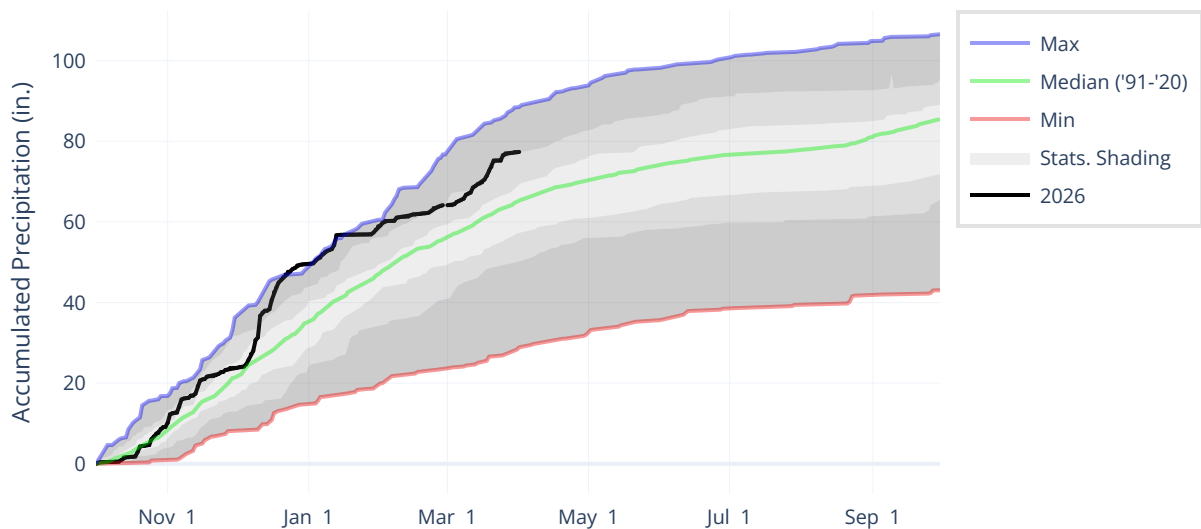
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is slightly below normal at 70% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 72% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is well above normal at 160% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 118% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Lake Shannon is 125% of median. Storage at Ross is 149% of median, and storage at Upper Baker is 147% of median.

North Puget Sound

Water Year 2026

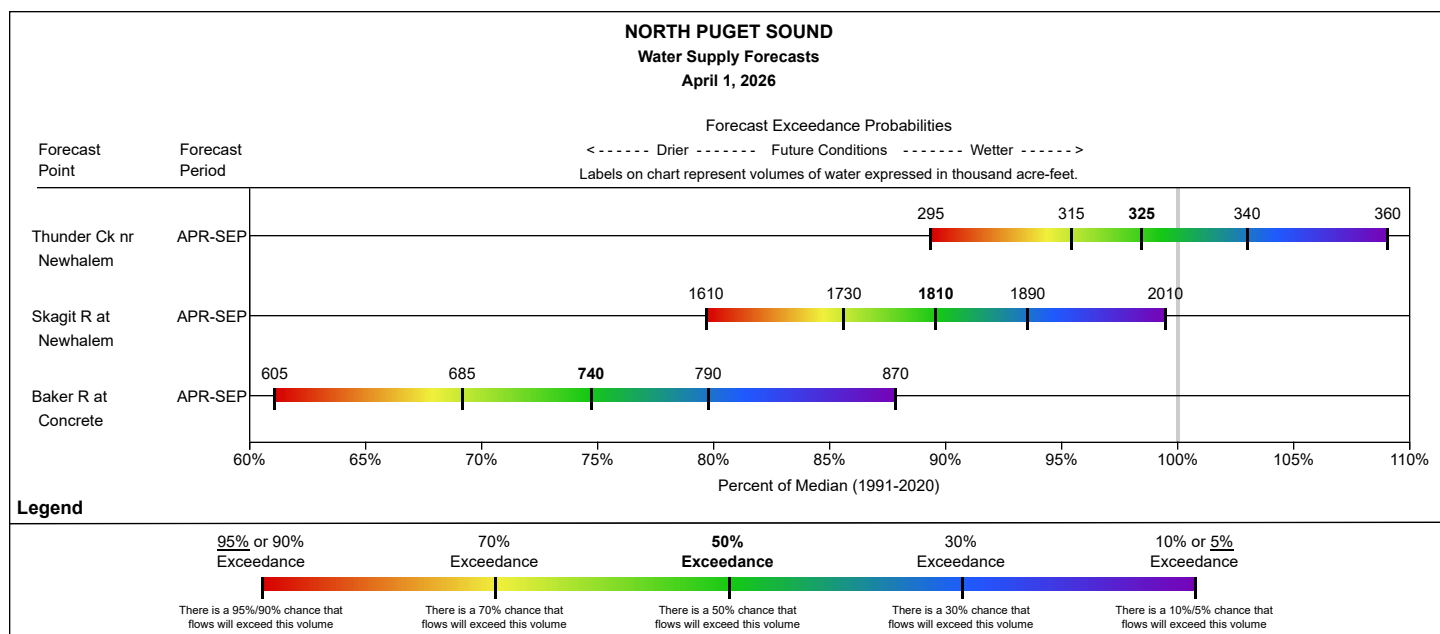
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Shannon	420	116.853	63.3	54	79.1	68	125
Ross	1550	1404.1	703.5	50	1046.17	75	149
Upper Baker	720	274.221	104.6	38	153.9	56	147
Basin Index						71	147

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

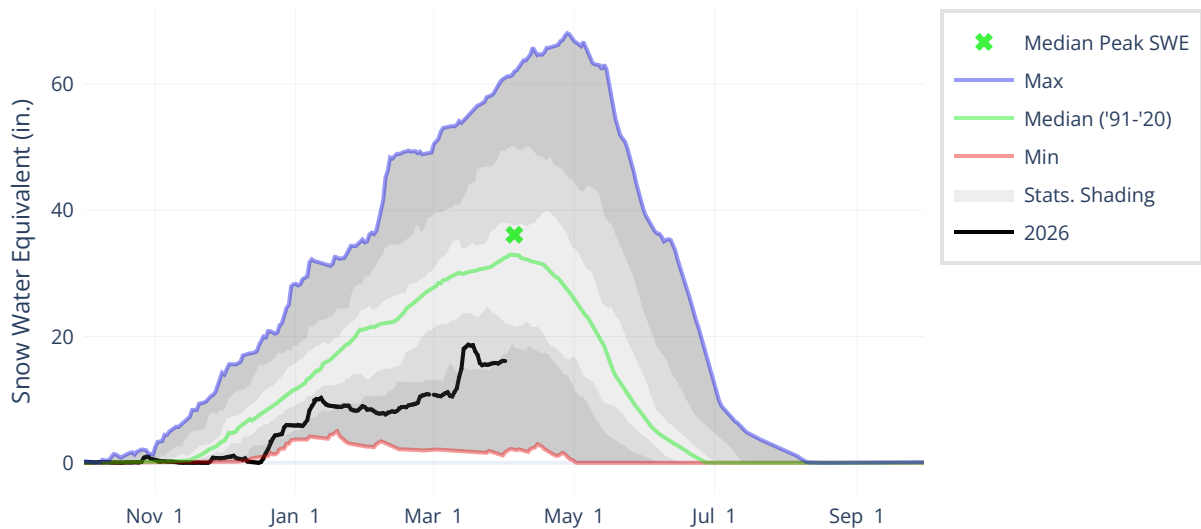
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 75% to 98% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Central Puget Sound Basin Summary

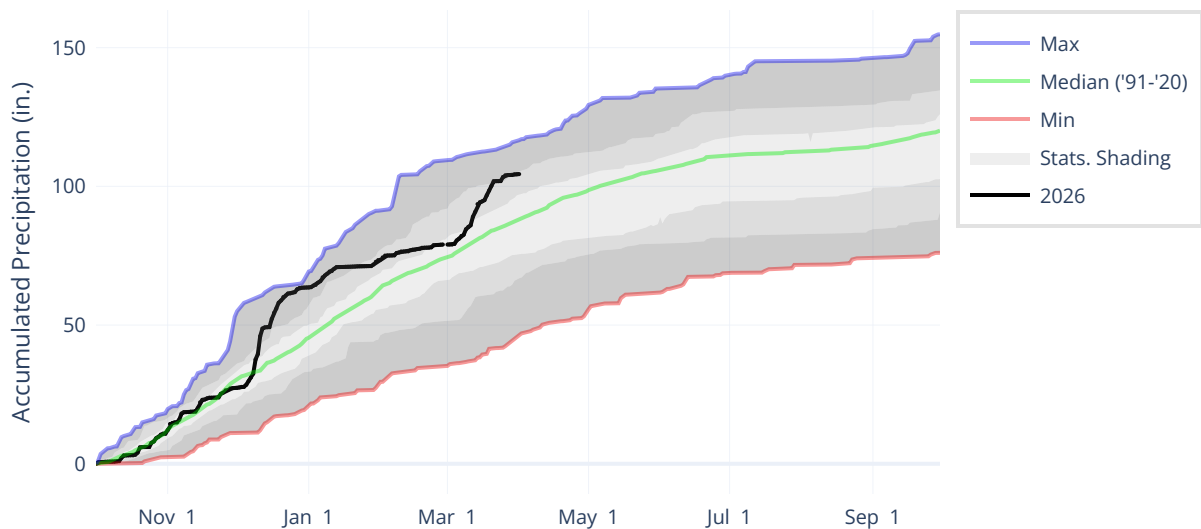
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 49% of median. This is higher than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 38% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



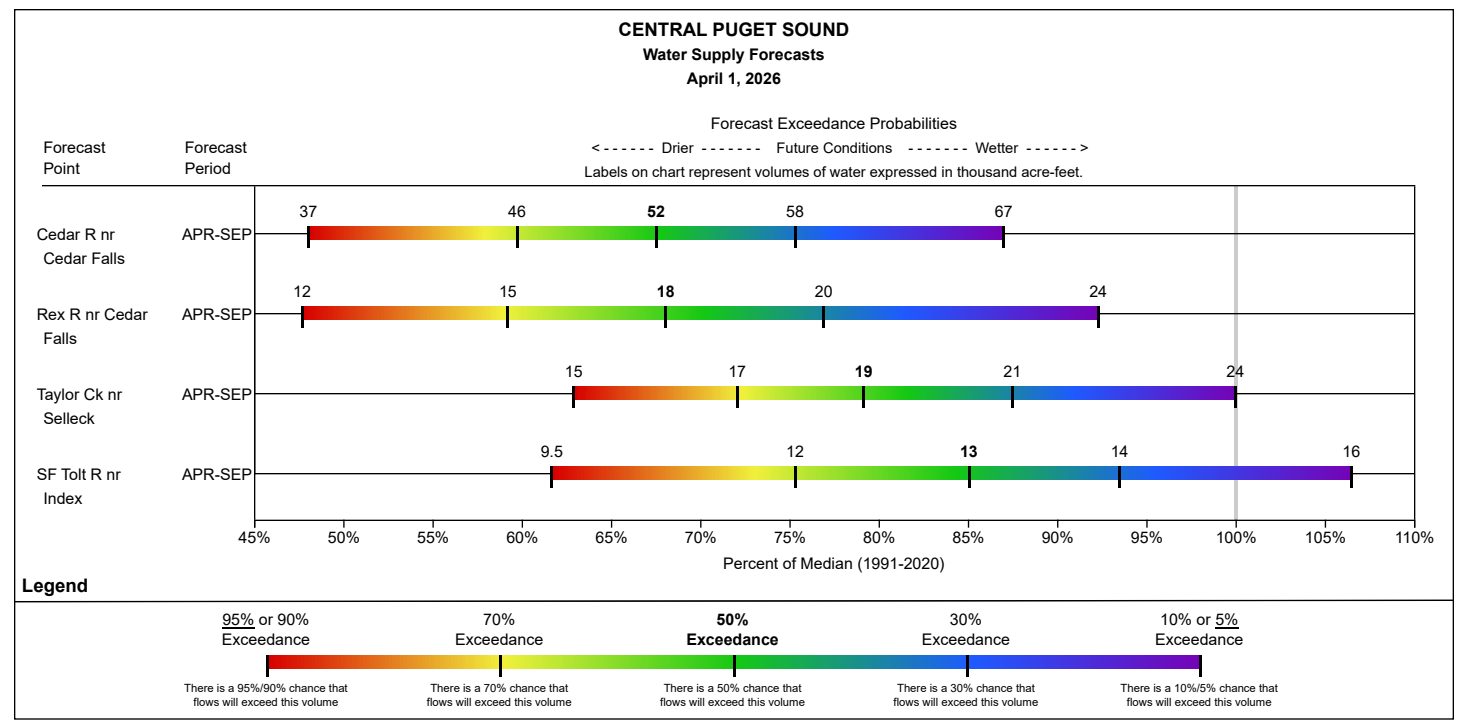
March precipitation is well above normal at 213% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 118% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

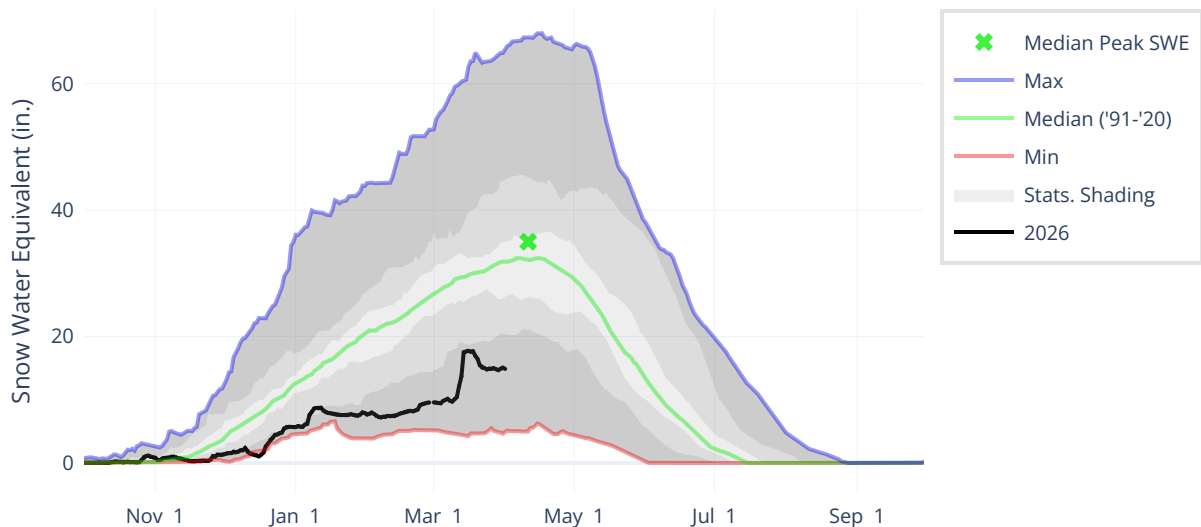
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 68% to 85% of median.
 For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



South Puget Sound Basin Summary

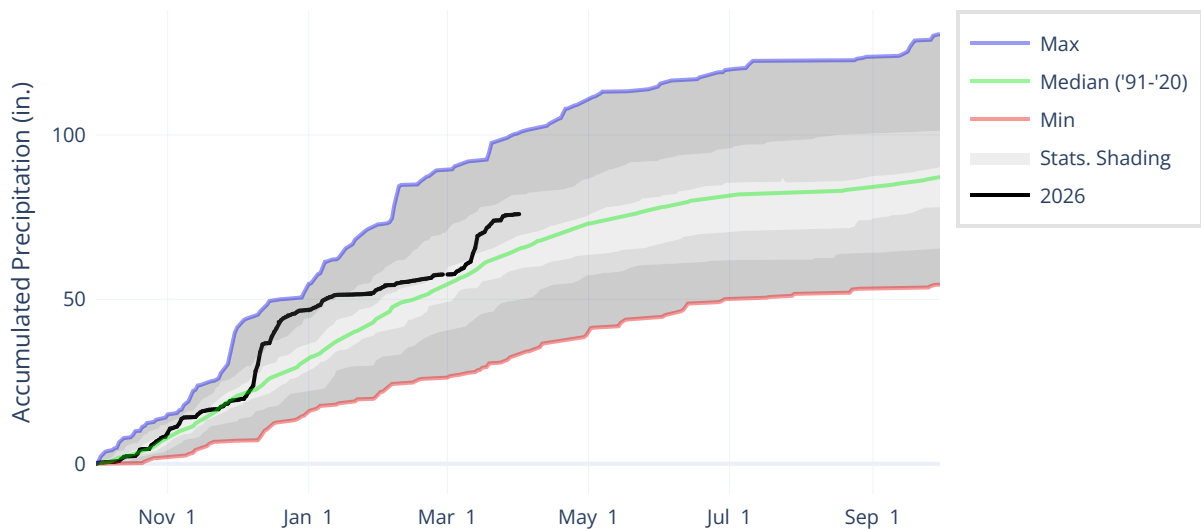
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 47% of median. This is higher than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 35% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is well above normal at 216% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 117% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Howard Hansen is 241% of median.

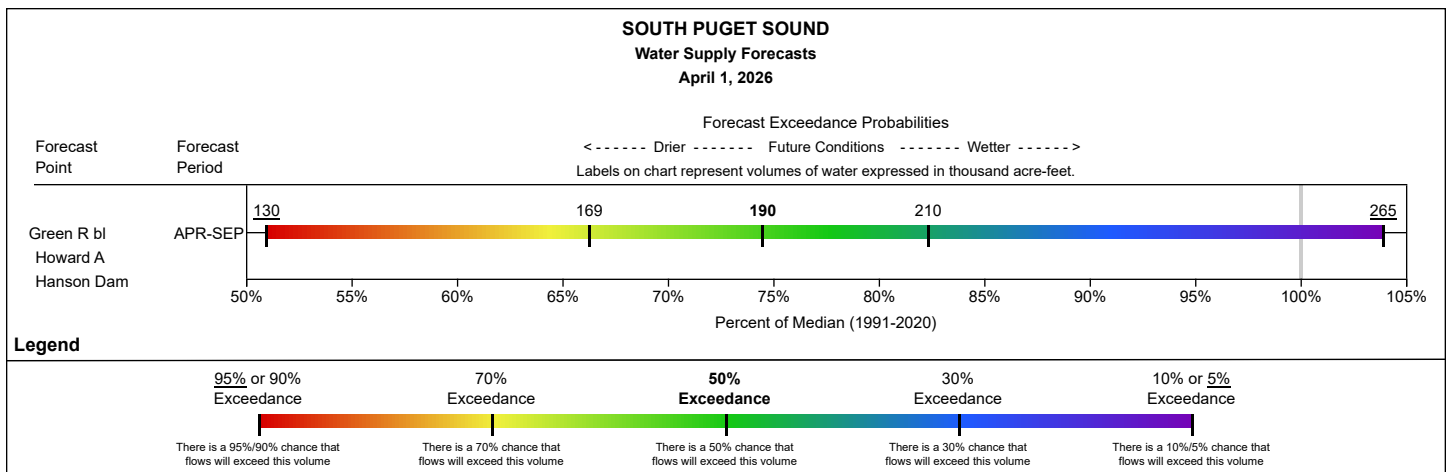
South Puget Sound					Water Year 2026		
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Howard Hansen	1140	106	13.9	13	33.52	32	241
Basin Index						32	241

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

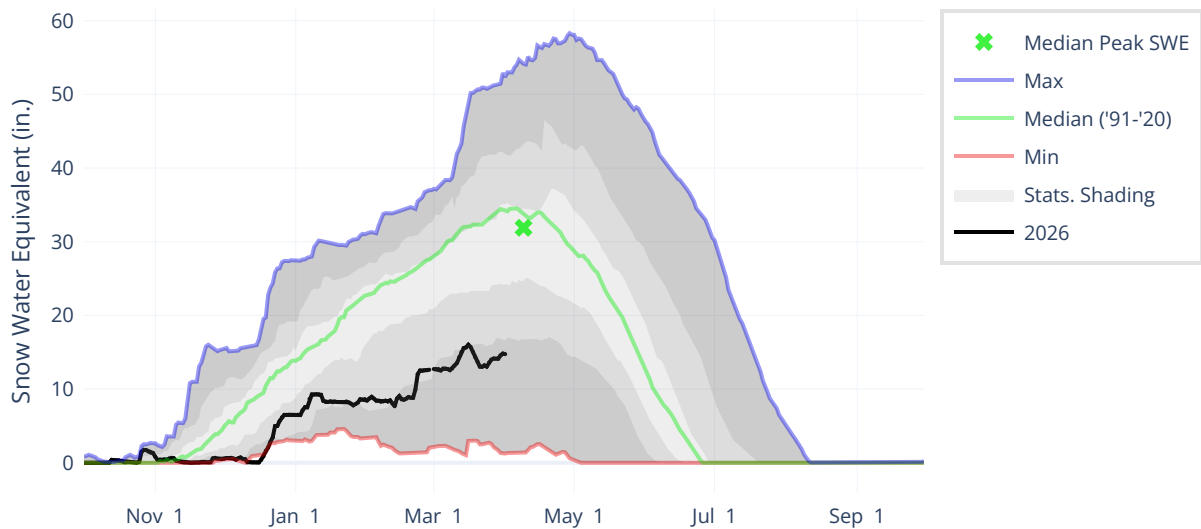
The April through September streamflow forecast in the basin is 75% of median.

To view data in tabular format, other forecast periods, and the forecast for White R bl Clearwater R nr Buckley, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Olympic Basin Summary

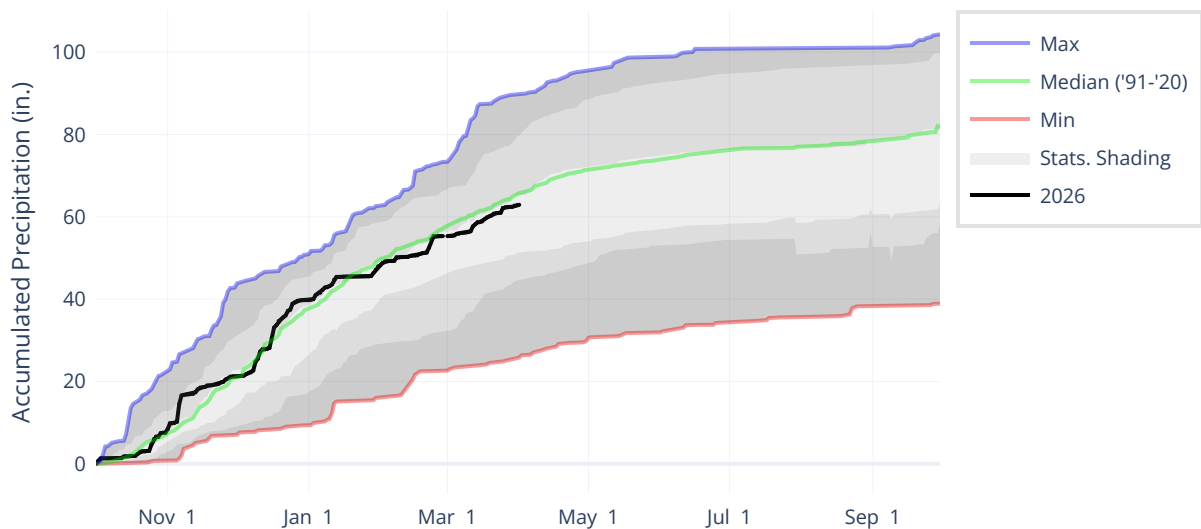
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 35% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 41% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



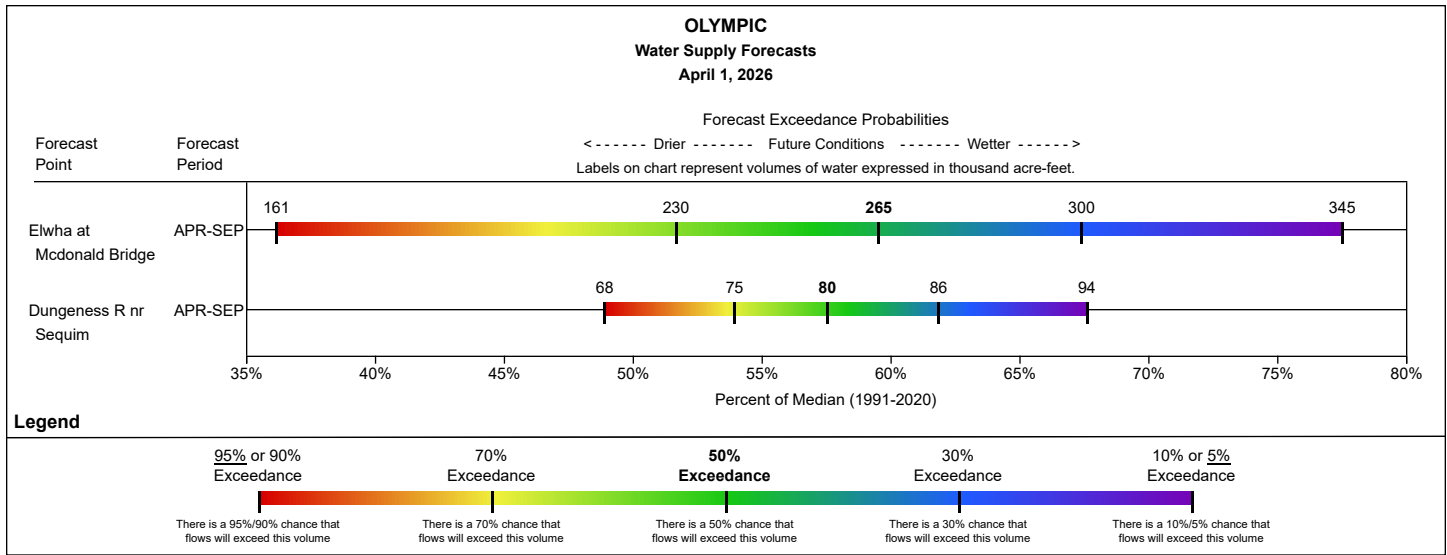
March precipitation is near normal at 92% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 96% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

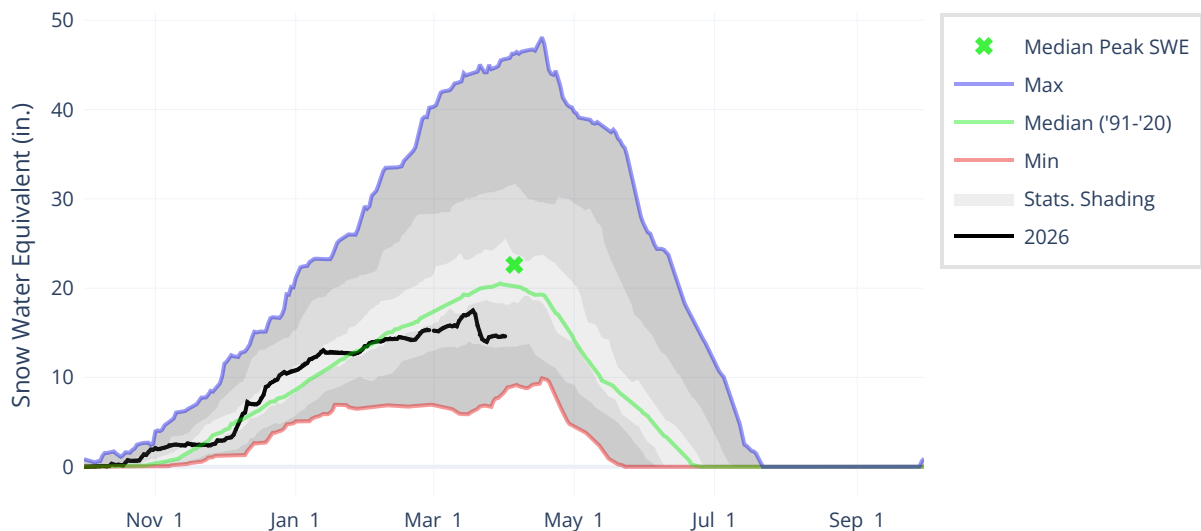
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 58% to 60% of median.
 For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Upper Columbia Basin Summary

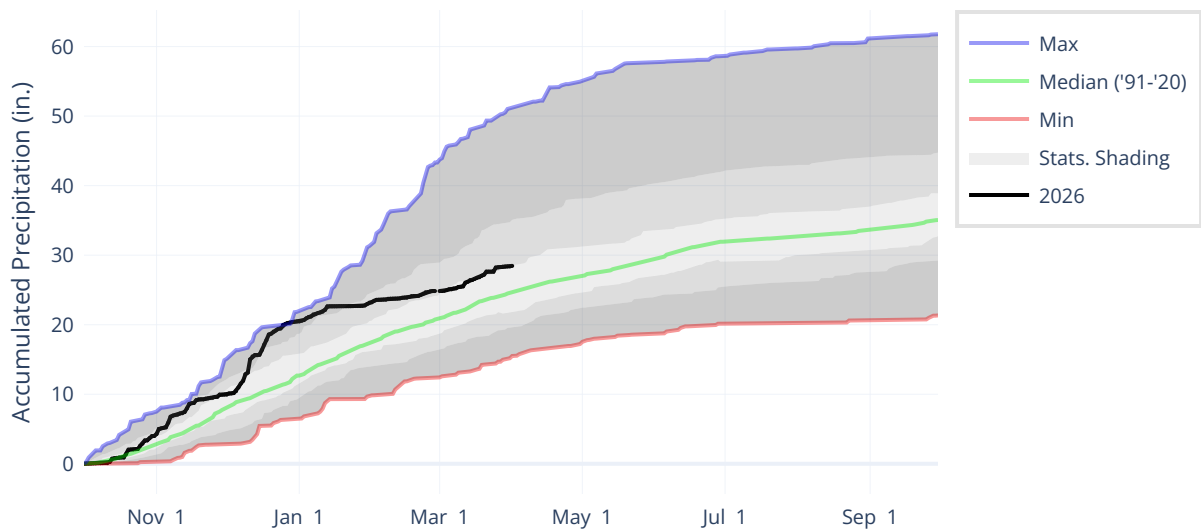
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 59% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 68% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is slightly above normal at 113% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 115% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Conconully Reservoir is 68% of median.

Upper Columbia

Water Year 2026

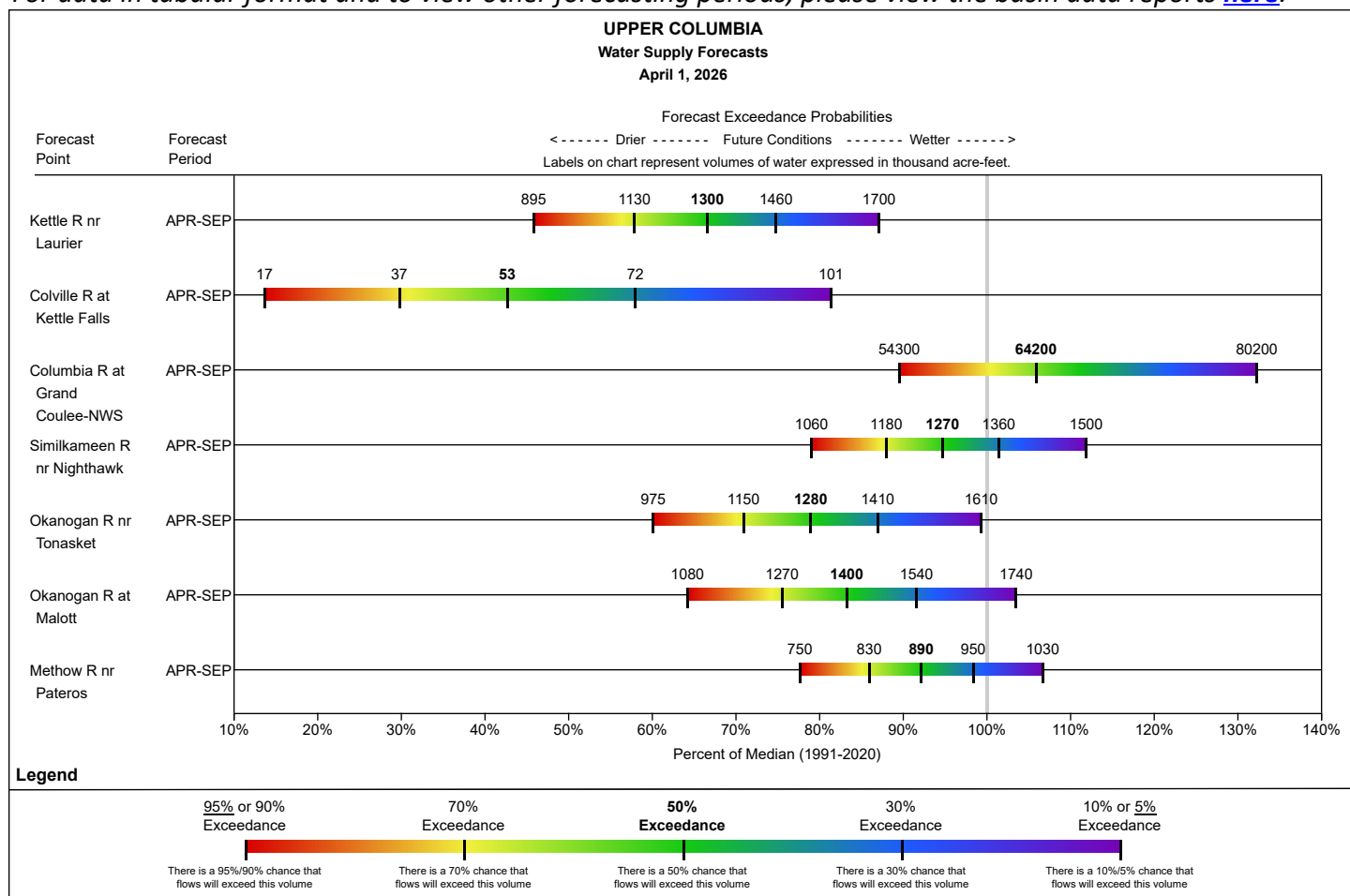
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Conconully Reservoir	2290	13	7.9	61	5.389	41	68
Basin Index						41	68

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

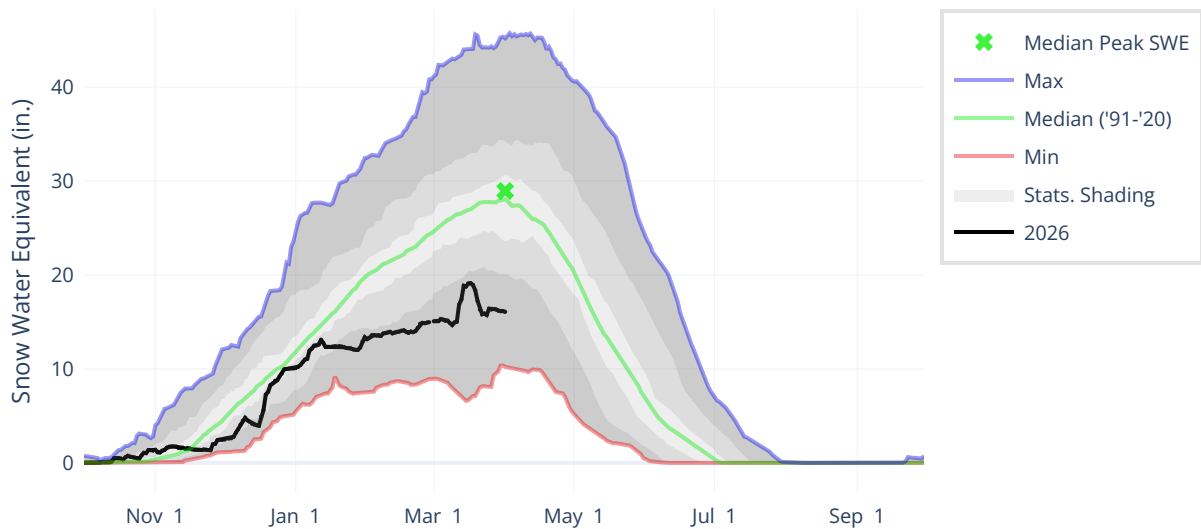
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 43% to 106% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Central Columbia Basin Summary

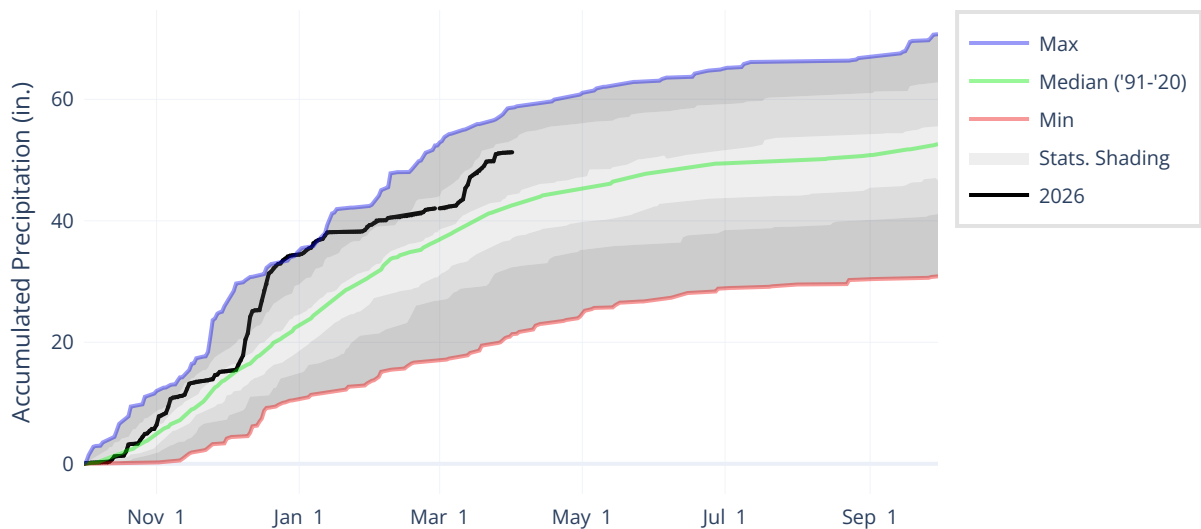
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 57% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 59% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is well above normal at 193% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 121% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Lake Chelan is 179% of median.

Central Columbia

Water Year 2026

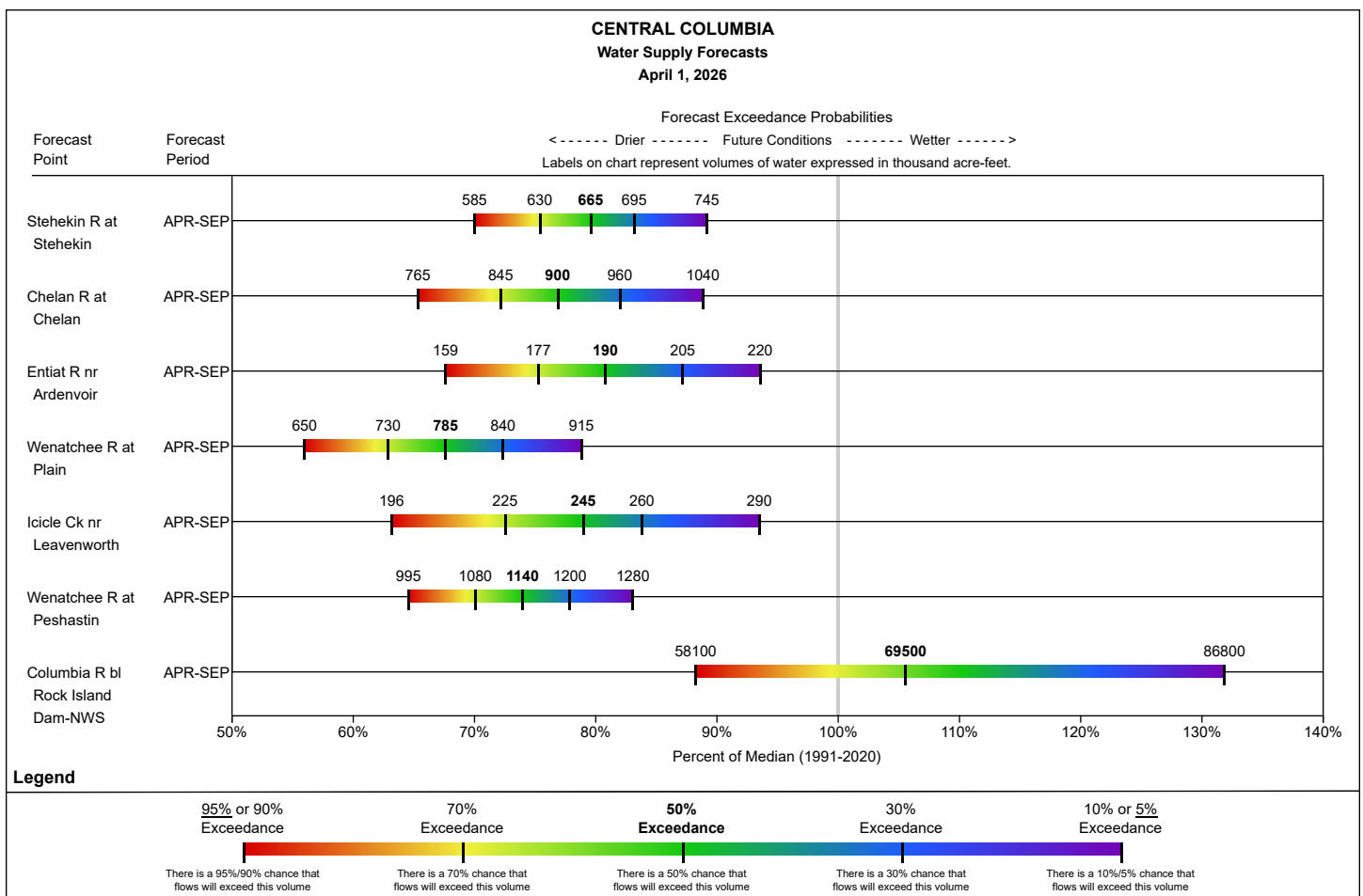
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Chelan	1090	676.1	228.8	34	409.4	61	179
Basin Index						61	179

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

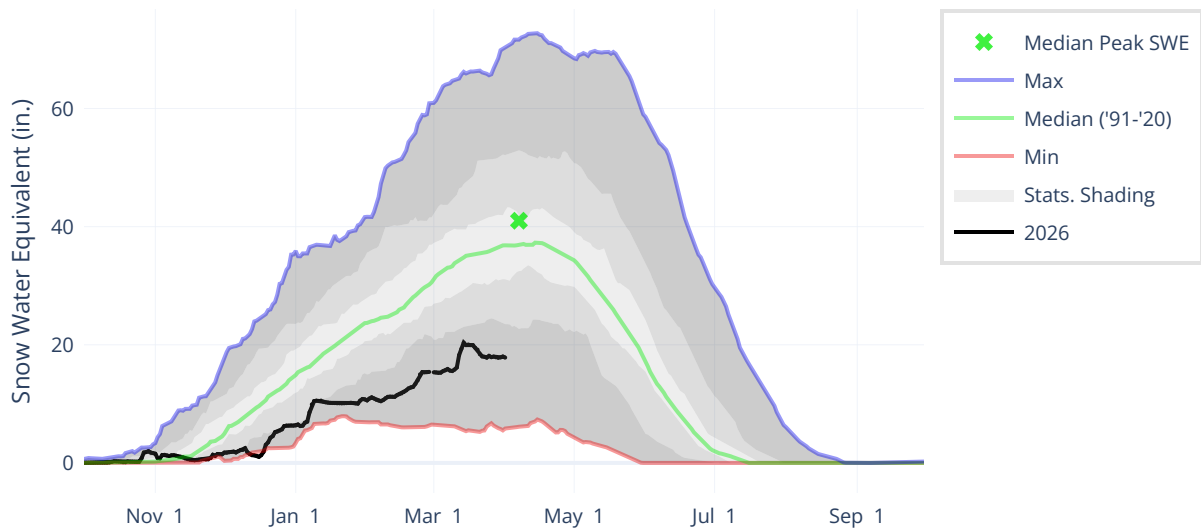
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 68% to 106% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Columbia Basin Summary

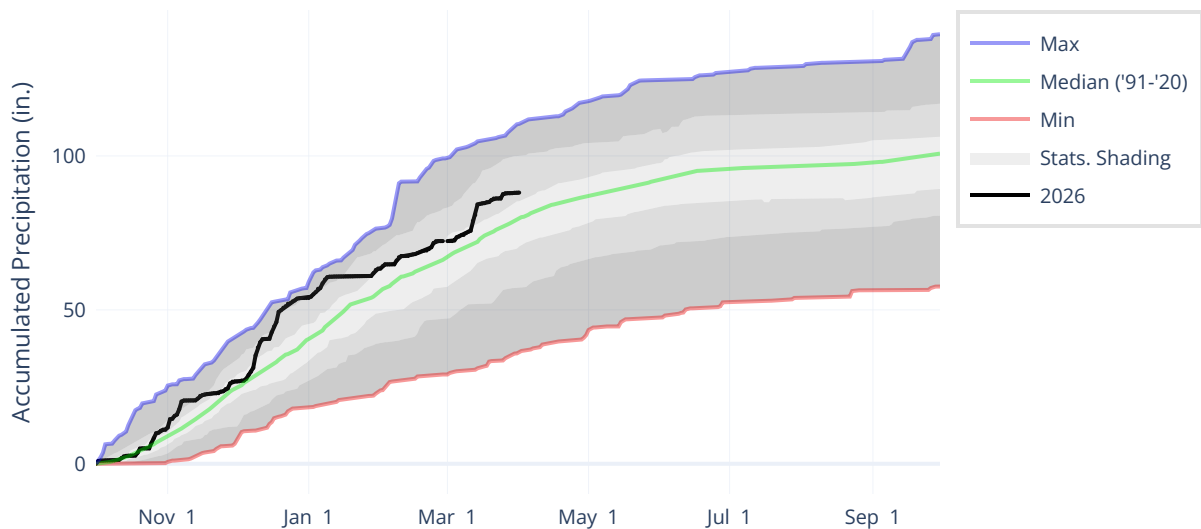
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 48% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 49% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is above normal at 142% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 110% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Mayfield is 103% of median and Mossyrock Dam (Riffe Lk) is 119% of median.

Lower Columbia

Water Year 2026

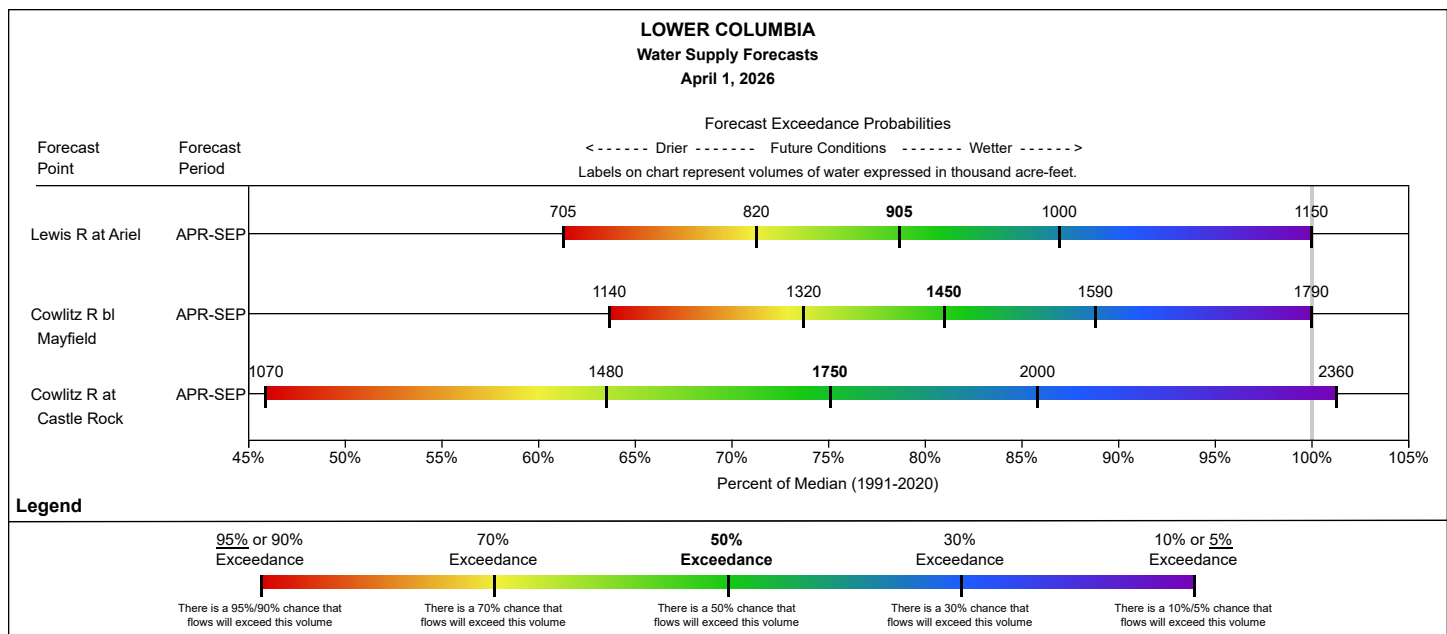
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Mayfield	430	133.718	127.8	96	131.3	98	103
Mossyrock Dam (Riffe Lk)	780	1298.002	917	71	1087.2	84	119
Basin Index						85	117

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

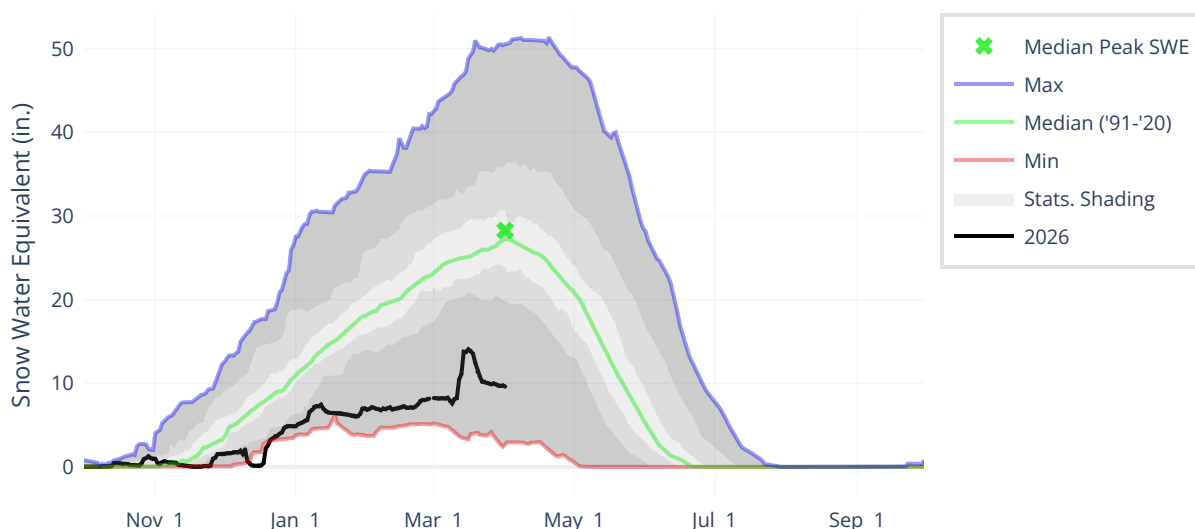
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 75% to 81% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Upper Yakima Basin Summary

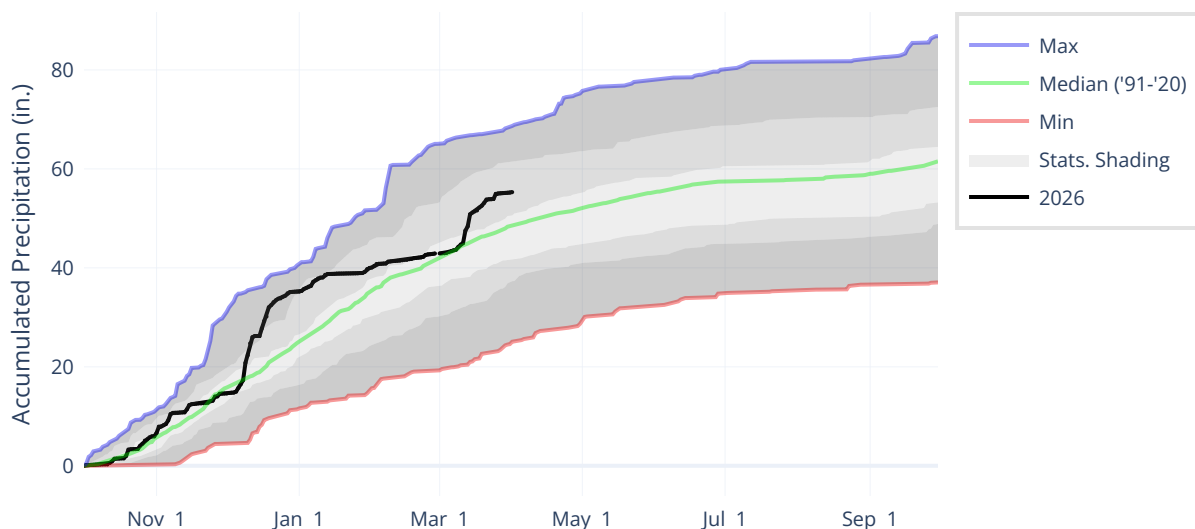
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 36% of median. This is higher than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 35% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is well above normal at 217% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 114% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Cle Elum is 149% of median. Storage at Kachess is 108% of median, and storage at Keechelus is 125% of median.

Upper Yakima

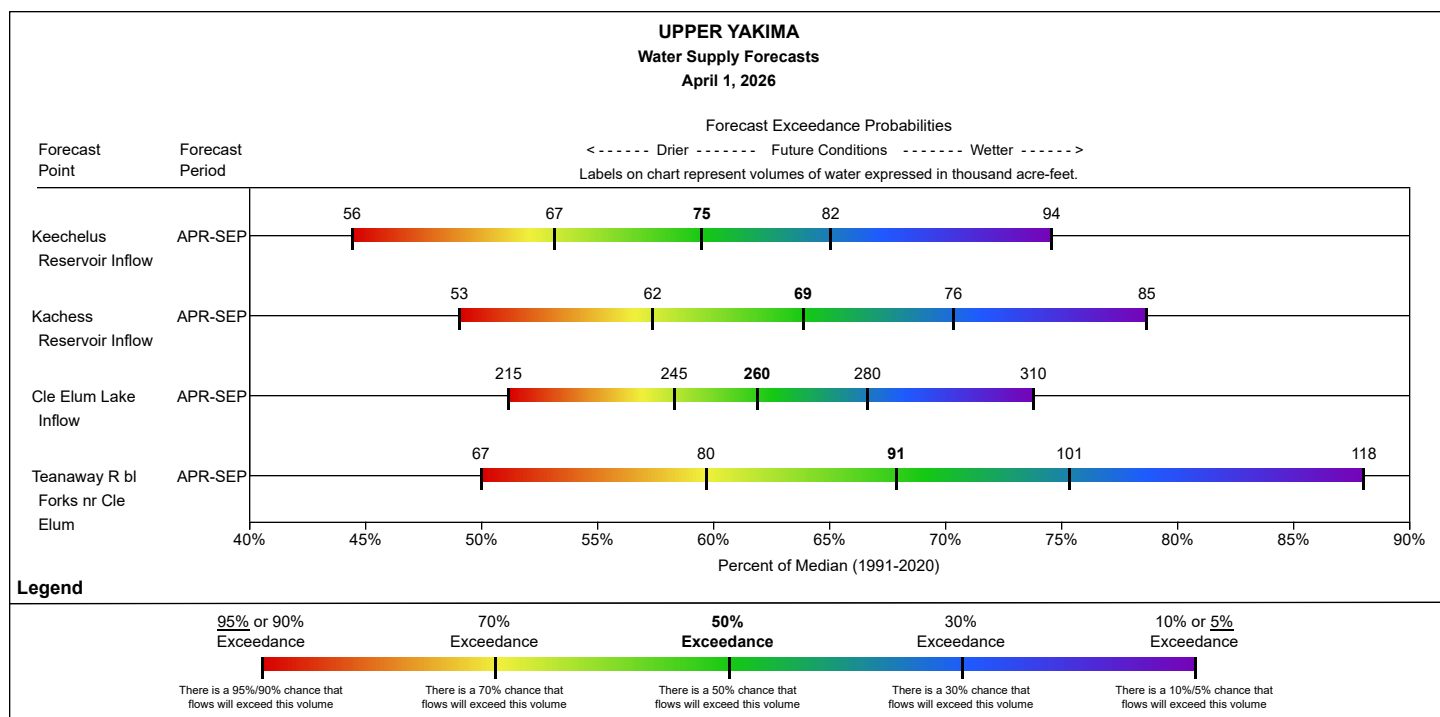
Water Year 2026

Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Cle Elum	2230	436.9	277.7	64	414.241	95	149
Kachess	2260	239	172.4	72	185.52	78	108
Keechelus	2520	157.9	118.1	75	147.67	94	125
Basin Index						90	132

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

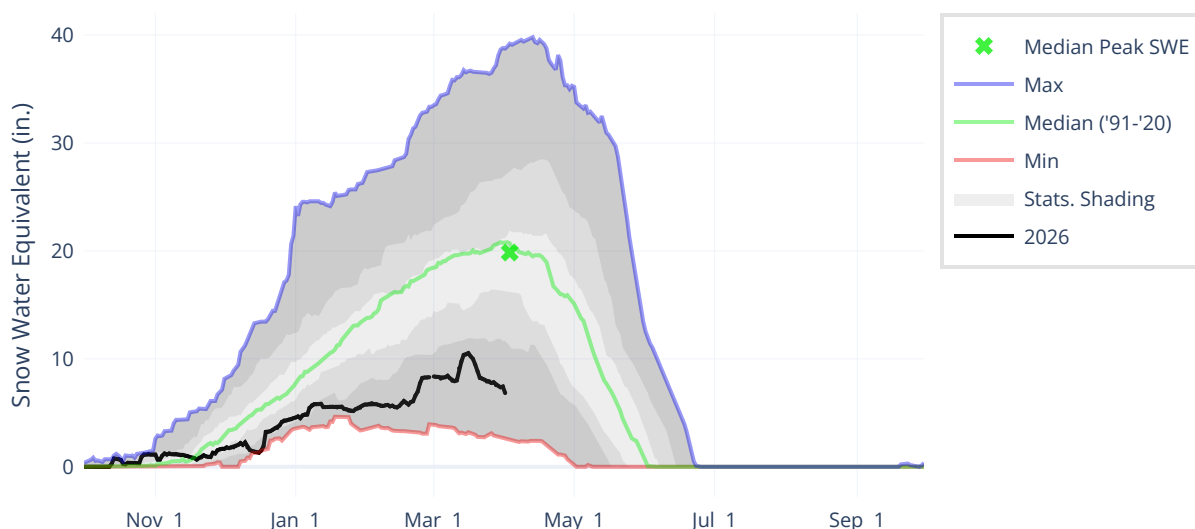
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 60% to 68% of median. For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Yakima Summary

SNOWPACK

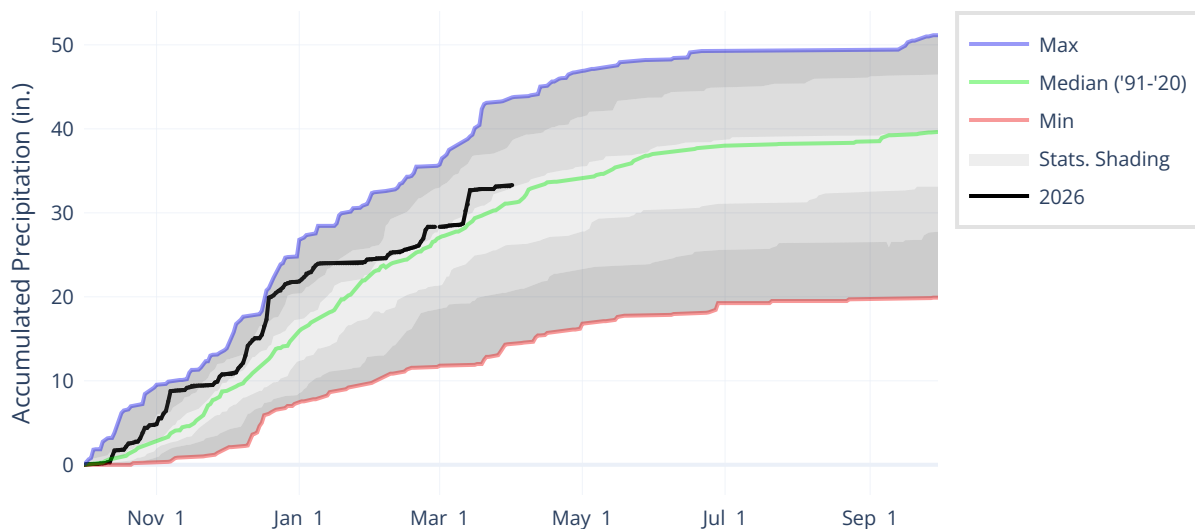


As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 41% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 55% of median.

The basin SWE index in the above plot reflects a SWE normal for Indian Rock SNOTEL that has since been deleted due to significant on-site disturbance.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is near normal at 106% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 107% of median.

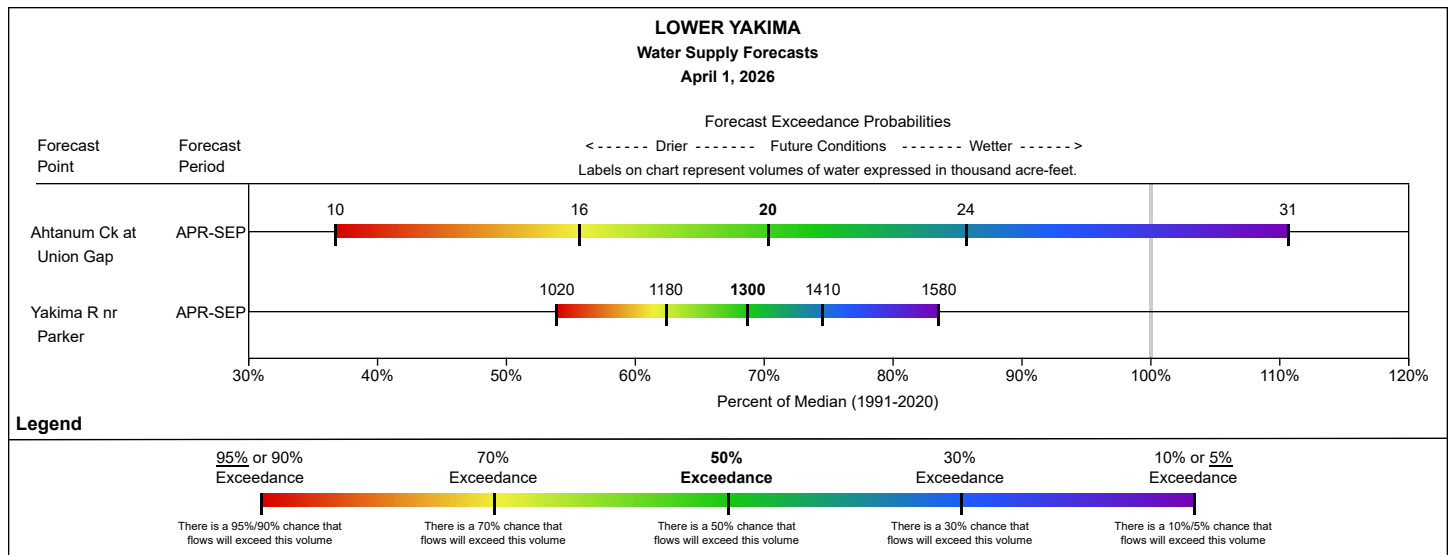
► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting Program

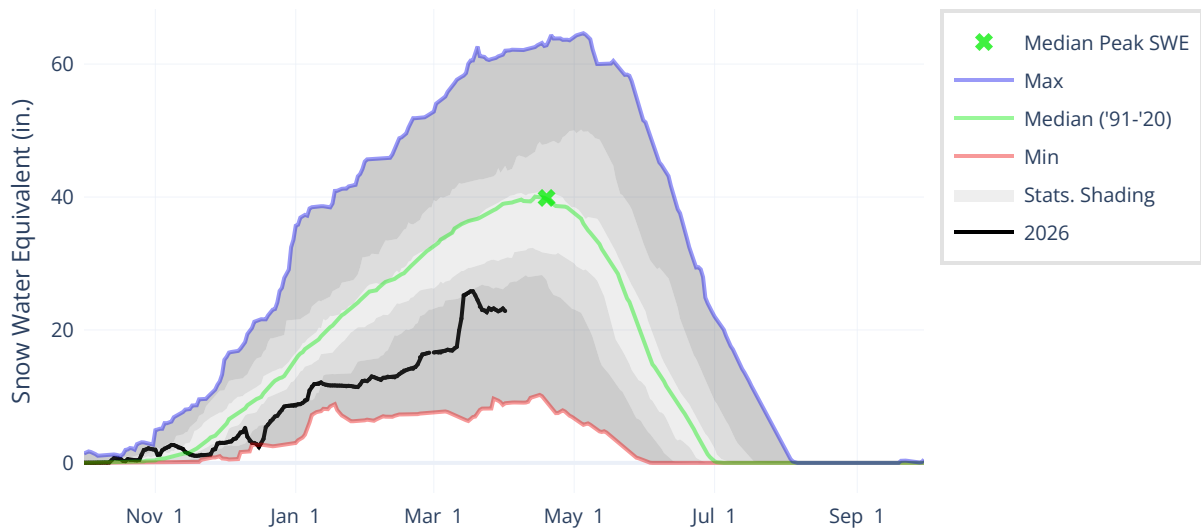
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 69% to 70% of median. For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Naches Basin Summary

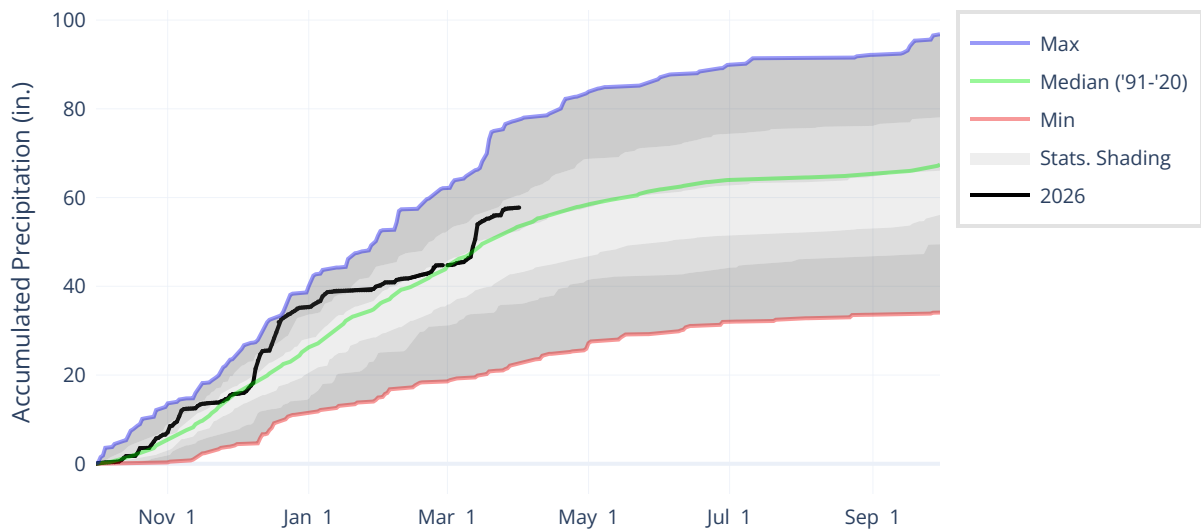
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 56% of median. This is higher than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 50% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is well above normal at 204% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 115% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Bumping Lake is 221% of median and Rimrock is 126% of median.

Naches

Water Year 2026

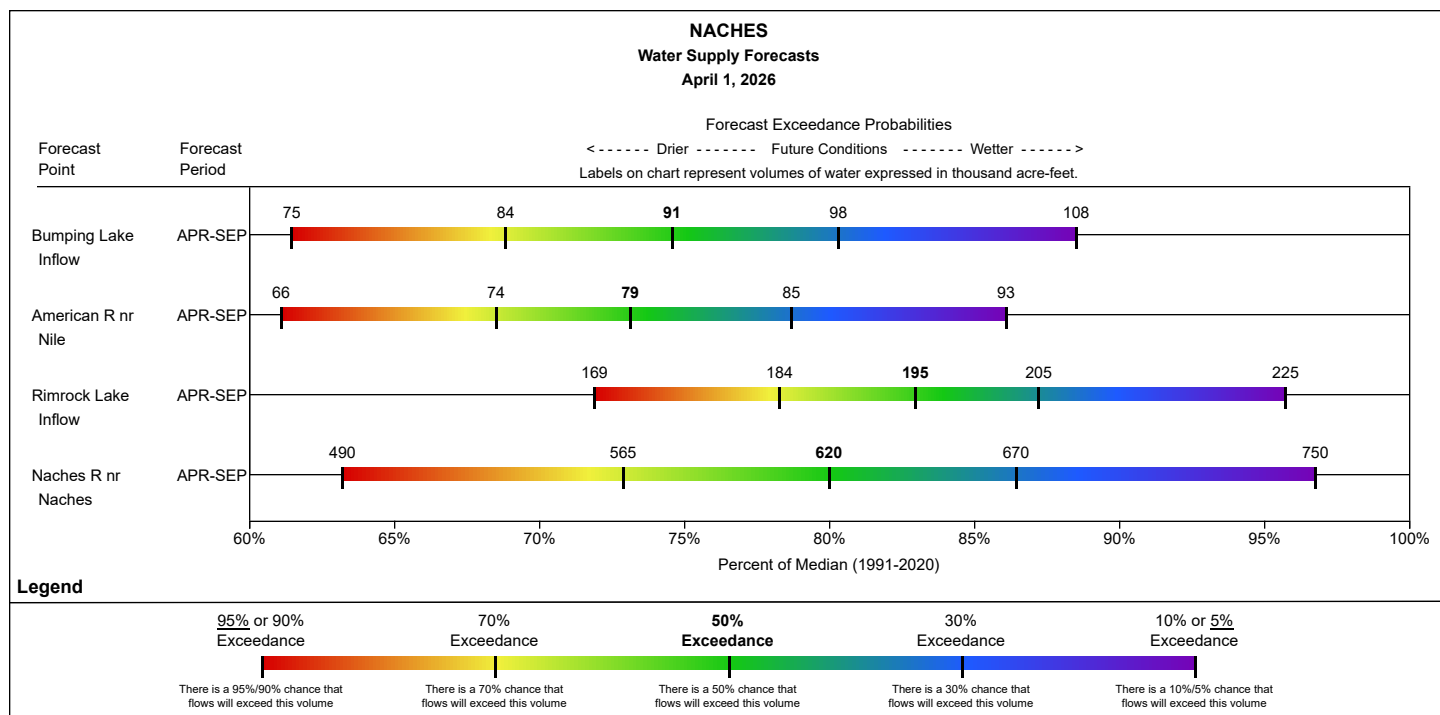
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Bumping Lake	3430	33.7	14.6	43	32.238	96	221
Rimrock	2930	198	153.5	78	192.89	97	126
Basin Index						97	134

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

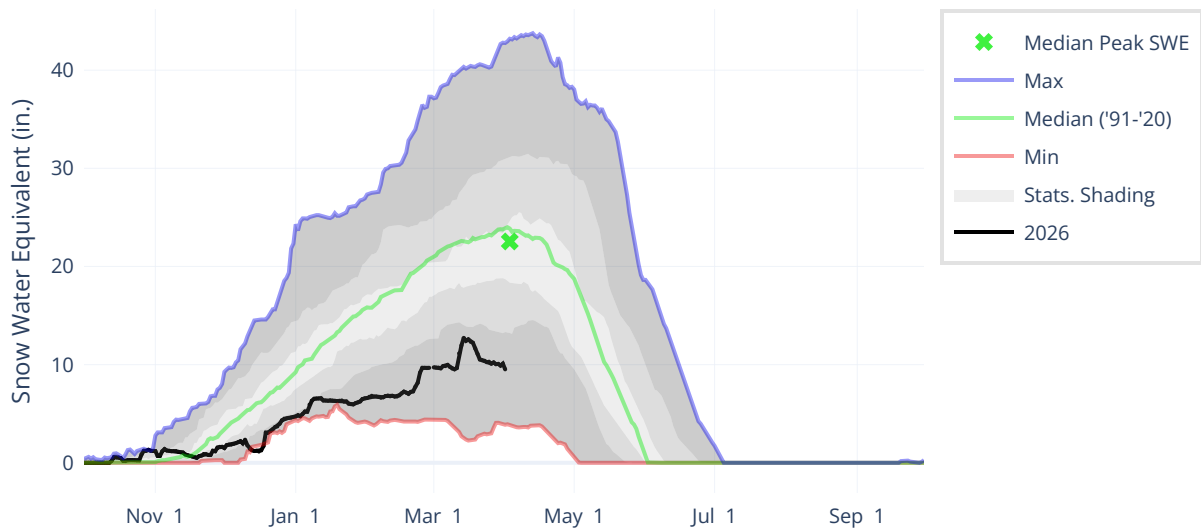
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 73% to 83% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Klickitat Basin Summary

SNOWPACK

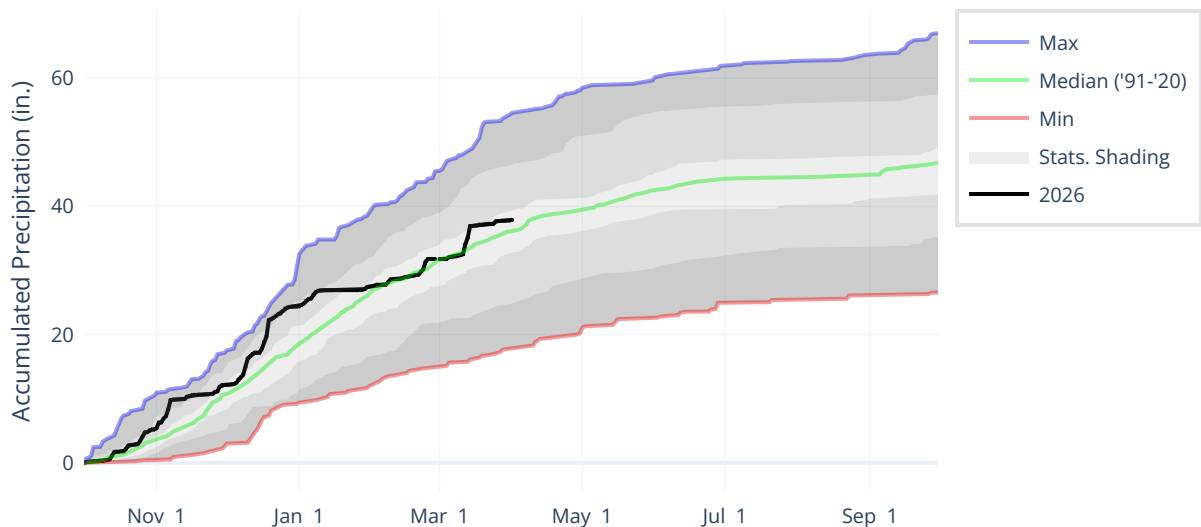


As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 48% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 54% of median.

The basin SWE index in the above plot reflects a SWE normal for Indian Rock SNOTEL that has since been deleted due to significant on-site disturbance.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



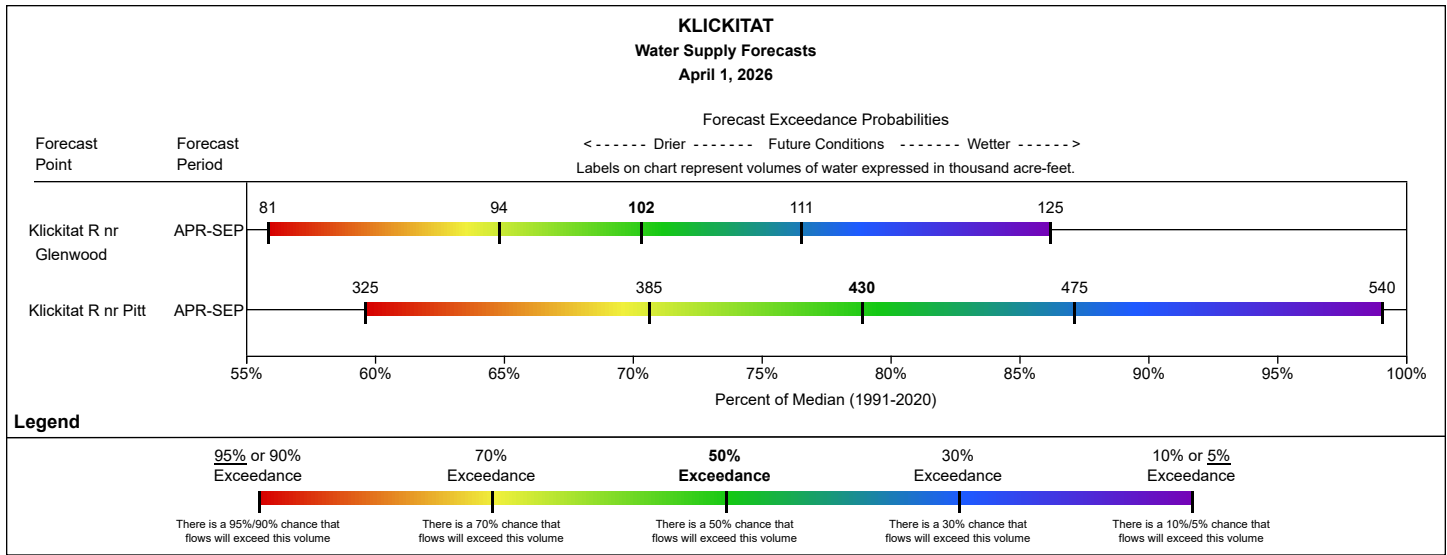
March precipitation is slightly above normal at 116% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 105% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

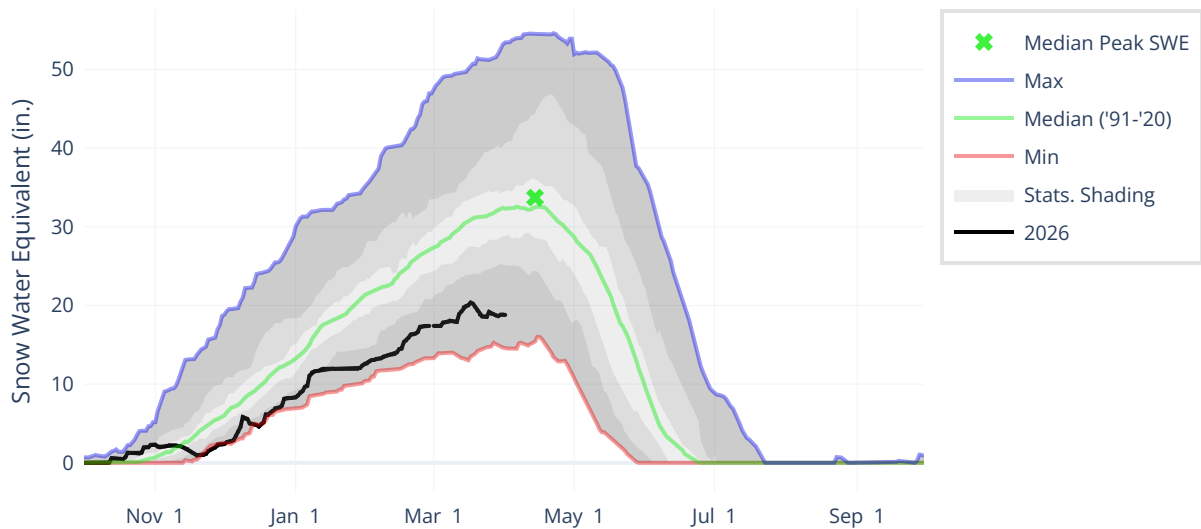
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 70% to 79% of median. For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Pend Oreille Basin Summary

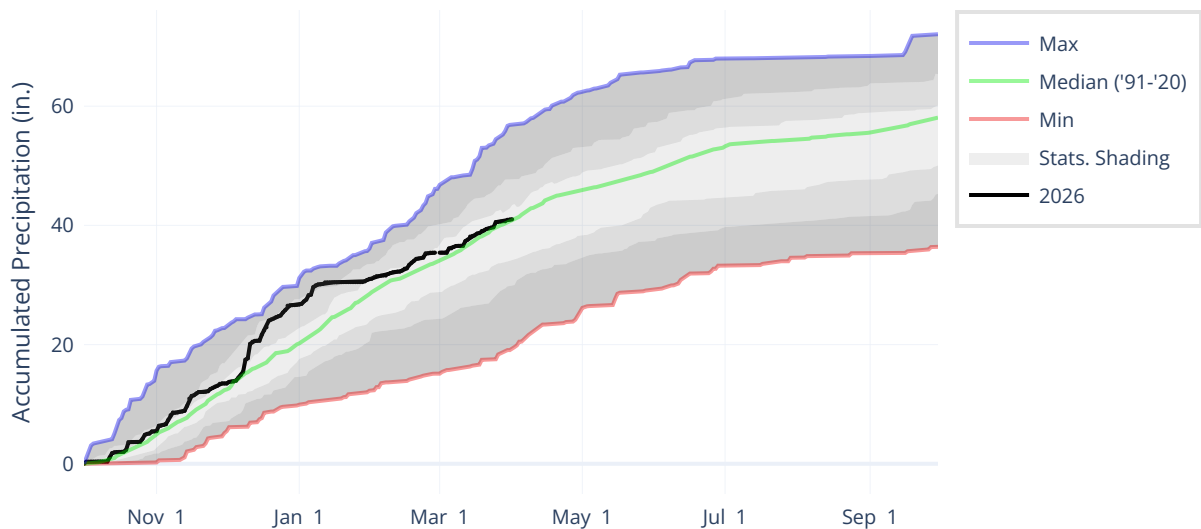
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 45% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 53% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is slightly below normal at 89% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 101% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Lake Pend Oreille is 114% of median and Priest Lake is 156% of median.

Lower Pend Oreille

Water Year 2026

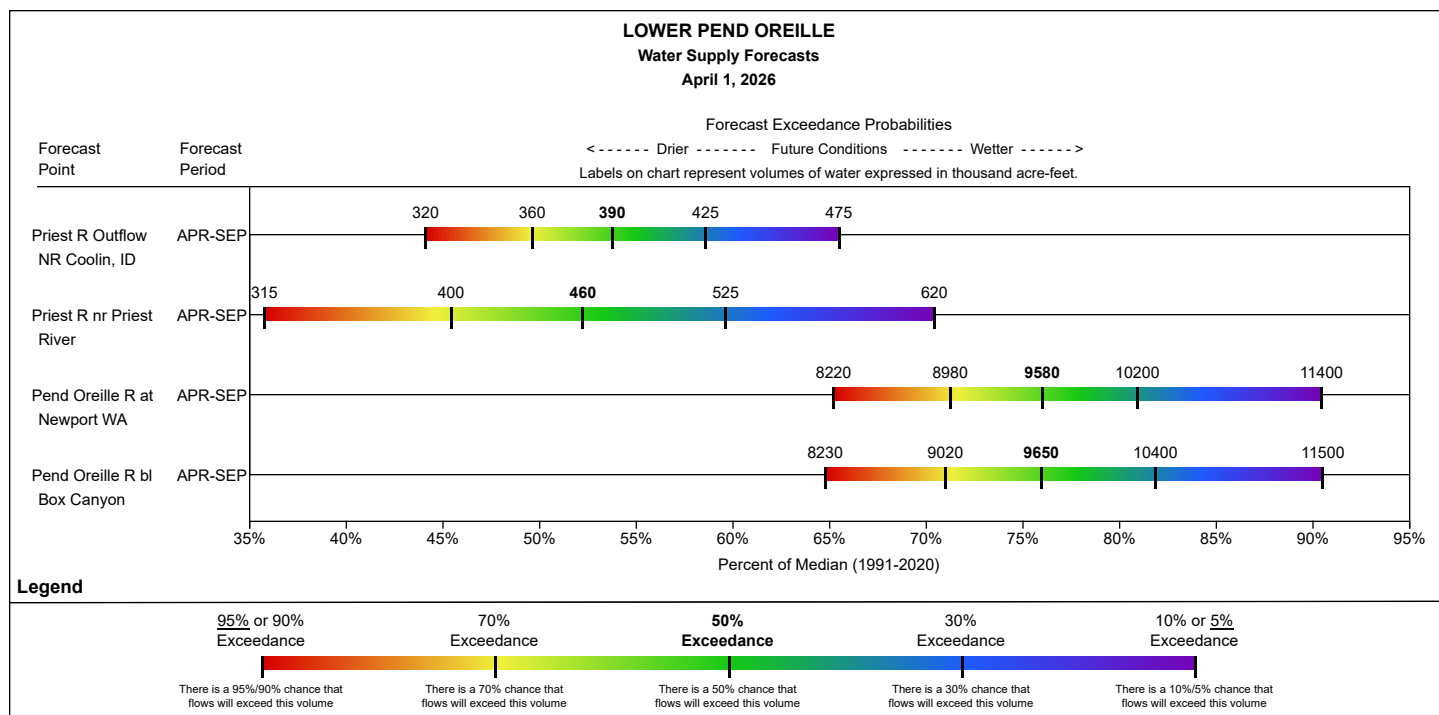
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Pend Oreille	2060	1561.3	755.3	48	862.253	55	114
Priest Lake	2440	119.3	64.4	54	100.744	84	156
Basin Index						57	117

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

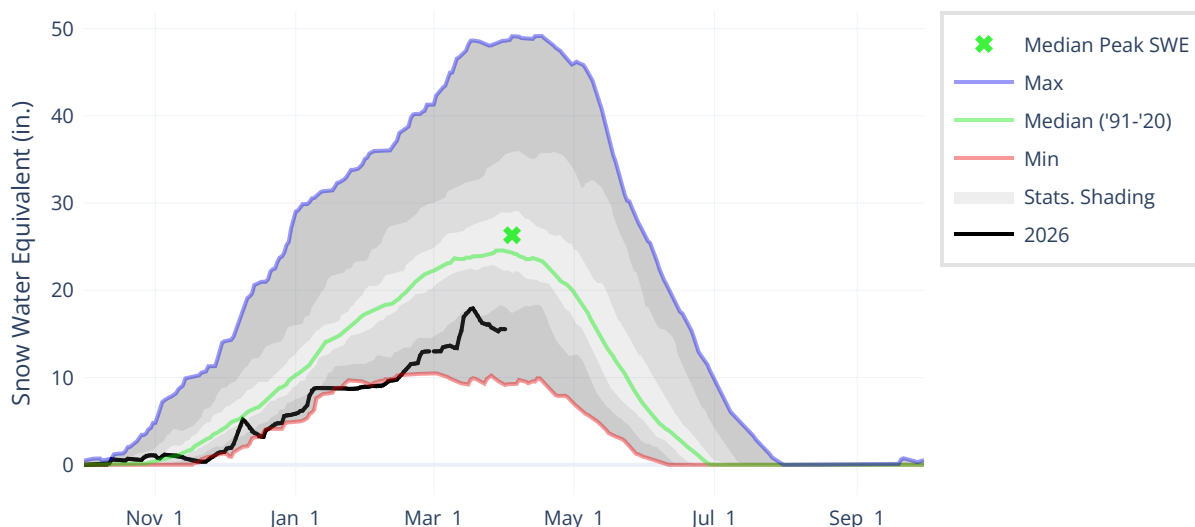
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 52% to 76% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Spokane Basin Summary

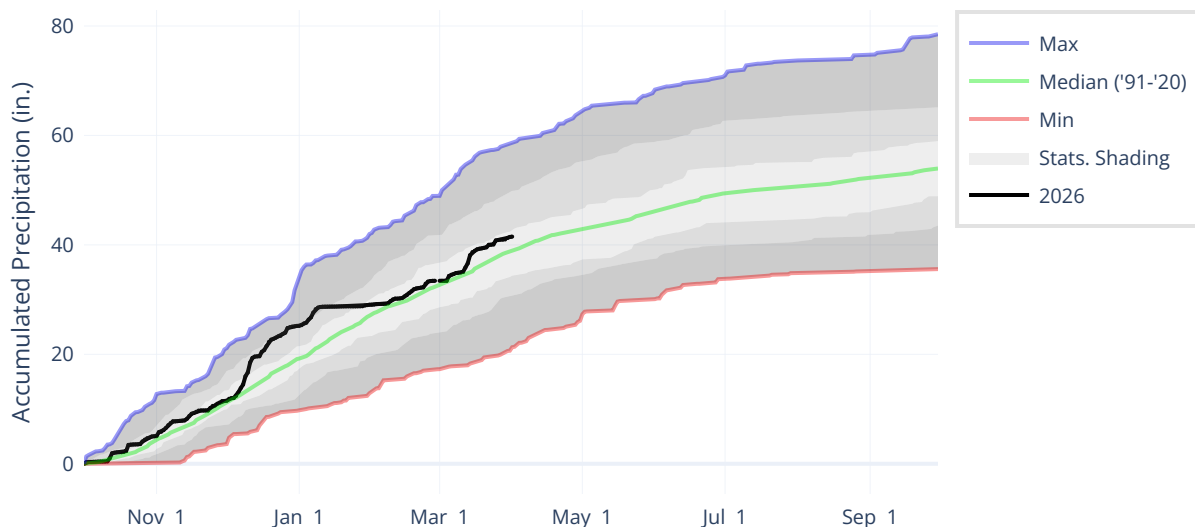
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 56% of median. This is higher than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 51% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is above normal at 142% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 106% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Lake Coeur d' Alene is 151% of median.

Spokane

Water Year 2026

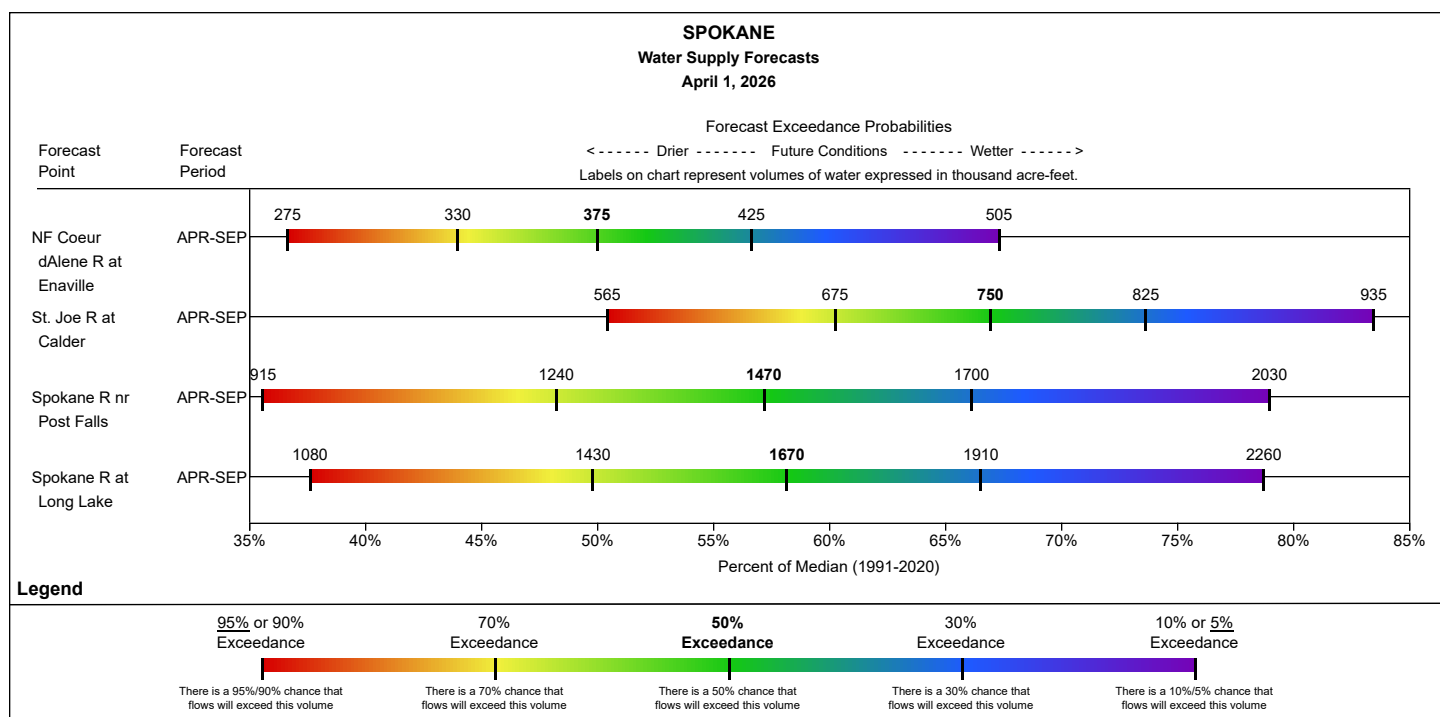
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Coeur d' Alene	2130	238.5	153.8	64	231.55	97	151
Basin Index						97	151

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

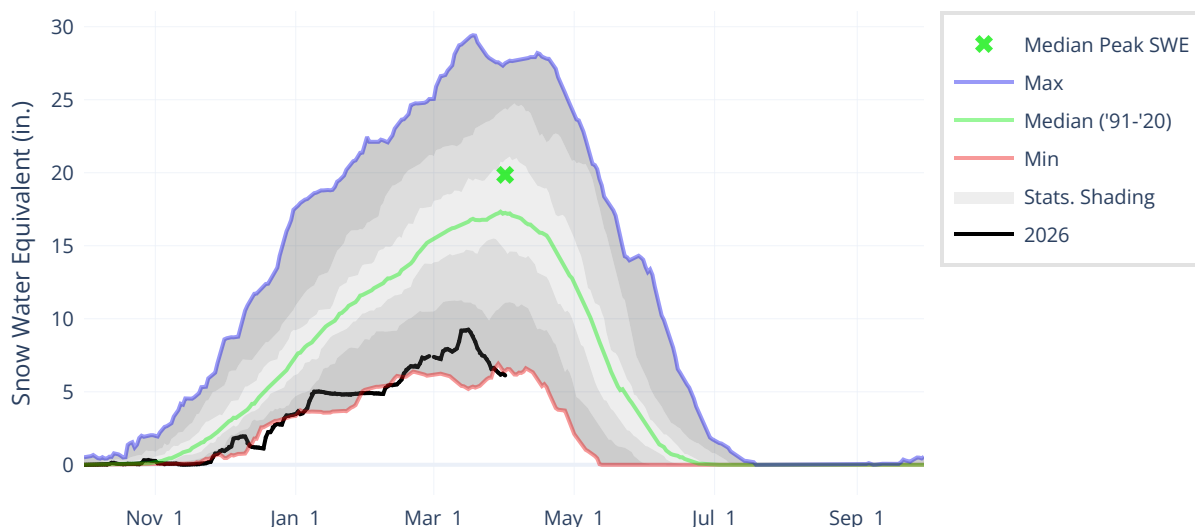
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 50% to 67% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Snake-Walla Walla Basin Summary

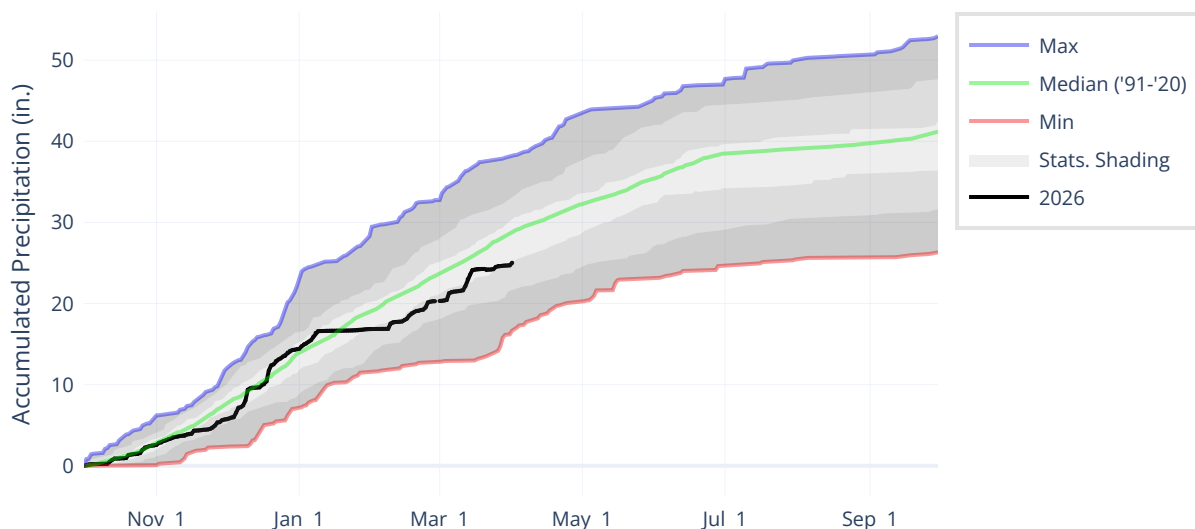
SNOWPACK



As of April 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 45% of median. This is lower than March 1 when the basin snowpack was 49% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



March precipitation is slightly above normal at 111% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - April 1) is 87% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of April 1, storage at Wallowa Lake is 115% of median.

Lower Snake-Walla Walla

Water Year 2026

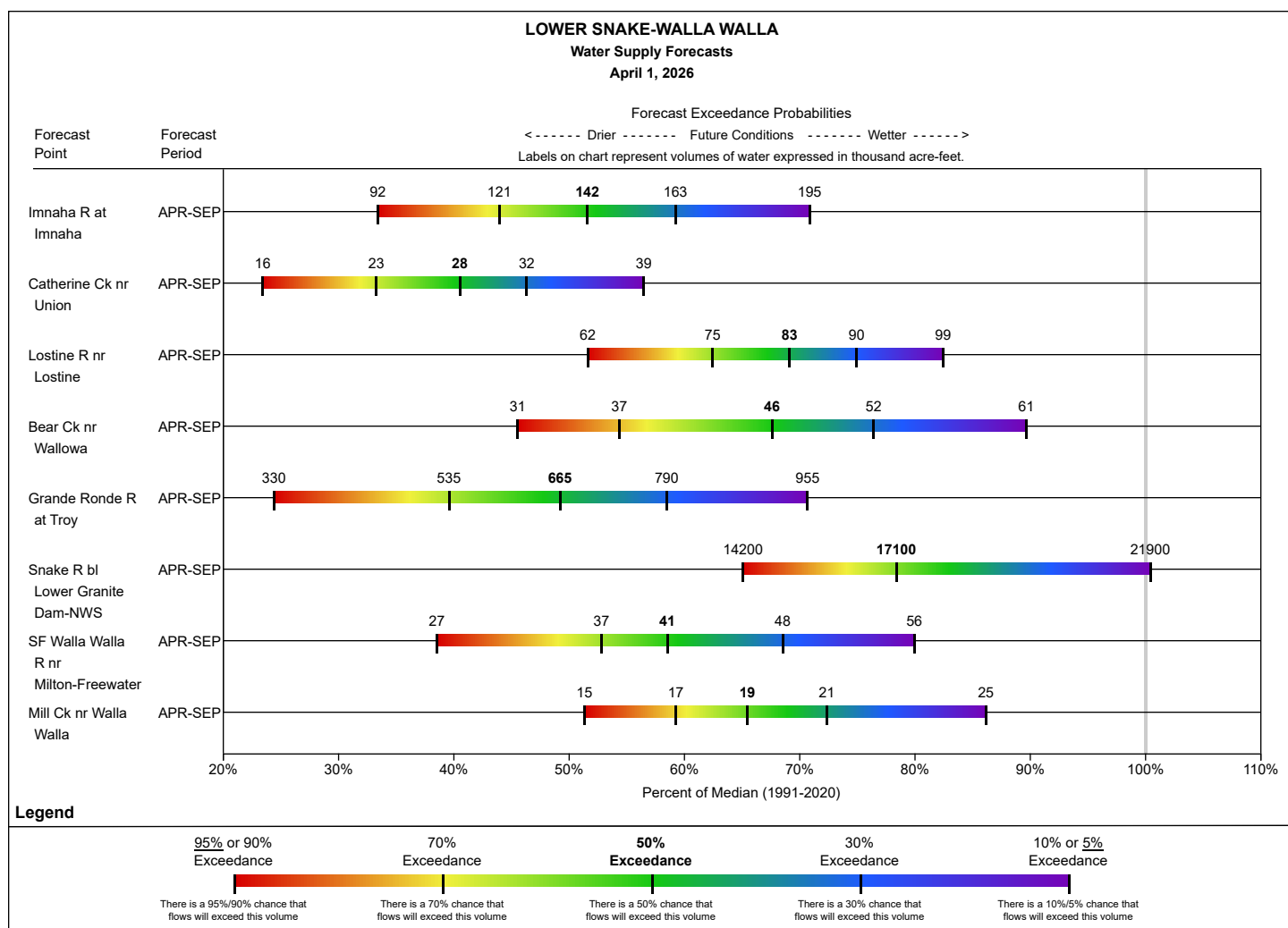
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Wallowa Lake	4380	37.5	18.4	49	21.238	57	115
Basin Index						57	115

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 41% to 78% of median.

To view data in tabular format, other forecast periods, and the forecast for Asotin Ck at Asotin, please view the basin data report [here](#).



Additional Resources

[Snow Survey & Water Supply Forecasting](#)

[Development and Interpretation of Water Supply Forecasts](#)

[User Guide to Forecast Charts](#)

For more water supply and resource management information, contact:

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This publication can be found online at:

[Washington | Snow Survey & Water Supply Program](#)

<https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/washington/snow-survey>

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