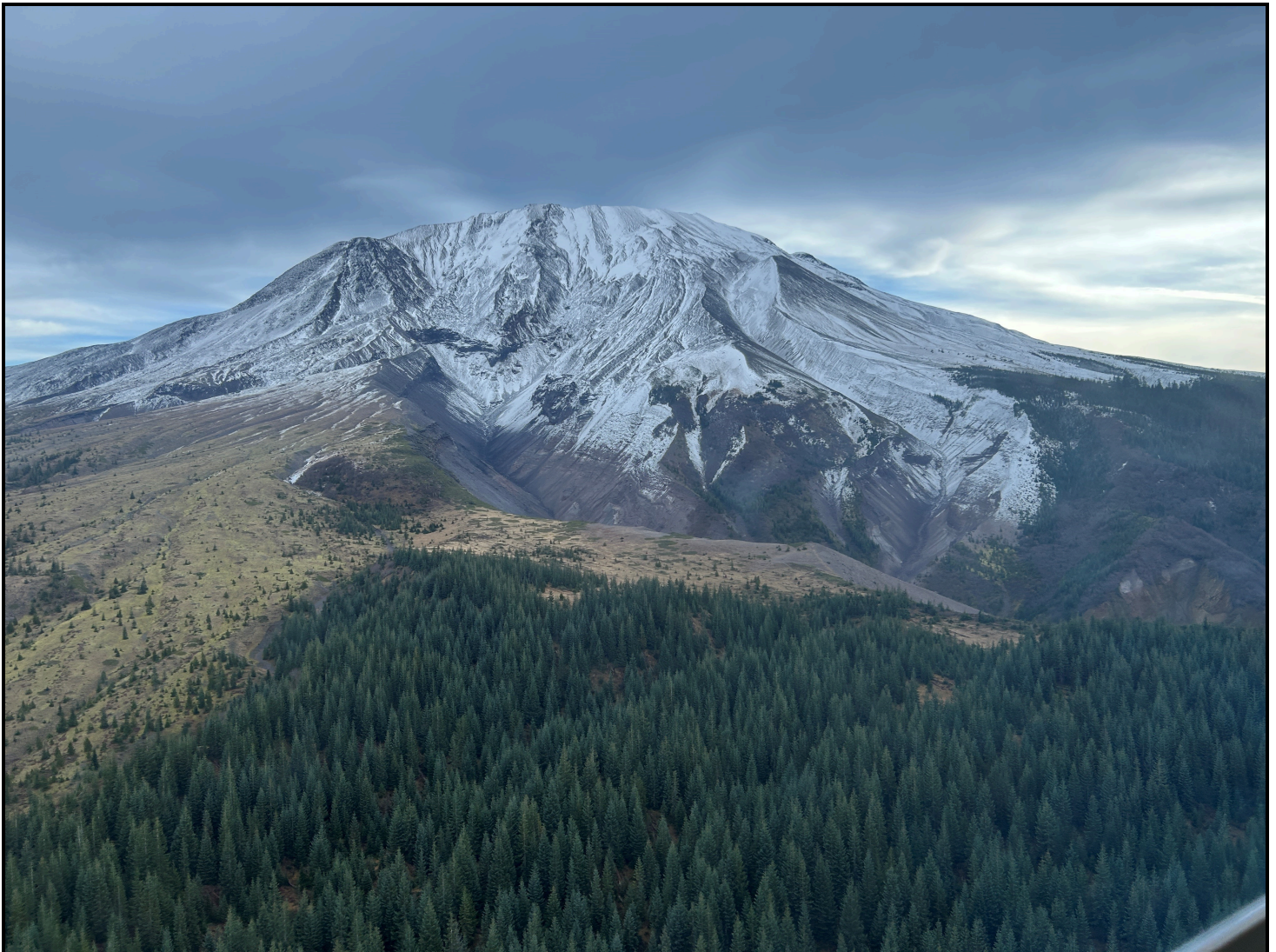


Washington Water Supply Outlook Report

January 1, 2026



Below normal snowpack late November, 2025. Aerial view, northwest flank of Mount St. Helens from South Fork Toutle River near Sheep Canyon SNOTEL site where snowpack is 39% of normal as of January 1st.

Source: Toby Rodgers, NRCS Hydrologist (Nov. 21, 2025)

Contents

Conditions Overview.....	3
North Puget Sound Basin.....	11
Central Puget Sound Basin.....	13
South Puget Sound Basin.....	15
Olympic Basin.....	17
Upper Columbia Basin.....	19
Central Columbia Basin.....	21
Lower Columbia Basin.....	23
Upper Yakima Basin.....	25
Lower Yakima Basin.....	27
Naches Basin.....	29
Klickitat Basin.....	31
Lower Pend Oreille Basin.....	33
Spokane Basin.....	35
Lower Snake-Walla Walla Basin.....	37
Resources.....	39

Contact for Report

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Summary

The snow accumulation season is off to a mixed start once again in Washington. Warm temperatures and below normal precipitation from October through November created early deficits in water year precipitation for much of the state. In early December, a very active storm pattern delivered dramatic impacts to seasonal precipitation. However, warm temperatures during those storms meant minimal snow accumulation throughout much of the forecast region. Precipitation totals for the water year across Washington are favorable, although the snowpack is well-below normal in all but a select few locations, generally the highest SNOTEL stations in the North Cascades. Many SNOTEL stations, most notably in the central and southern portion of the Washington Cascades, recorded record low Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) values for mid-December. Considering most of the annual streamflow for our state originates as snowpack in the mountains, significant accumulation is needed into early spring to catch up to normal snowpack and streamflow conditions. Although a storm cycle beginning in late December started to make positive impacts just prior to publication of this report, poor snowpack conditions persist across parts of the state as of January 1st.

Water Supply Forecasts (WSFs) for Jan. 1 (based on 50%-exceedance predictions) are generally near normal to slightly below normal across the state, with a notable exception of slightly above normal WSFs in the Upper Columbia Basin. Most of the snow accumulation season is still ahead. Jan. 1 forecasts have inherently higher uncertainty due to a weak relationship between Jan. 1 conditions and late spring/early summer streamflow.

**Note that basin conditions outlined in this report include data from stations within the SNOTEL and SNOLITE network, and/or cooperator weather stations.*

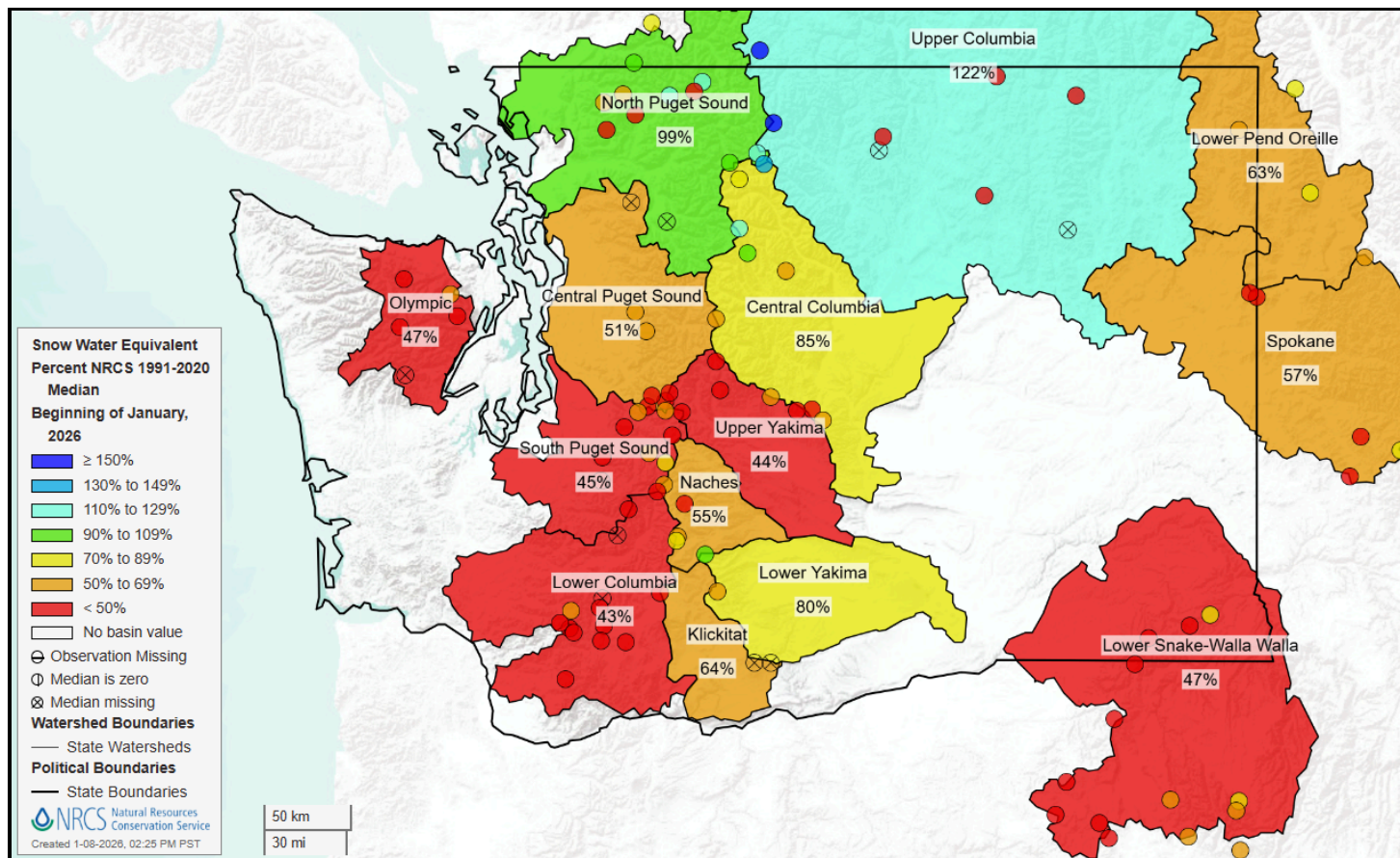


Stampede Pass SNOTEL site on December 31st, 2025. SWE had recovered from a record low of 0% normal on Dec. 14th to 42% of normal on Dec. 31st.

Source: Jeff Hosman, Snow Surveyor, Bureau of Reclamation-Yakima Field Office (December 31st, 2025)

Snow Water Equivalent

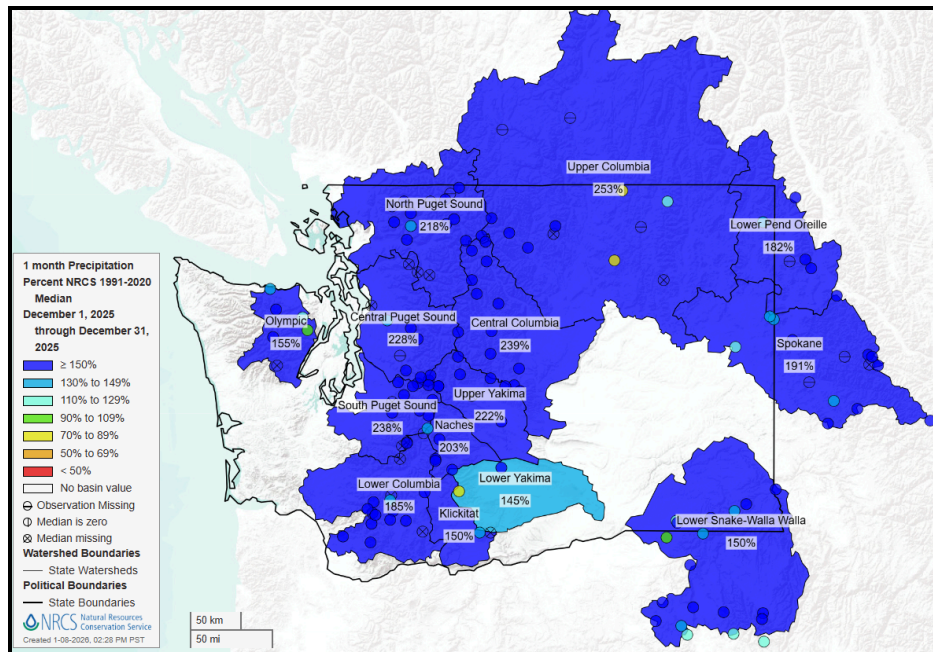
Statewide snowpack varies but is generally well below normal as of Jan. 1. The exception is in the Methow basin and portions of the Upper Columbia and Skagit River basin. Some SNOTEL stations near Washington Pass and Lake Chelan are recording slightly above to well above normal snowpack. However, the majority of SNOTEL stations in the Cascade and Olympic Mountains, the Okanogan Highlands into the Rocky Mountains, and in the Blue Mountains, are slightly below to well below normal for the water year.



Basin snowpack (% of median) as of January 1.

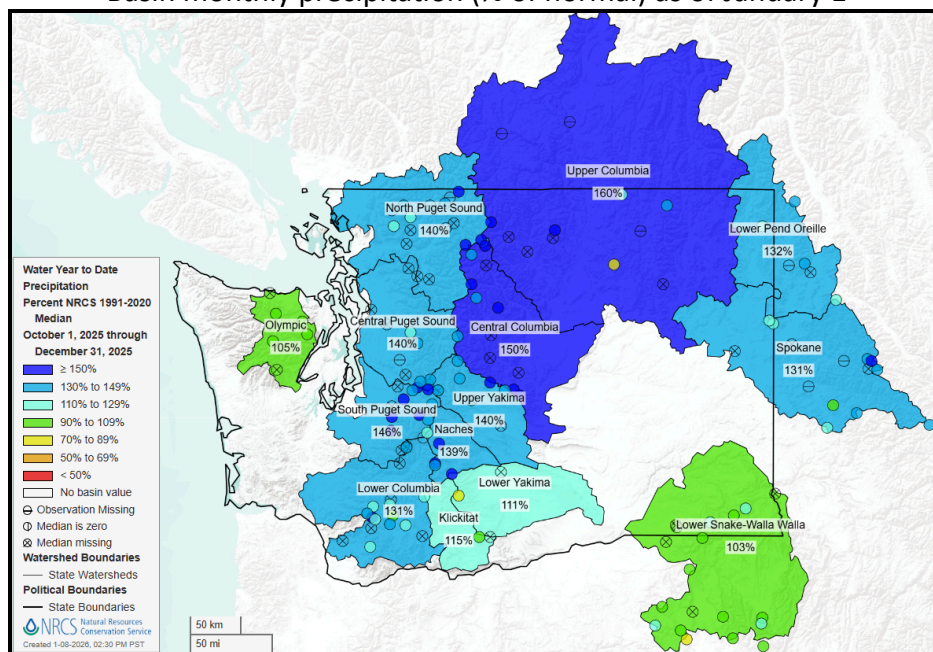
Precipitation

November was relatively dry across much of the state with several stations recording below normal precipitation. In December, precipitation totals increased dramatically due to atmospheric river impacts that were felt across most of Washington. As of Jan. 1, water year precipitation statewide was well above normal with all basins reporting slightly above normal to well above normal. Generally, basins in northern Washington were well above normal and basins to the south are above normal for precipitation.



Monthly

Basin monthly precipitation (% of normal) as of January 1



Water Year

Basin water-year precipitation (% of normal) as of January 1

Reservoir Storage
Percent NRCs 1991-2020
Median
End of December, 2025

- ≥ 150%
- 130% to 149%
- 110% to 129%
- 90% to 109%
- 70% to 89%
- 50% to 69%
- < 50%

⊖ Observation missing

Watershed Boundaries
— State Watersheds

Political Boundaries
— State Boundaries

NRCs Natural Resources Conservation Service

Created 1-08-2026, 02:31 PM PST

100 km
50 mi

Upper Columbia
Lower Pend Oreille
Spokane
Central Columbia
Central Puget Sound
Olympic
South Puget Sound
Upper Yakima
Naches
Lower Columbia
Lower Yakima
Klickitat
Lower Snake-Walla Walla

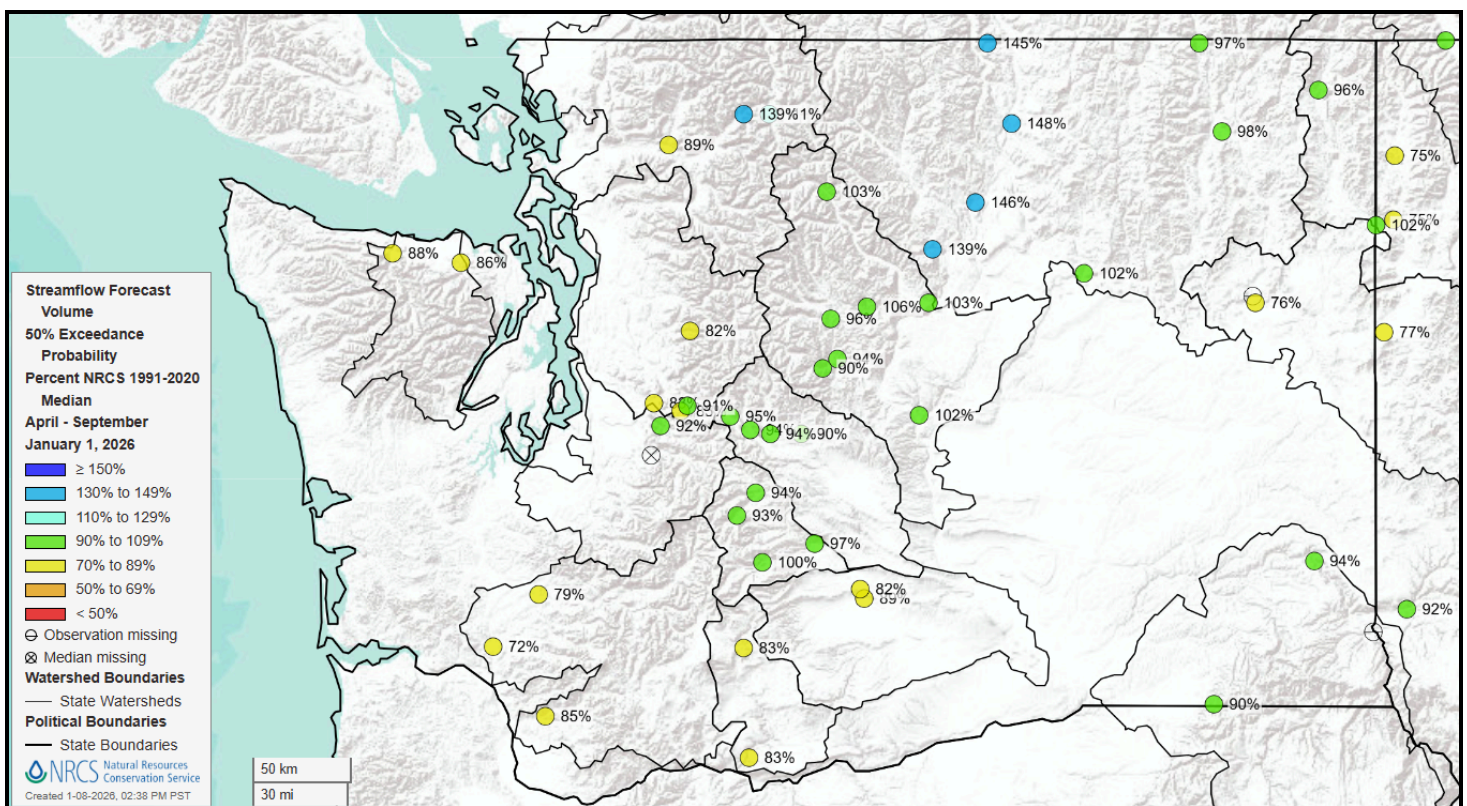
103%
110%
64%
132%
259%
142%
101%
147%
158%
140%
152%
102%
119%
118%
87%
79%
138%
102%
53%
107%

Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting Program

Streamflow and Forecasts

Observed streamflow volumes for Washington in the month of December were well above normal, owing to the amount of runoff during the December storms. Higher antecedent streamflow and soil moisture conditions exist for much of the forecast region which can affect forecast conditions. Water Supply Forecasts (WSFs) for Jan. 1 (based on 50%-exceedance predictions) are generally near normal to slightly below normal across the state, with a notable exception of above normal in the Upper Columbia Basin. Forecasts for the Upper Columbia basin are influenced by stations in Canada where SWE is normal to above normal. Most of the snow accumulation season is still ahead, thus Jan. 1 forecasts have an inherently higher uncertainty due to a weaker relationship between Jan. 1 conditions and late spring to early summer streamflow.

View the map for December observed streamflow [here](#).

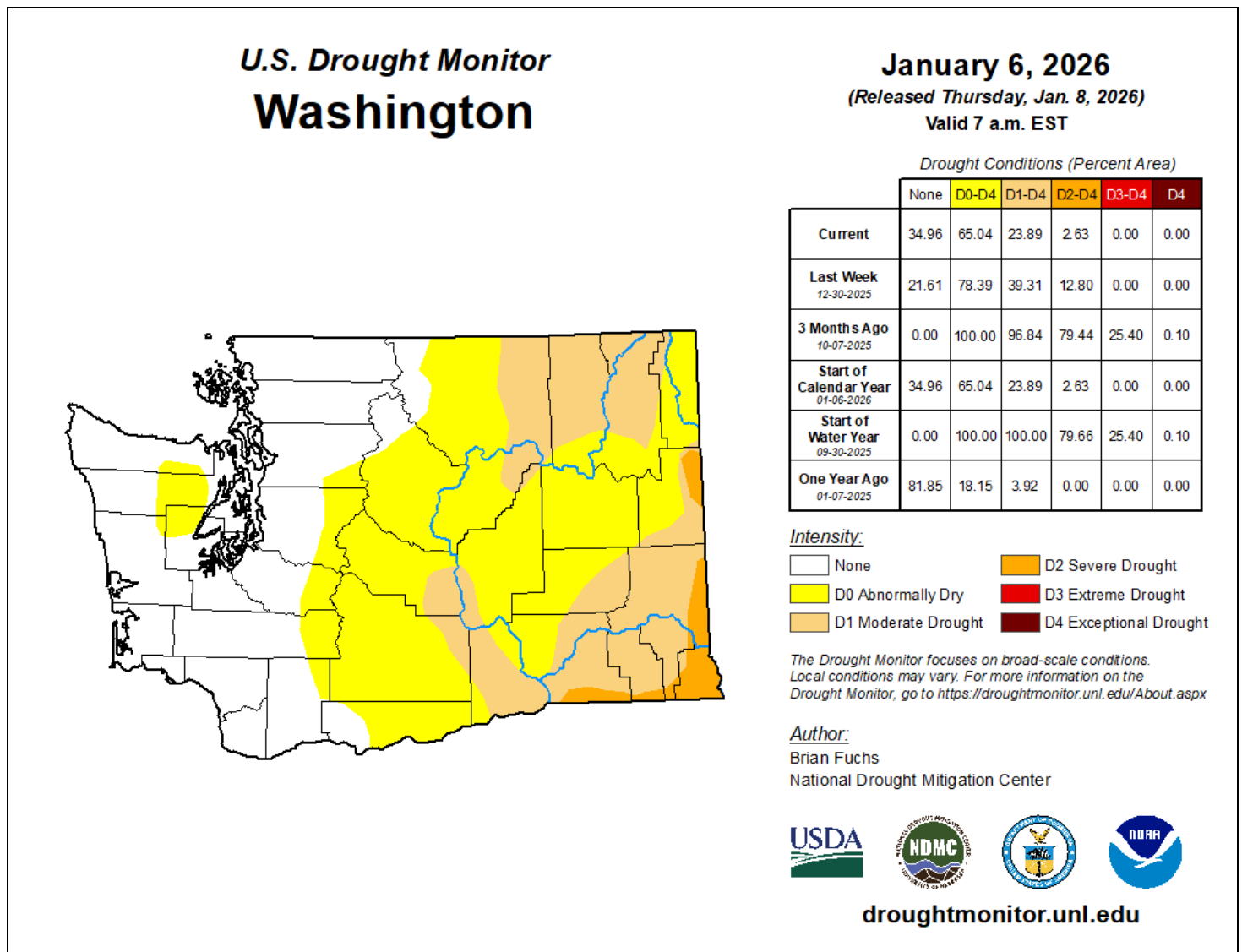


Streamflow forecasts (% of normal) for the primary period as of January 1

Drought

As of the beginning of January, 39% of the state was in abnormally dry conditions, while a further 26% is in some drought category (D1-D2). These areas are largely east of the Cascades, with portions of the Blue Mountains categorized as severe drought.

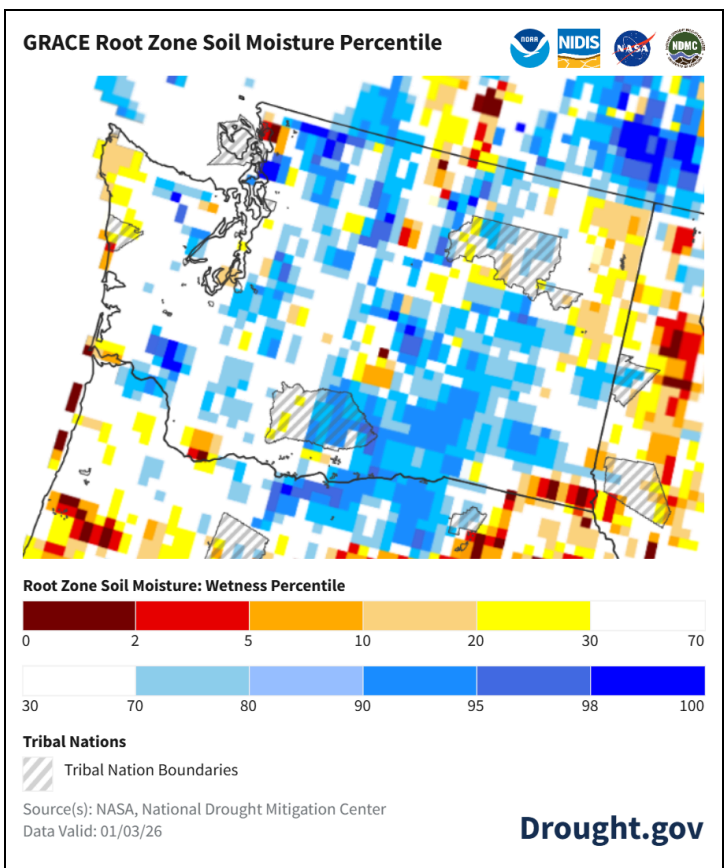
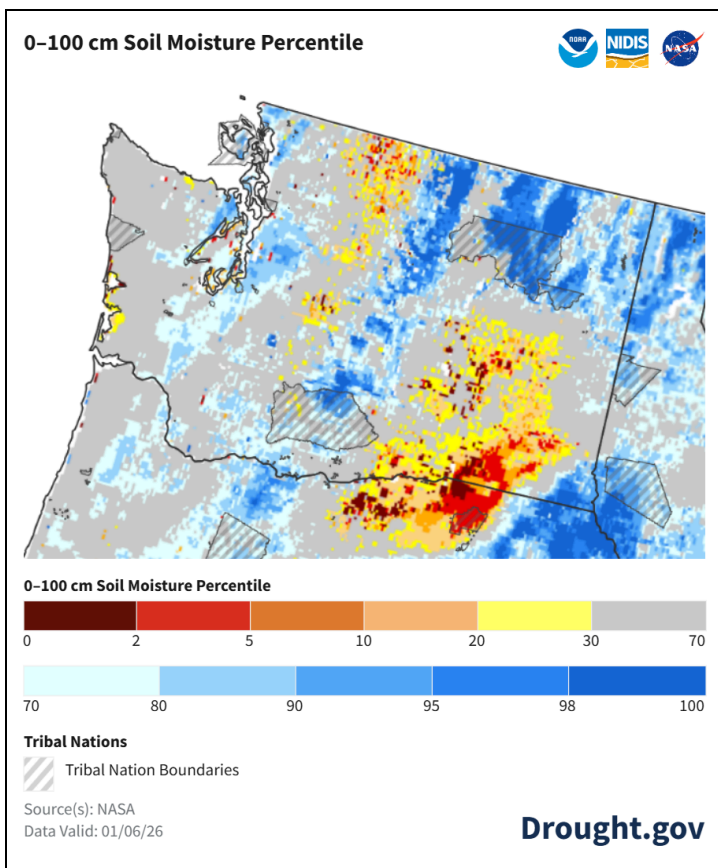
This represents an improvement of conditions since the beginning of the water year, when 96% of the state was in some drought category (D1-D4), with 79% in severe drought or higher (D2-D4).



Soils

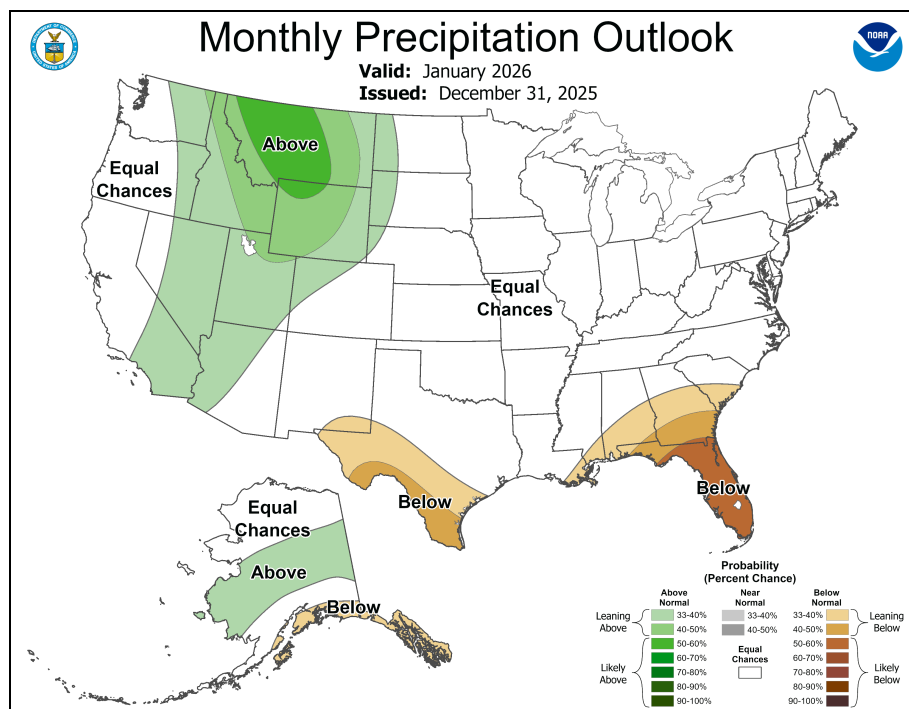
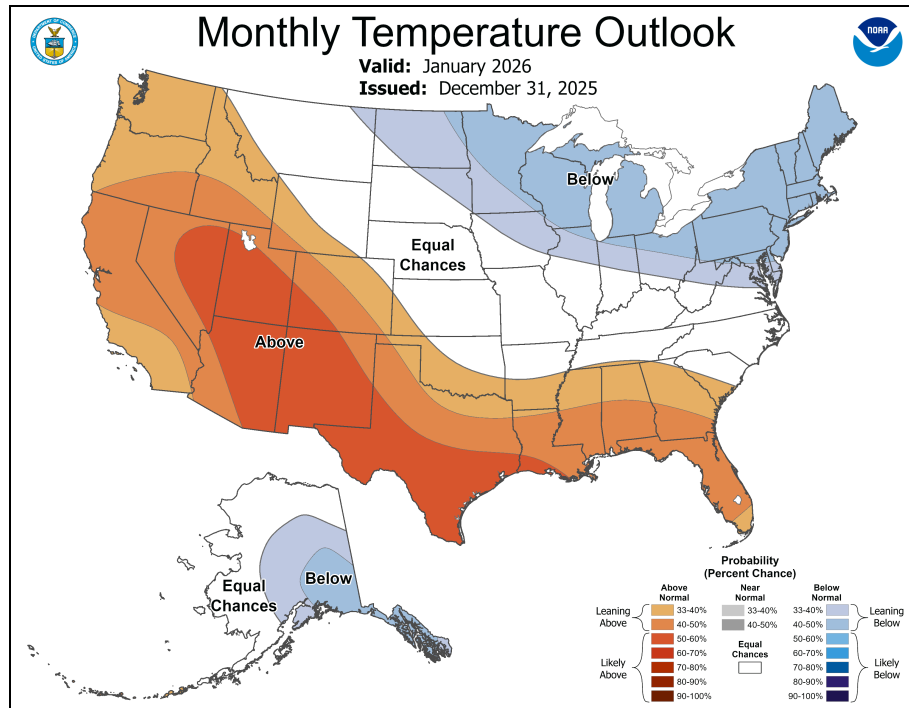
Soil moisture products shown below generally indicate wetter than normal 0-100 cm soils across the eastern portion of the Cascade Range and in parts of western Washington where more precipitation has fallen in the form of rain, in addition to the Okanogan mountains. Portions of the North Cascades and Columbia Plateau have drier than normal 0-100 cm soils, but Columbia Plateau soils are wetter than normal in the root zone.

Soil moisture conditions are useful in assessing current drought and future drought potential. In addition, soil moisture is generally a good indicator of the efficiency of snowmelt runoff into streamflow in the spring. Drier soils tend to absorb more water from snowmelt than wetter soils, thus less melt is translated into streamflow (i.e. low efficiency). Soil moisture generally recovers each year during late fall and early winter, before precipitation begins falling mainly as snow. Therefore, early-season soil moisture can be essential for increasing runoff efficiency in the spring.



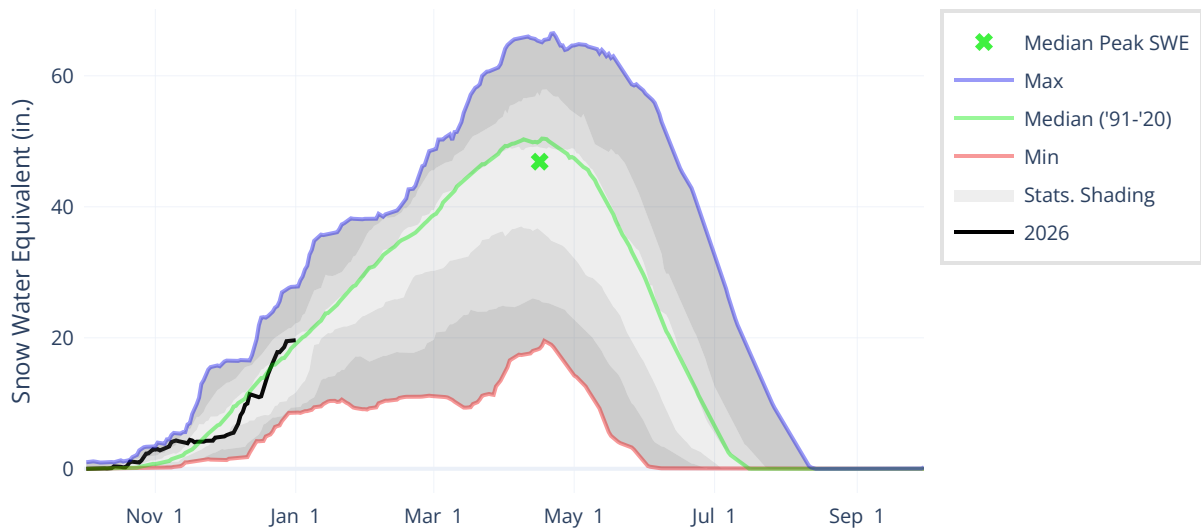
Monthly Outlook

NOAA's Climate Prediction Center's January Outlook calls for greater chances of above normal temperatures and equal chances of above or below normal precipitation for western Washington, with greater chances of above normal precipitation for the eastern portion of the state.



North Puget Sound Basin Summary

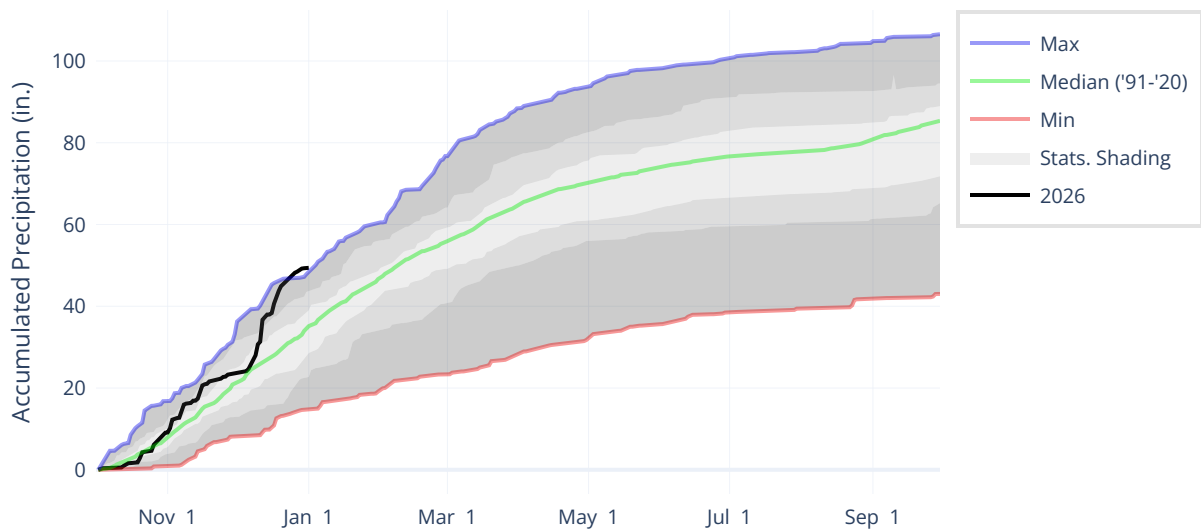
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is near normal at 99% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 58% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 218% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 140% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Lake Shannon is 110% of median. Storage at Ross is 109% of median, and storage at Upper Baker is 99% of median.

North Puget Sound

Water Year 2026

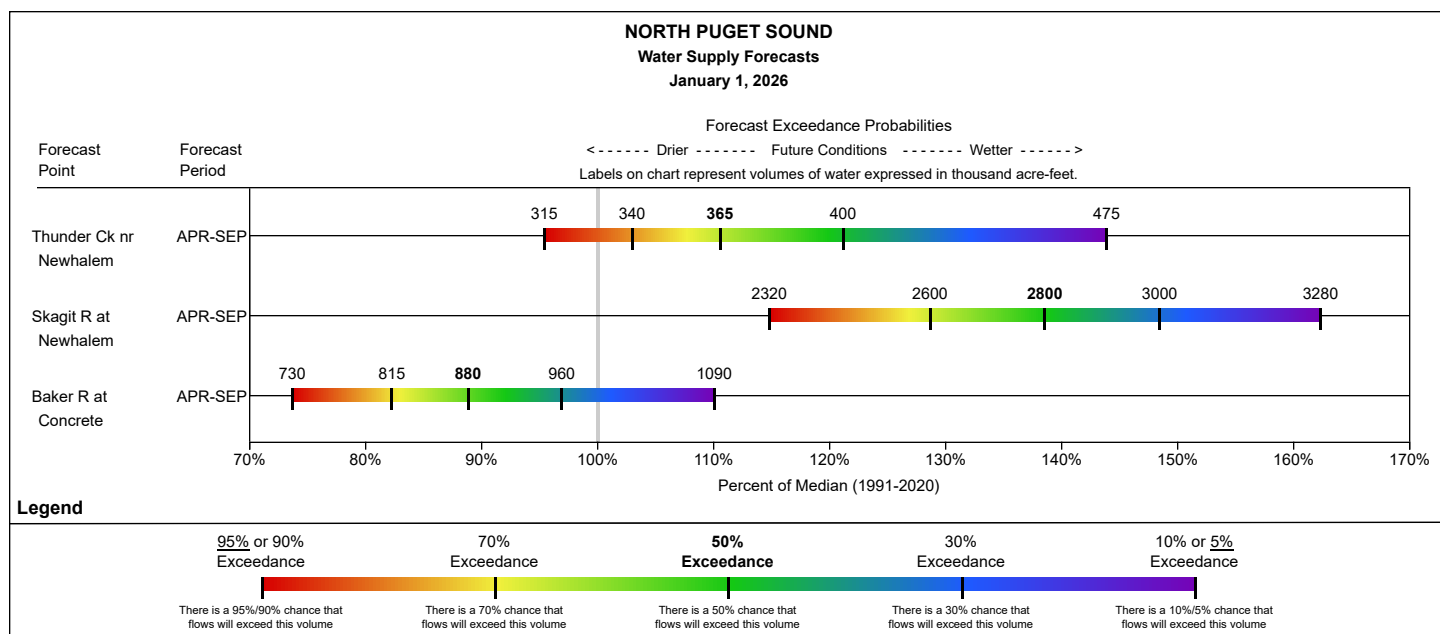
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Shannon	420	116.853	105	90	115.9	99	110
Ross	1550	1434.67	1133	79	1234.37	86	109
Upper Baker	720	162.7	107.6	66	106.4	65	99
Basin Index						85	108

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

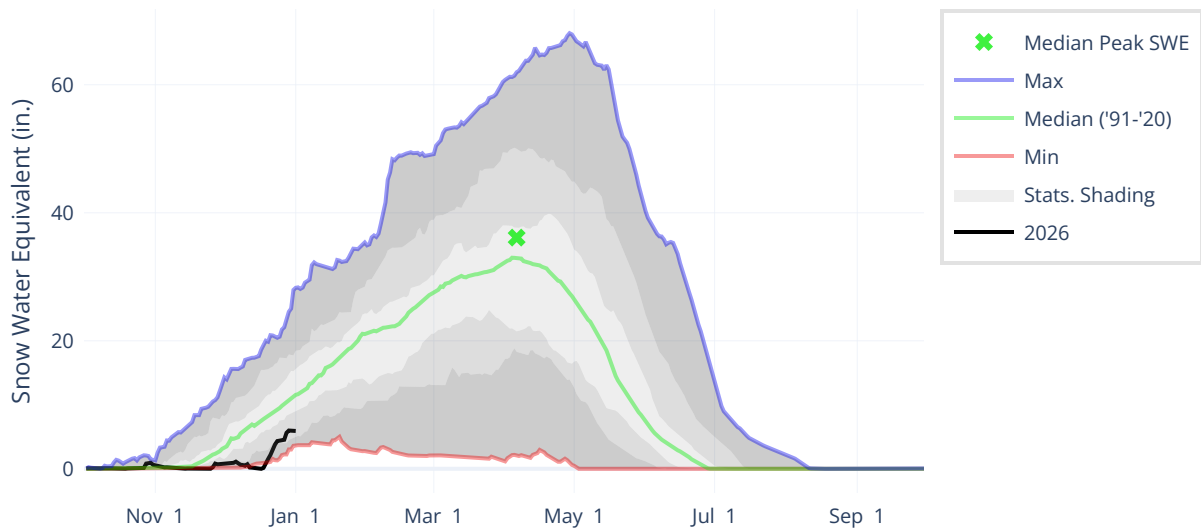
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 89% to 139% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Central Puget Sound Basin Summary

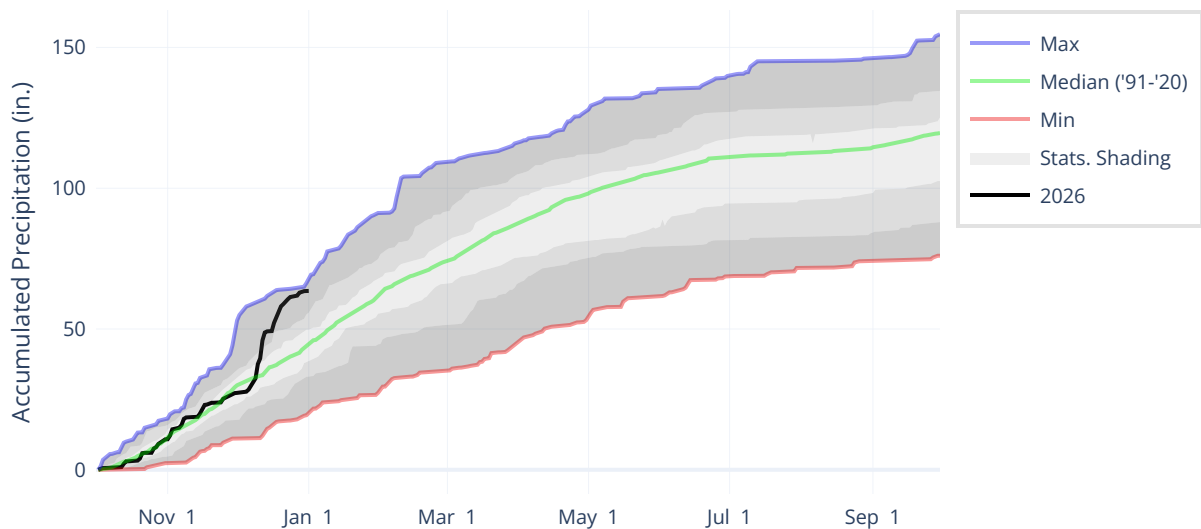
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 51% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 22% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



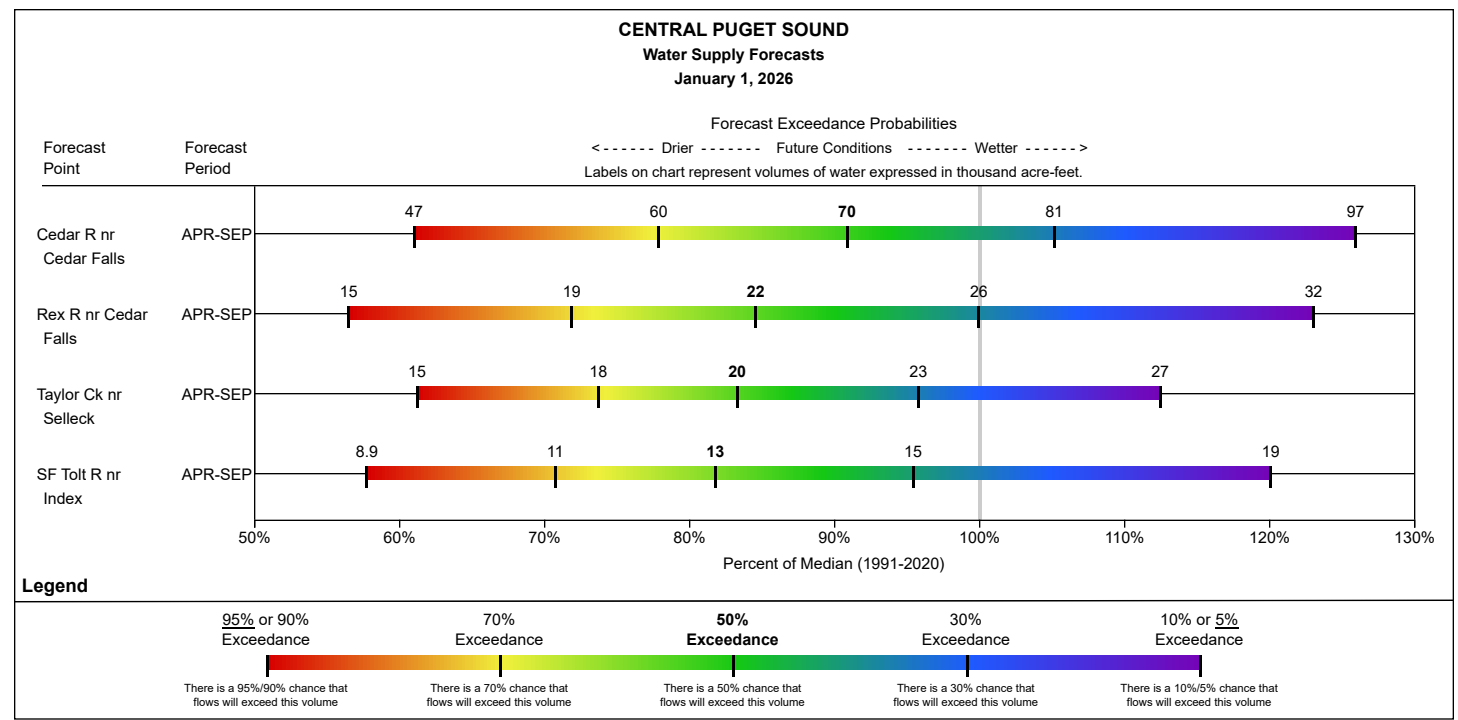
December precipitation is well above normal at 228% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 140% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

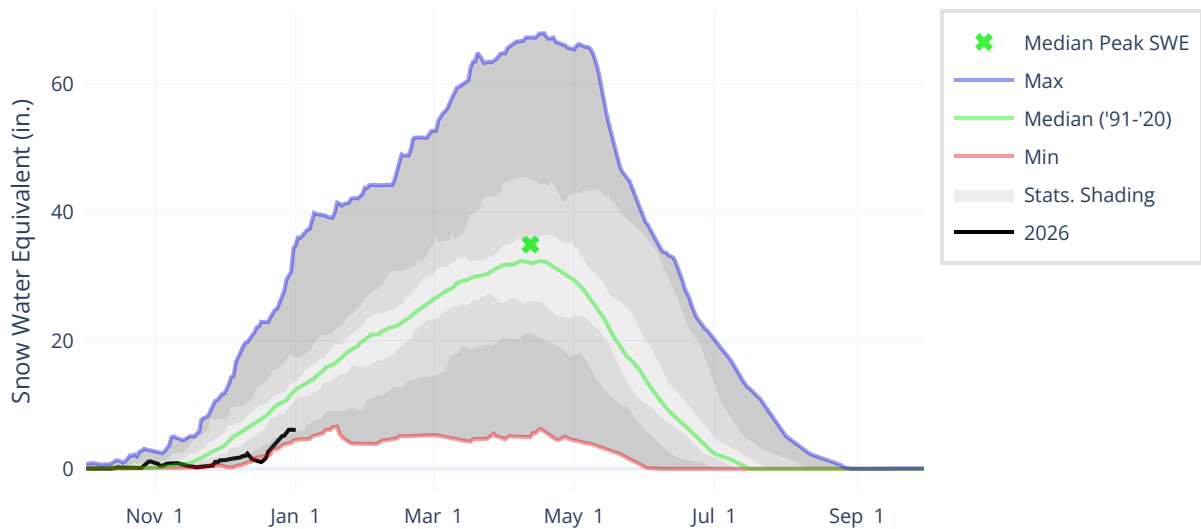
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 82% to 91% of median.
 For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



South Puget Sound Basin Summary

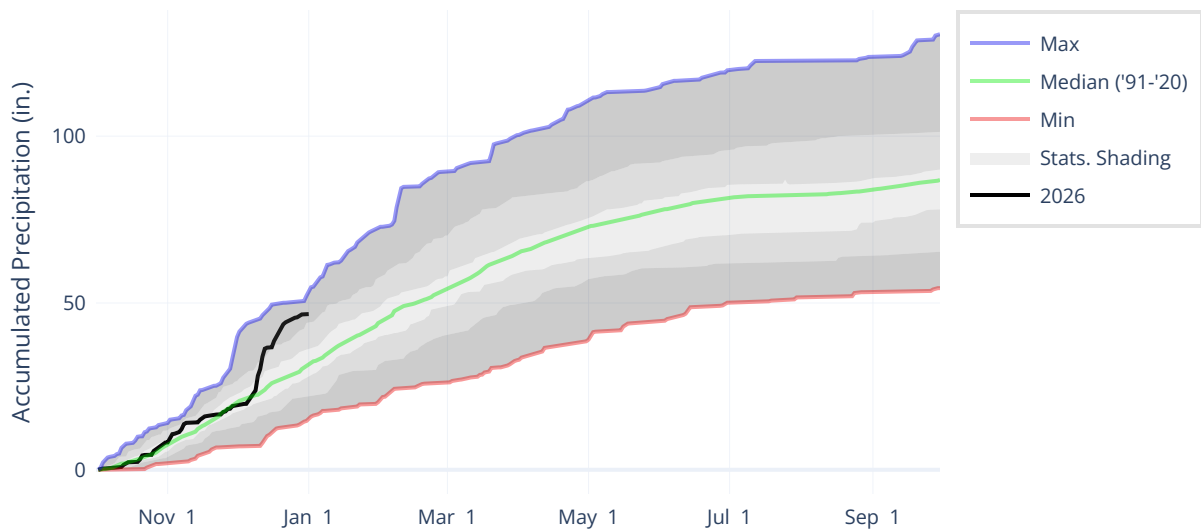
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 45% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 35% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 238% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 146% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Howard Hansen is 101% of median.

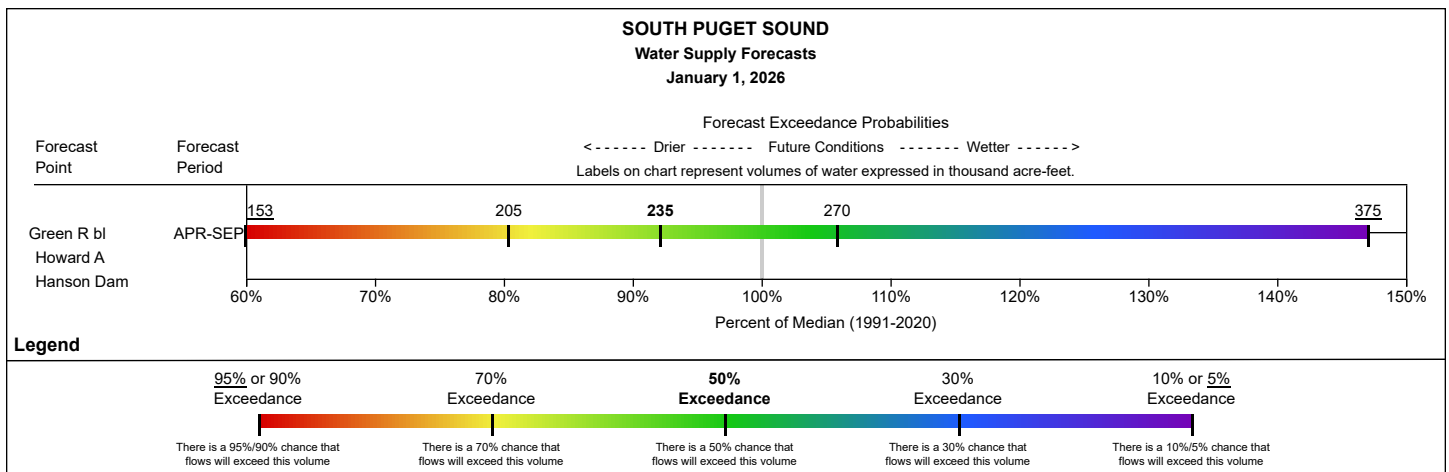
South Puget Sound					Water Year 2026		
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Howard Hansen	1140	106	1.99	2	2.006	2	101
Basin Index						2	101

▸ View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

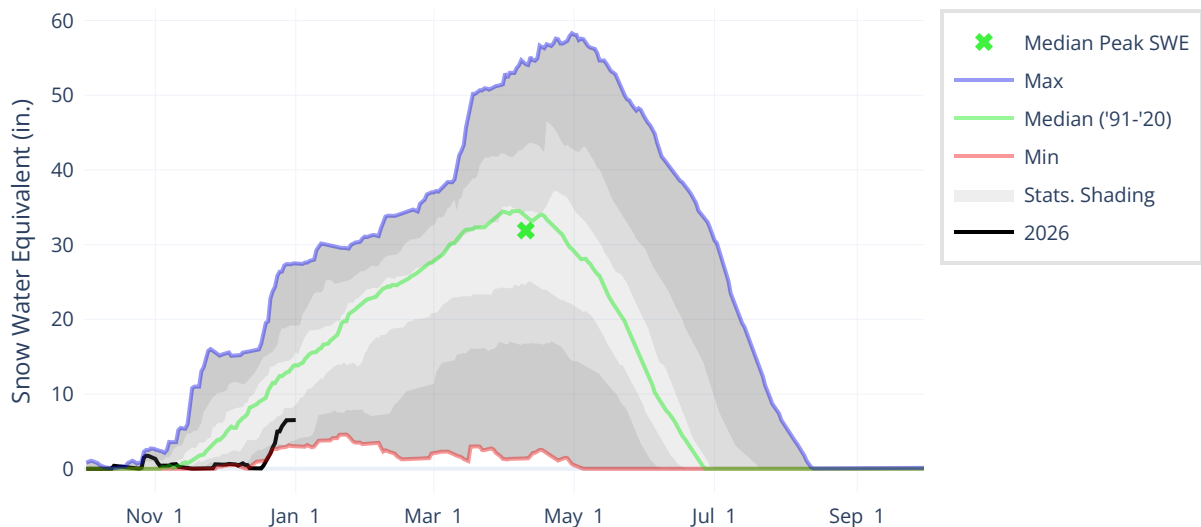
The April through September streamflow forecast in the basin is 92% of median.

To view data in tabular format, other forecast periods, and the forecast for White R bl Clearwater R nr Buckley, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Olympic Basin Summary

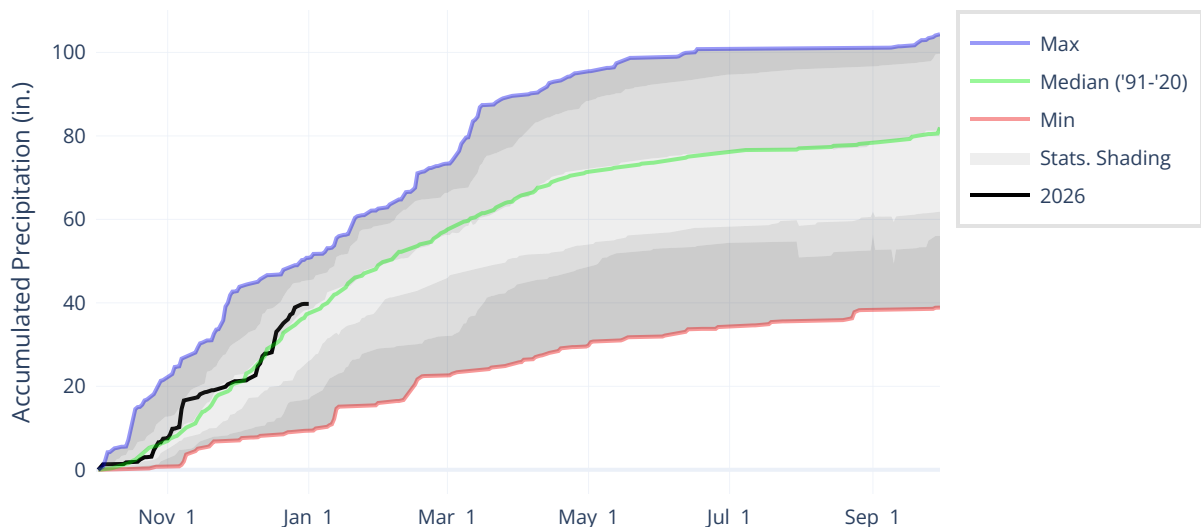
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 47% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 12% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



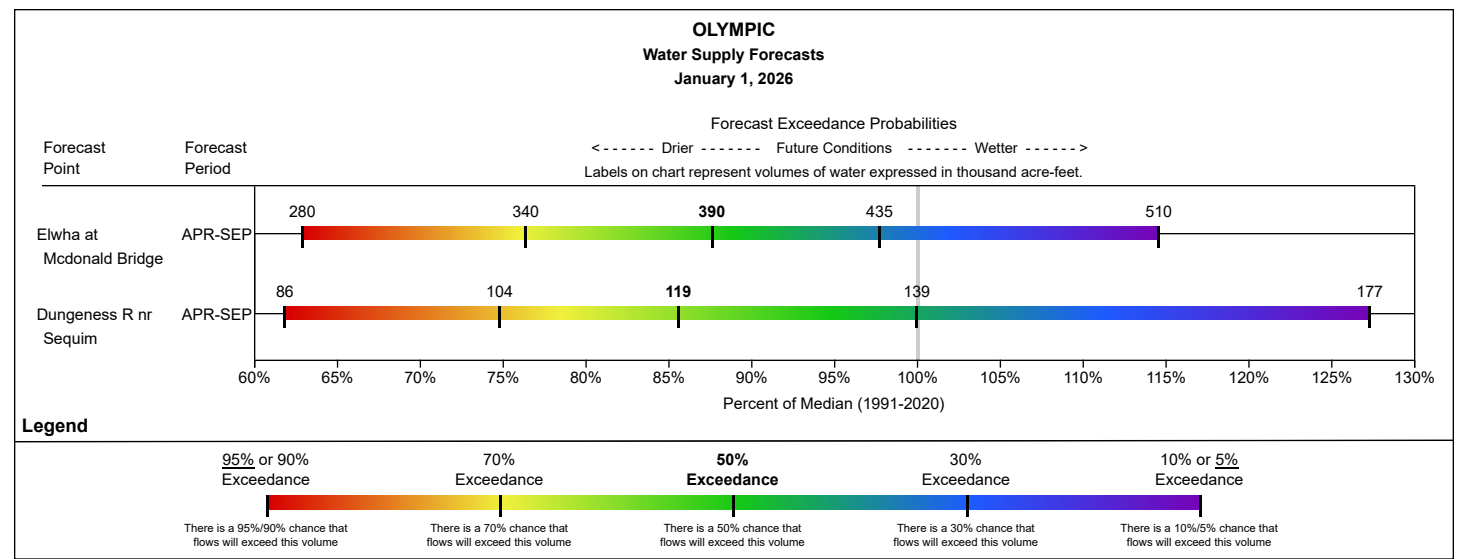
December precipitation is well above normal at 155% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 105% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

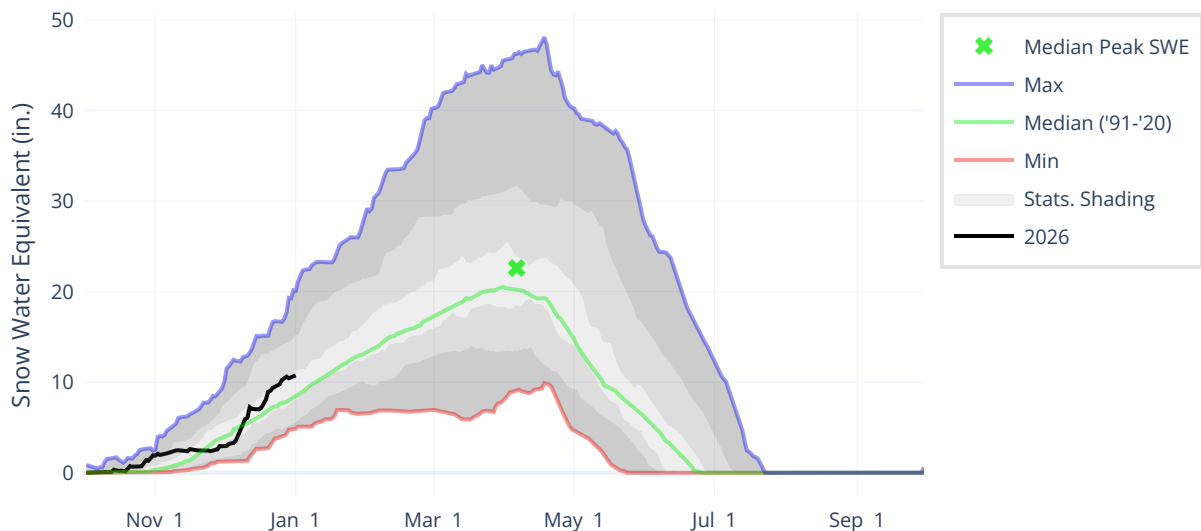
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 86% to 88% of median.
 For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Upper Columbia Basin Summary

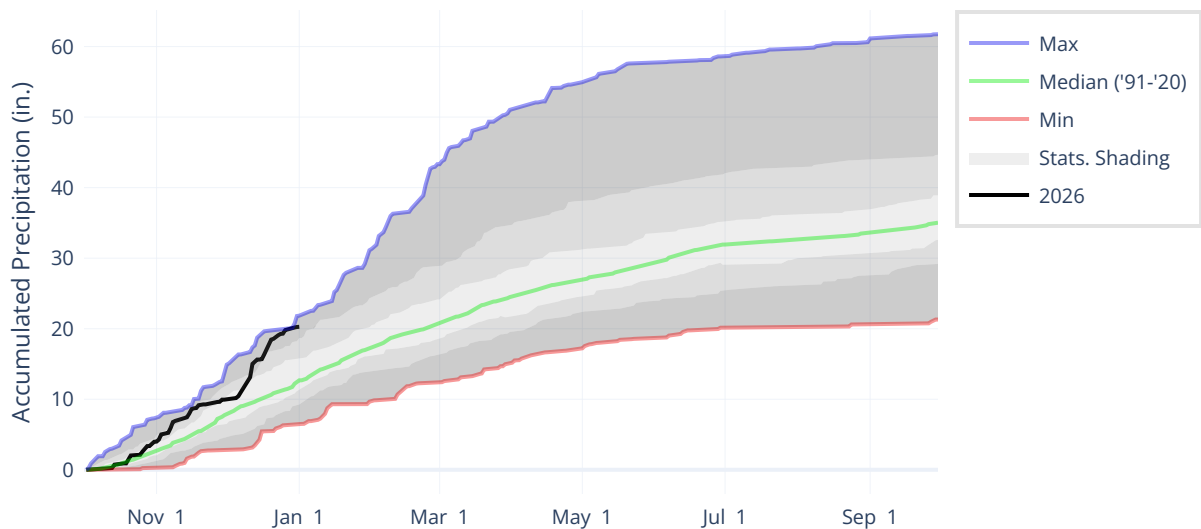
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is slightly above normal at 113% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 75% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 253% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 160% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Conconully Lake (Salmon Lake Dam) is 64% of median and Conconully Reservoir is 87% of median.

Upper Columbia

Water Year 2026

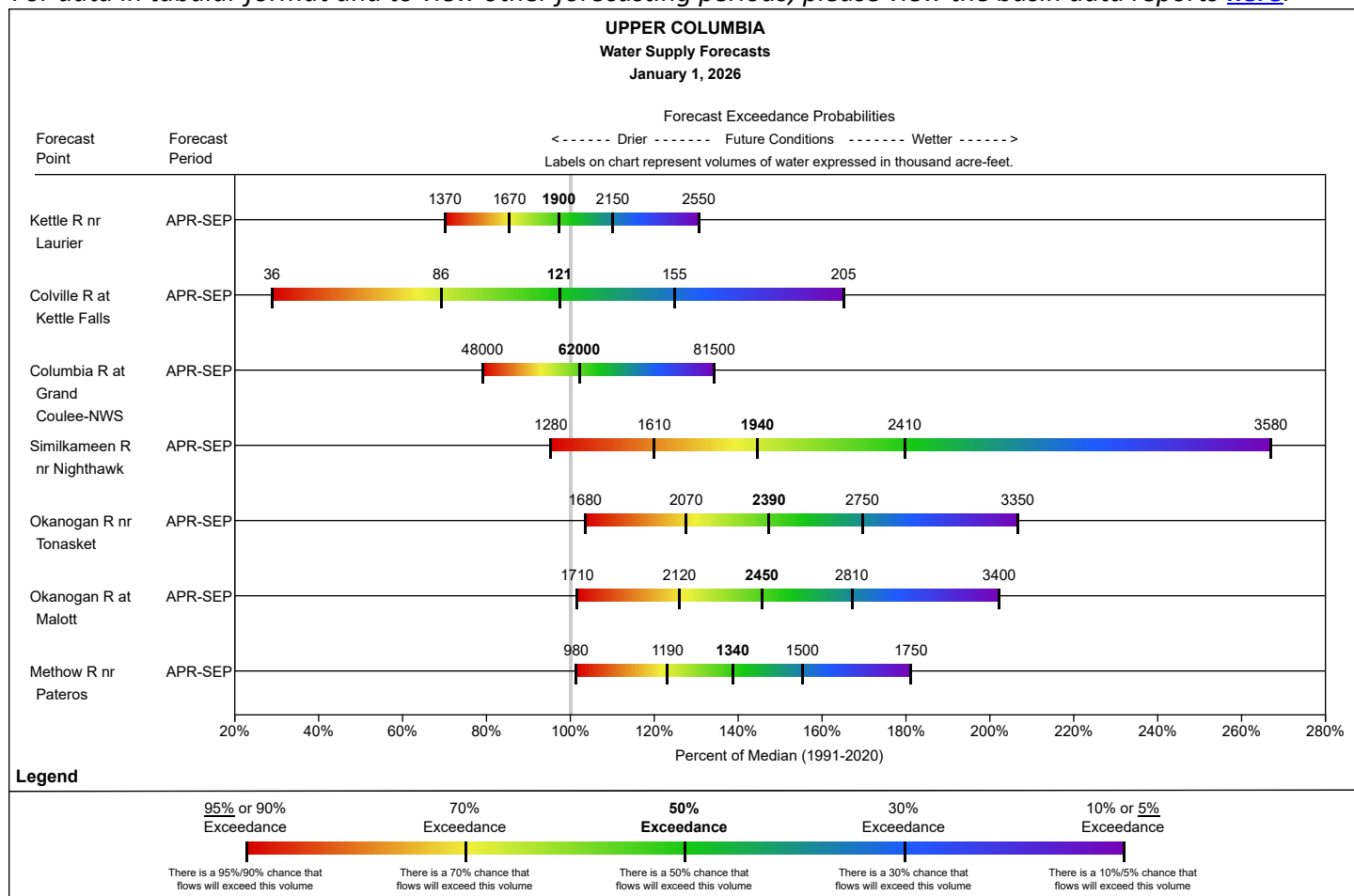
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Conconully Lake (Salmon Lake Dam)	2350	10.5	7.7	73	4.91	47	64
Conconully Reservoir	2290	13	7.6	58	6.616	51	87
Basin Index						49	75

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

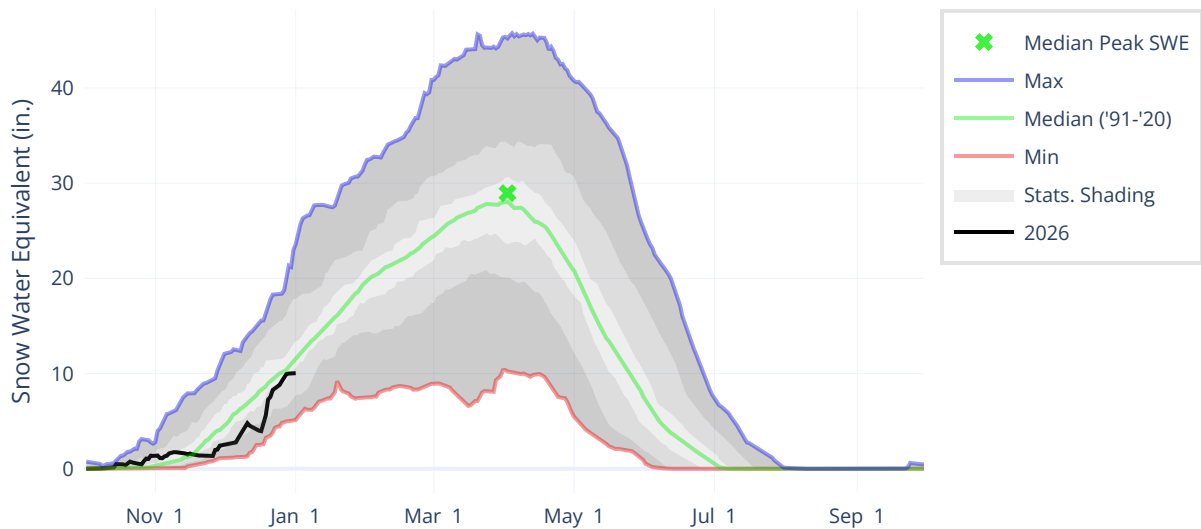
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 97% to 148% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Central Columbia Basin Summary

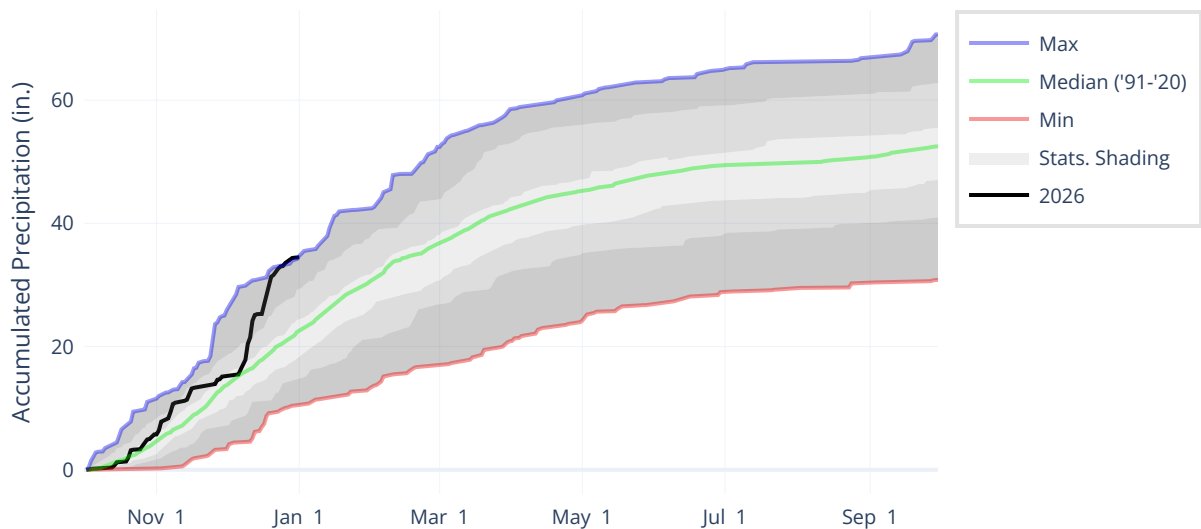
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is slightly below normal at 82% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 52% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 244% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 152% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Lake Chelan is 142% of median.

Central Columbia

Water Year 2026

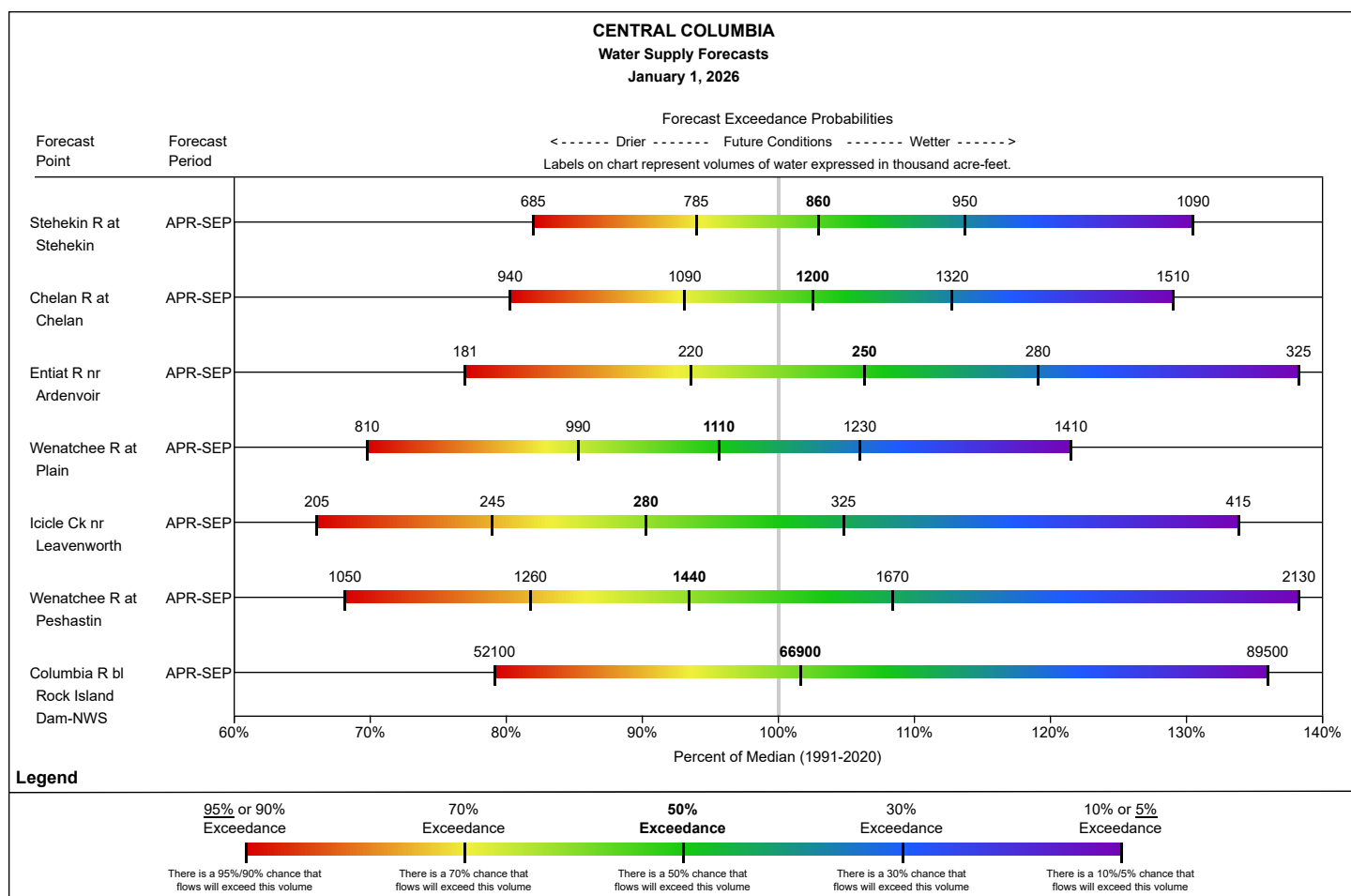
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Chelan	1090	676.1	386.8	57	549.8	81	142
Basin Index						81	142

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

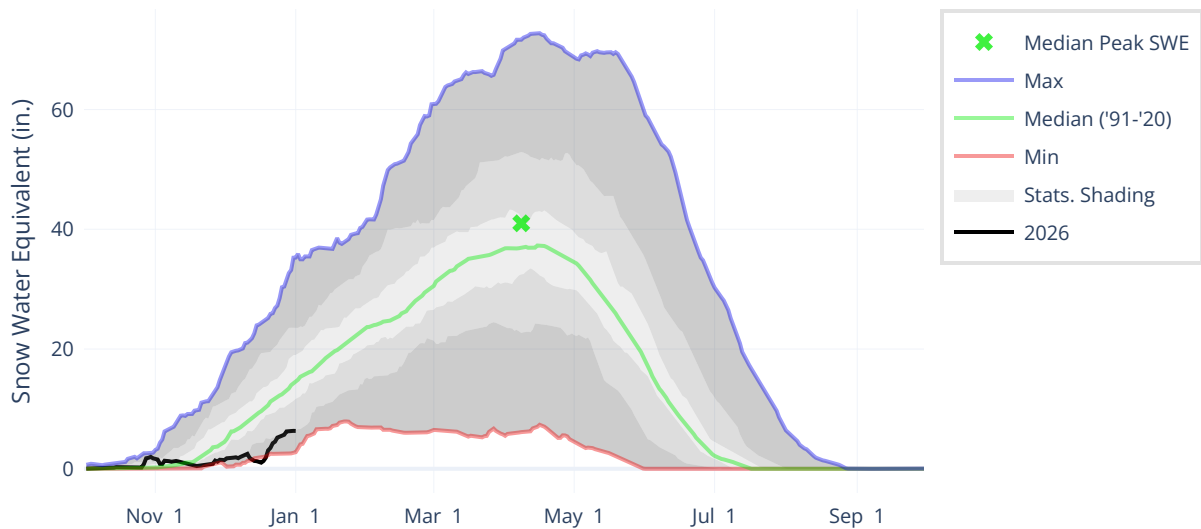
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 90% to 106% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Columbia Basin Summary

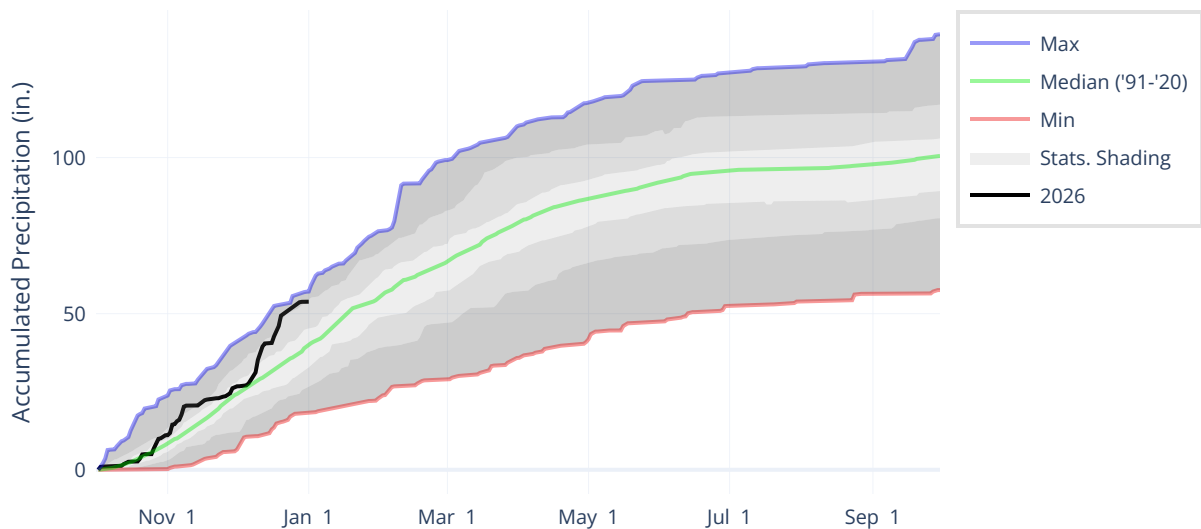
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 43% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 35% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 185% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 131% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Mayfield is 102% of median and Mossyrock Dam (Riffe Lk) is 121% of median.

Lower Columbia

Water Year 2026

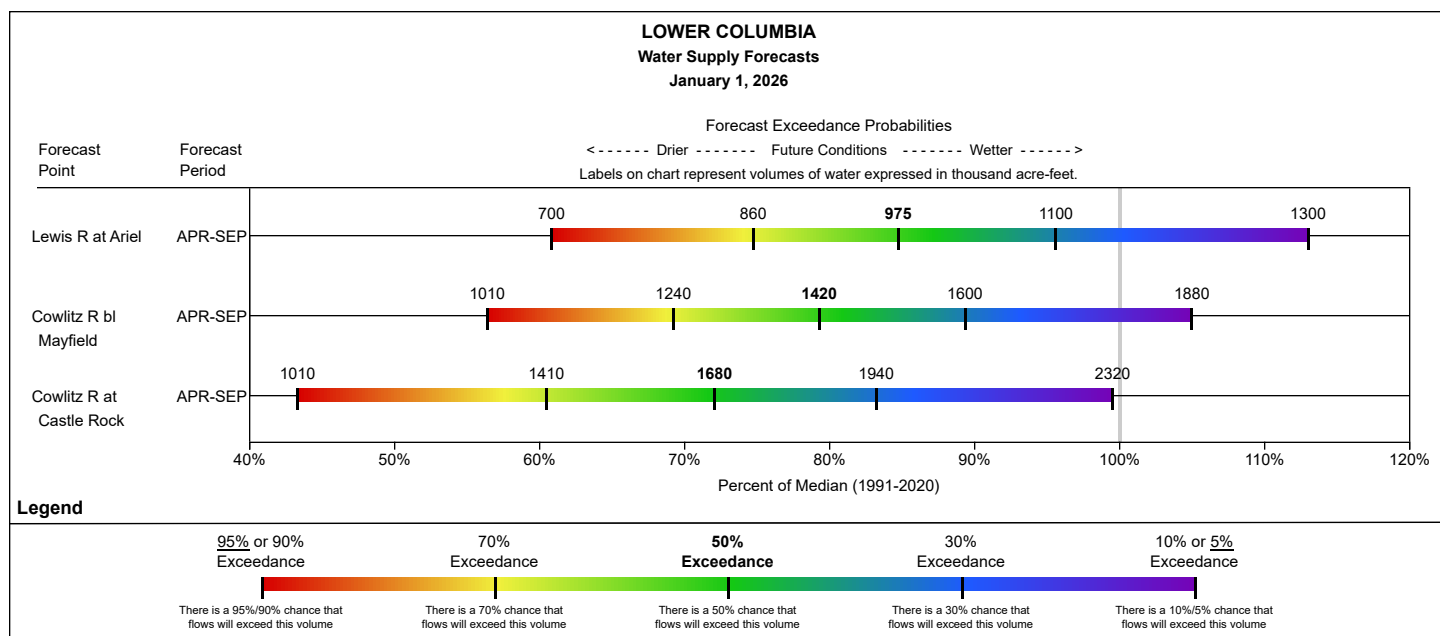
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Mayfield	430	133.72	128.2	96	130.7	98	102
Mossyrock Dam (Riffe Lk)	780	1298.002	822.2	63	992.6	76	121
Basin Index						78	118

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

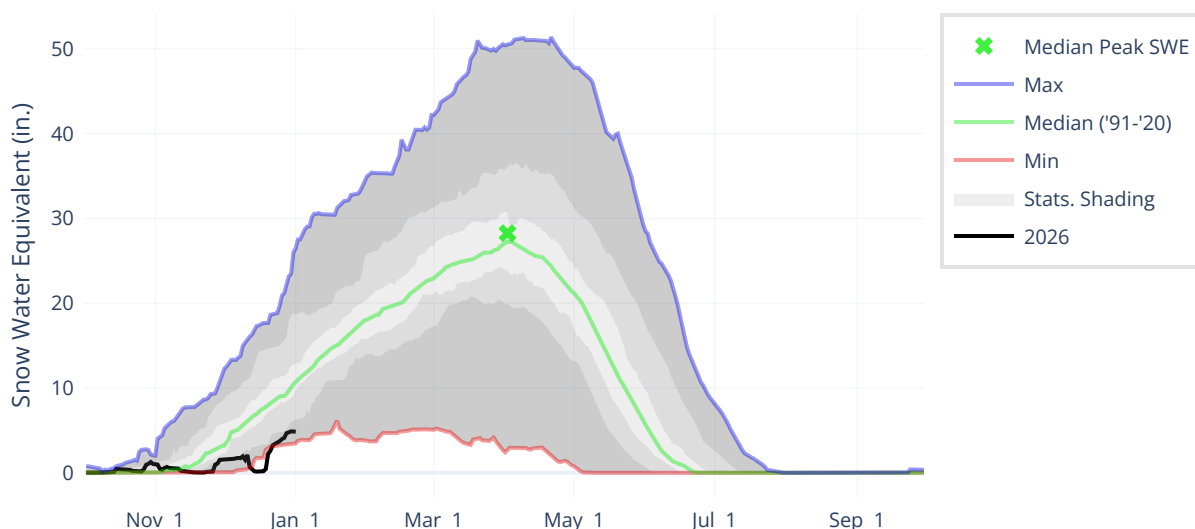
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 72% to 85% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Upper Yakima Basin Summary

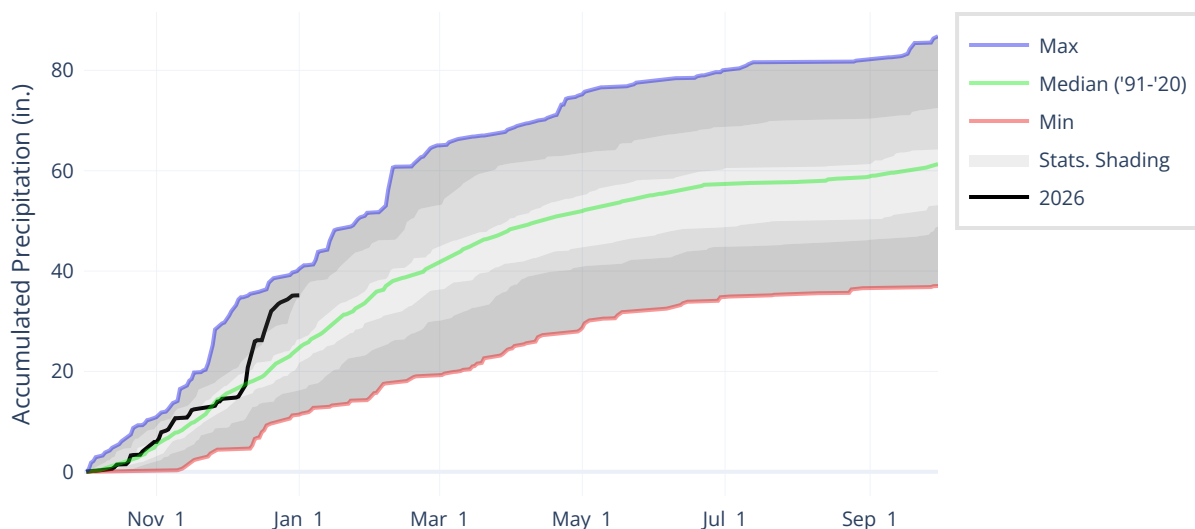
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 46% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 42% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 222% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 140% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Cle Elum is 158% of median. Storage at Kachess is 86% of median, and storage at Keechelus is 147% of median.

Upper Yakima

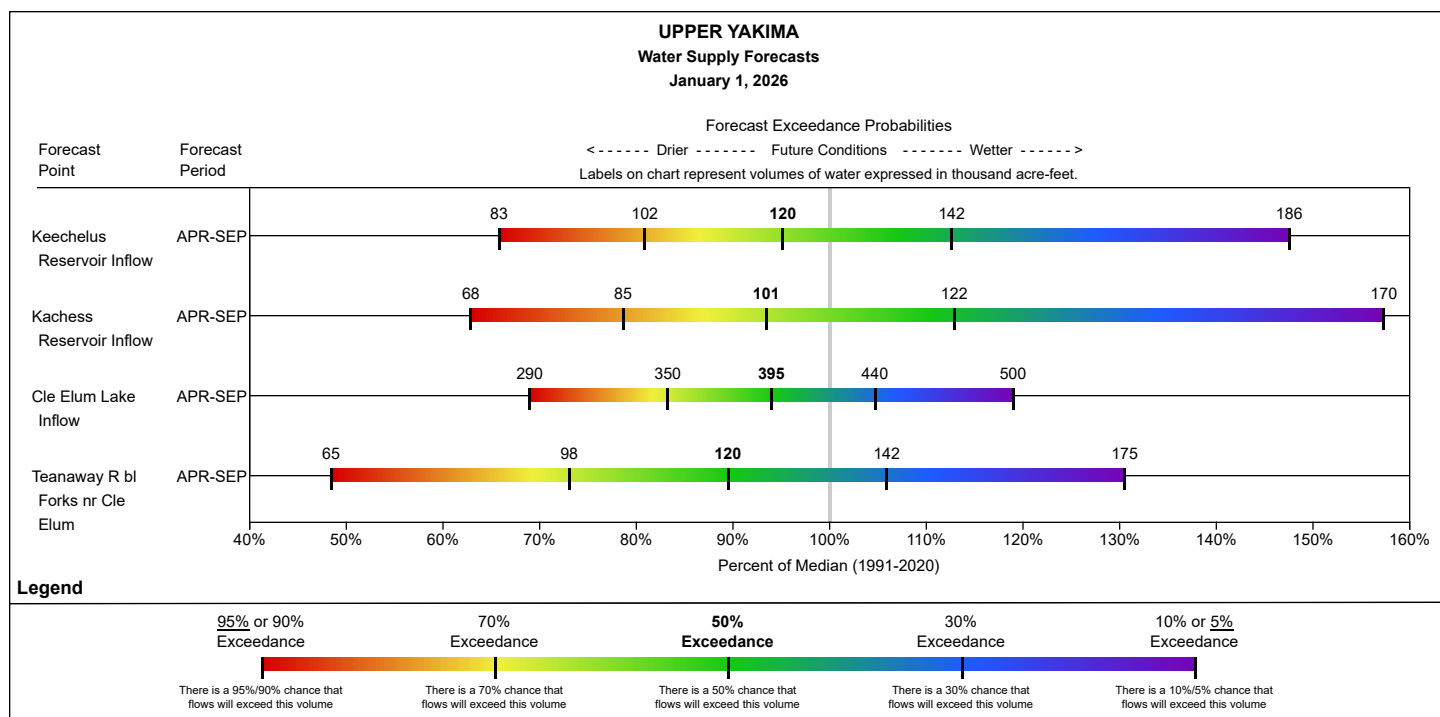
Water Year 2026

Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Cle Elum	2230	436.9	174.2	40	274.6	63	158
Kachess	2260	239	129.1	54	111.256	47	86
Keechelus	2520	157.8	72.5	46	106.593	68	147
Basin Index						59	131

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

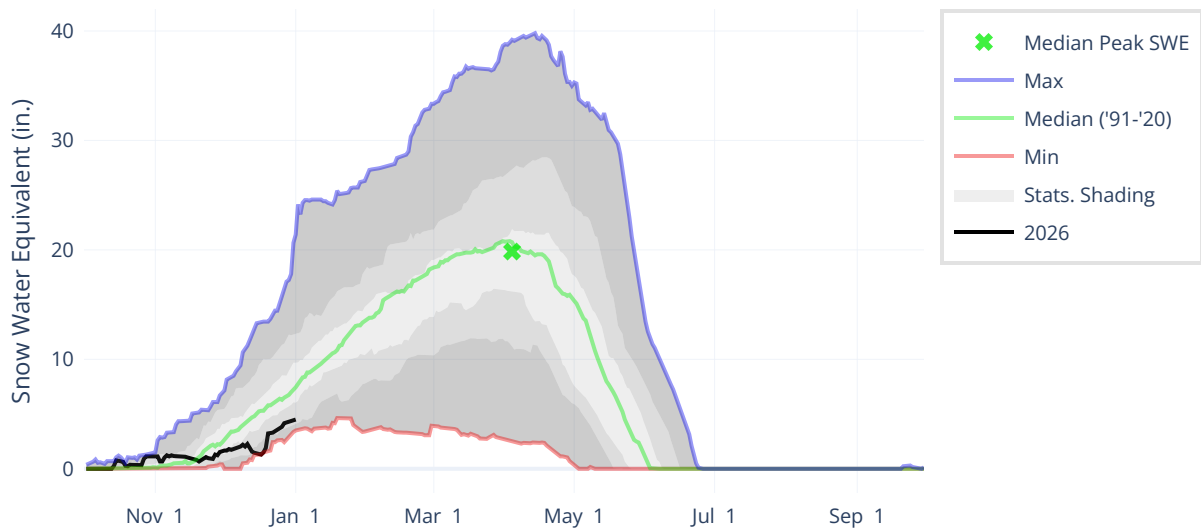
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 90% to 95% of median. For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Yakima Summary

SNOWPACK

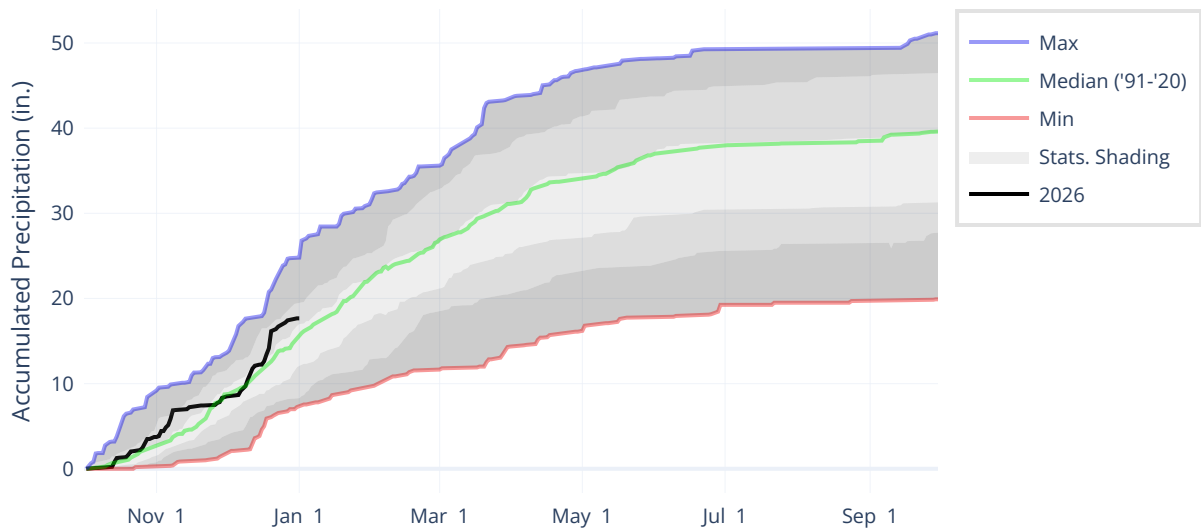


As of January 1, the basin snowpack is slightly below normal at 80% of median. This is lower than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 84% of median.

The basin SWE index in the above plot reflects a SWE normal for Indian Rock SNOTEL that has since been deleted due to significant on-site disturbance.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



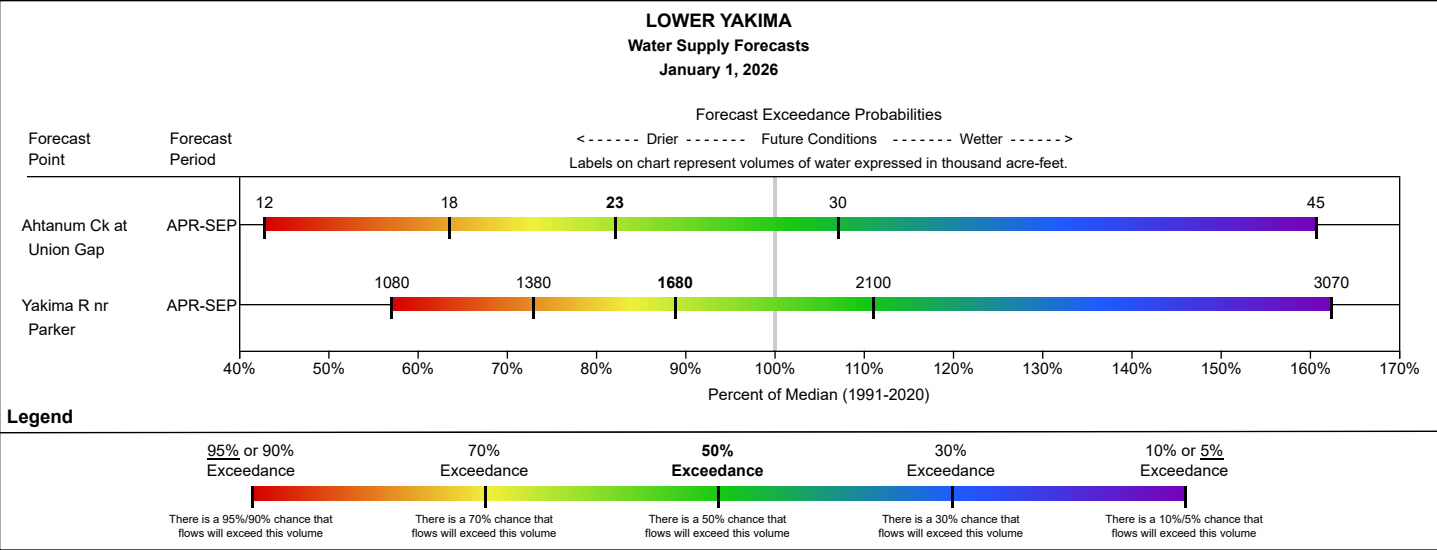
December precipitation is above normal at 145% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 111% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

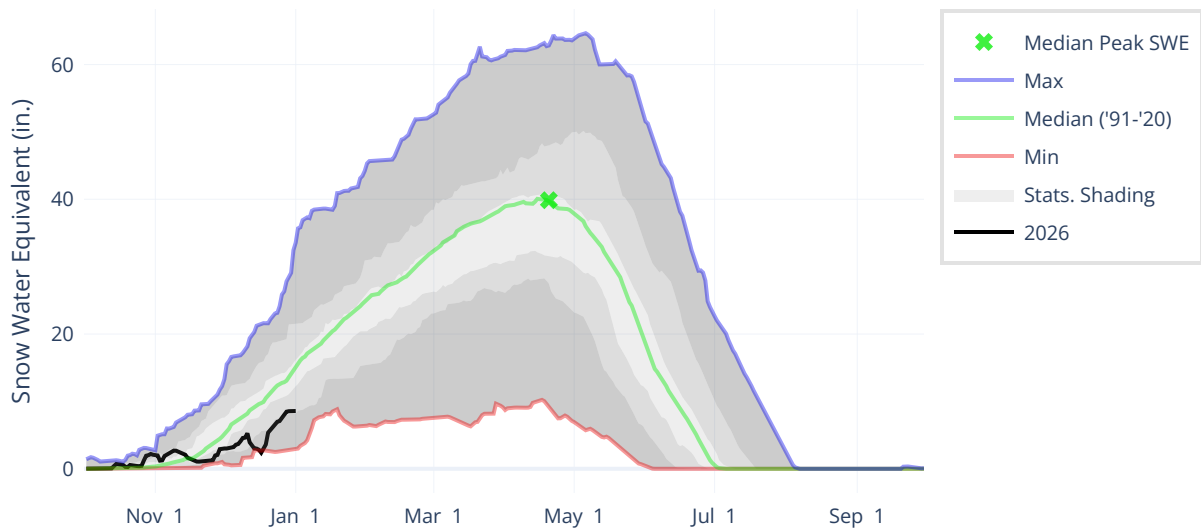
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 82% to 89% of median. For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Naches Basin Summary

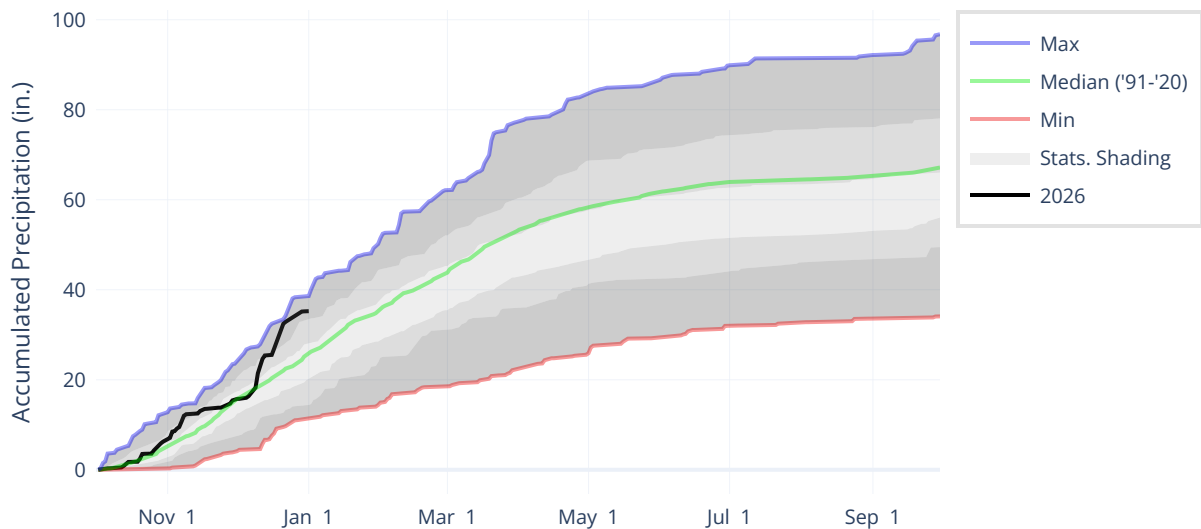
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 54% of median. This is lower than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 55% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 203% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 139% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Bumping Lake is 140% of median and Rimrock is 152% of median.

Naches

Water Year 2026

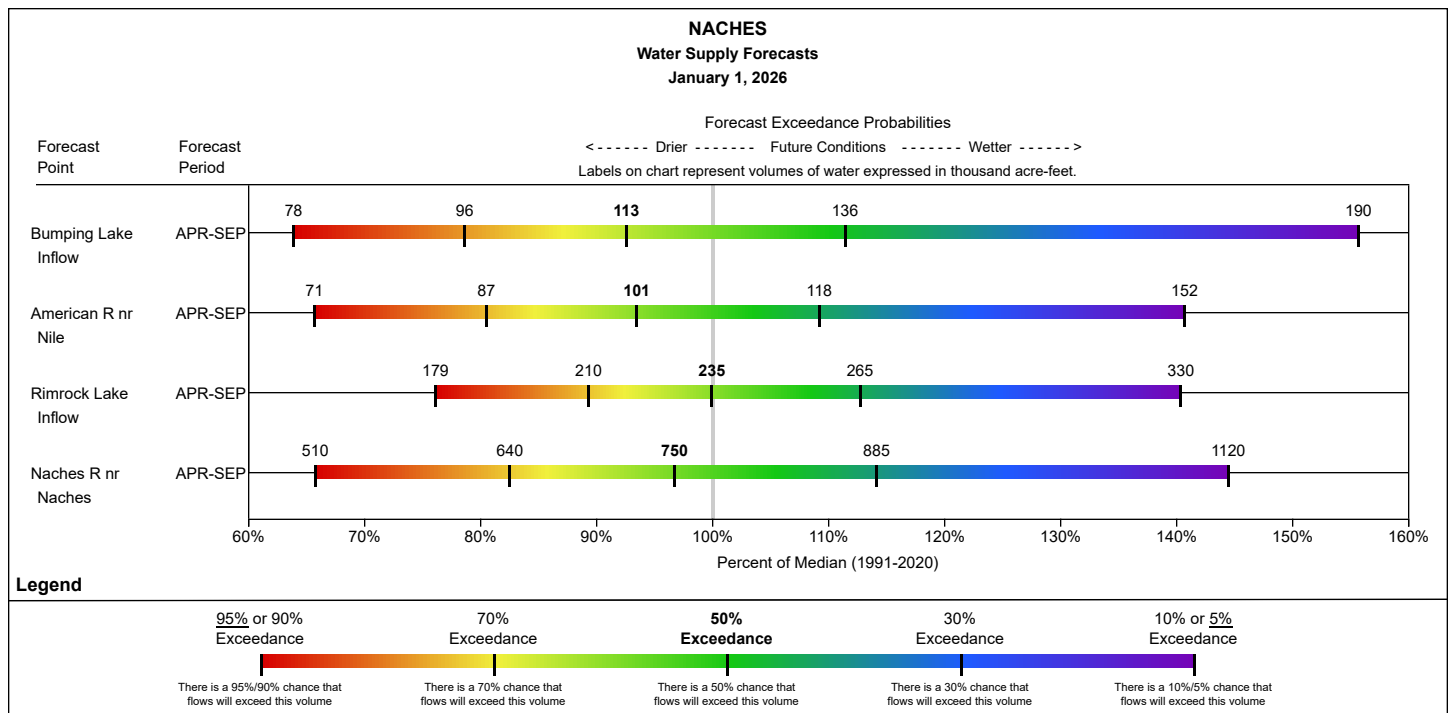
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Bumping Lake	3430	33.7	14.7	44	20.527	61	140
Rimrock	2930	198	95.9	48	146.232	74	152
Basin Index						72	151

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

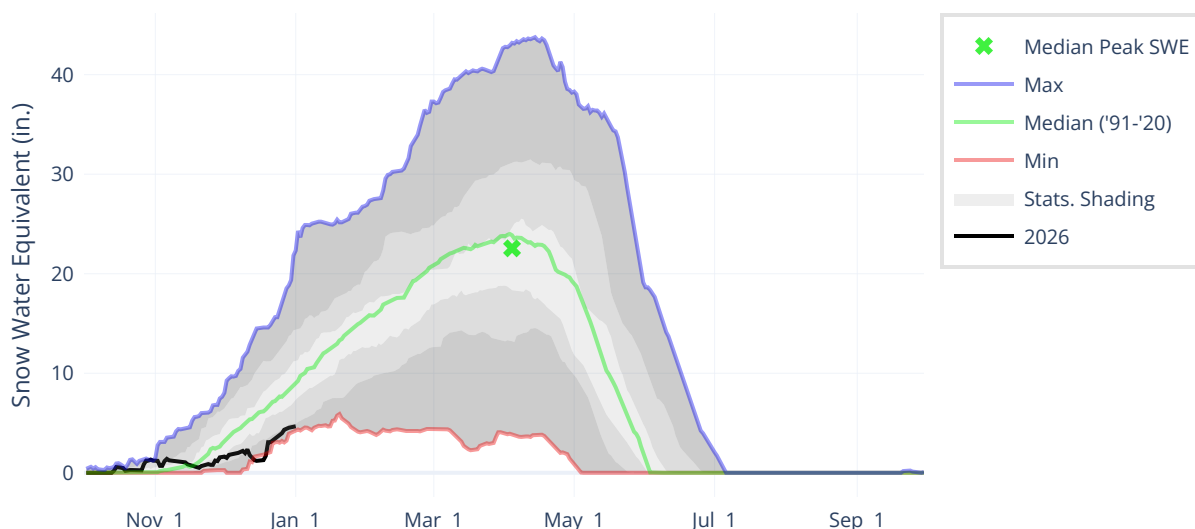
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 93% to 100% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Klickitat Basin Summary

SNOWPACK

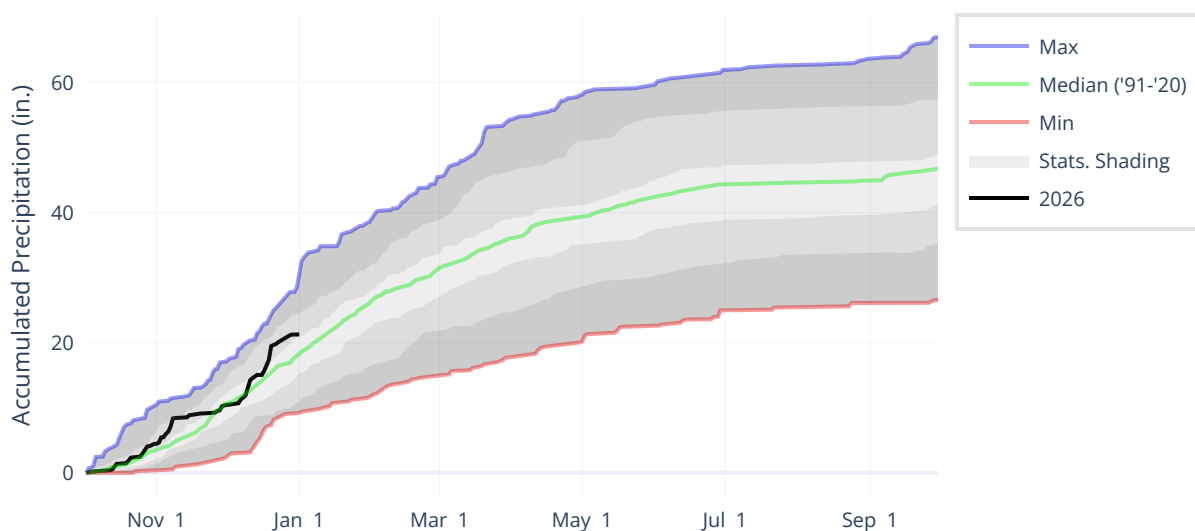


As of January 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 64% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 56% of median.

The basin SWE index in the above plot reflects a SWE normal for Indian Rock SNOTEL that has since been deleted due to significant on-site disturbance.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



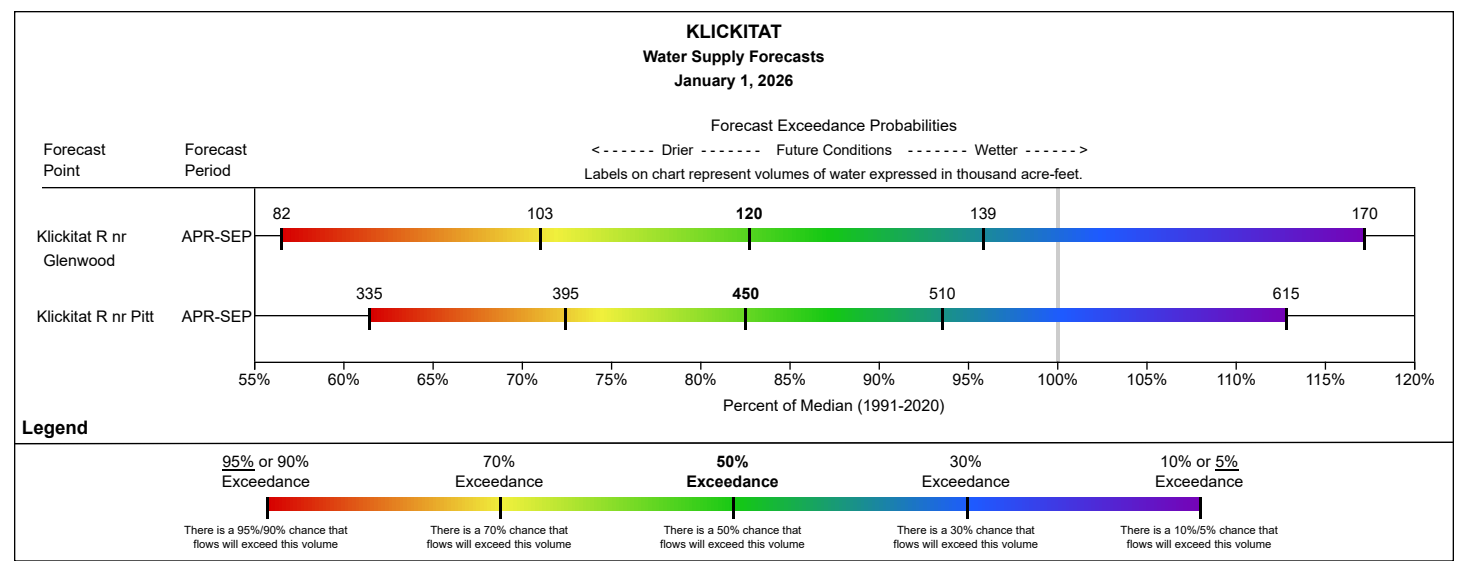
December precipitation is above normal at 150% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 115% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

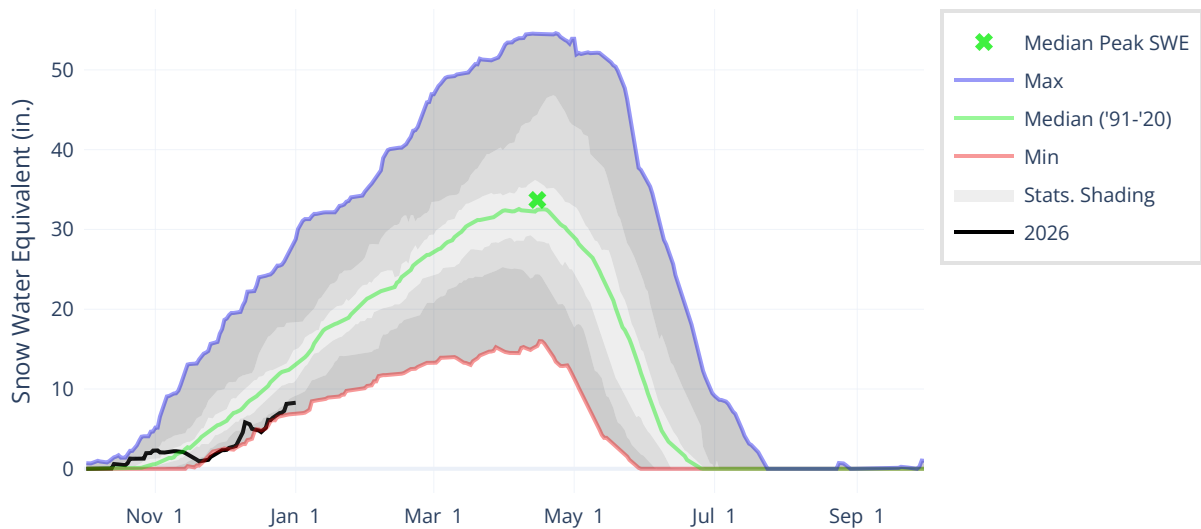
STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts for the Klickitat River are 83% of median. *For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).*



Lower Pend Oreille Basin Summary

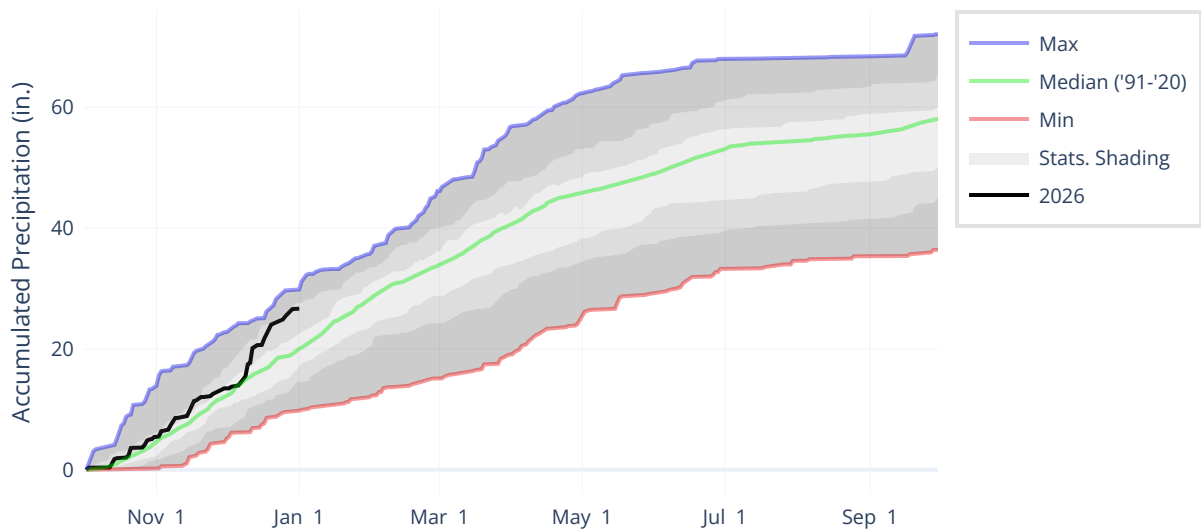
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 58% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 40% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 182% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 132% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Lake Pend Oreille is 132% of median and Priest Lake is 151% of median.

Lower Pend Oreille

Water Year 2026

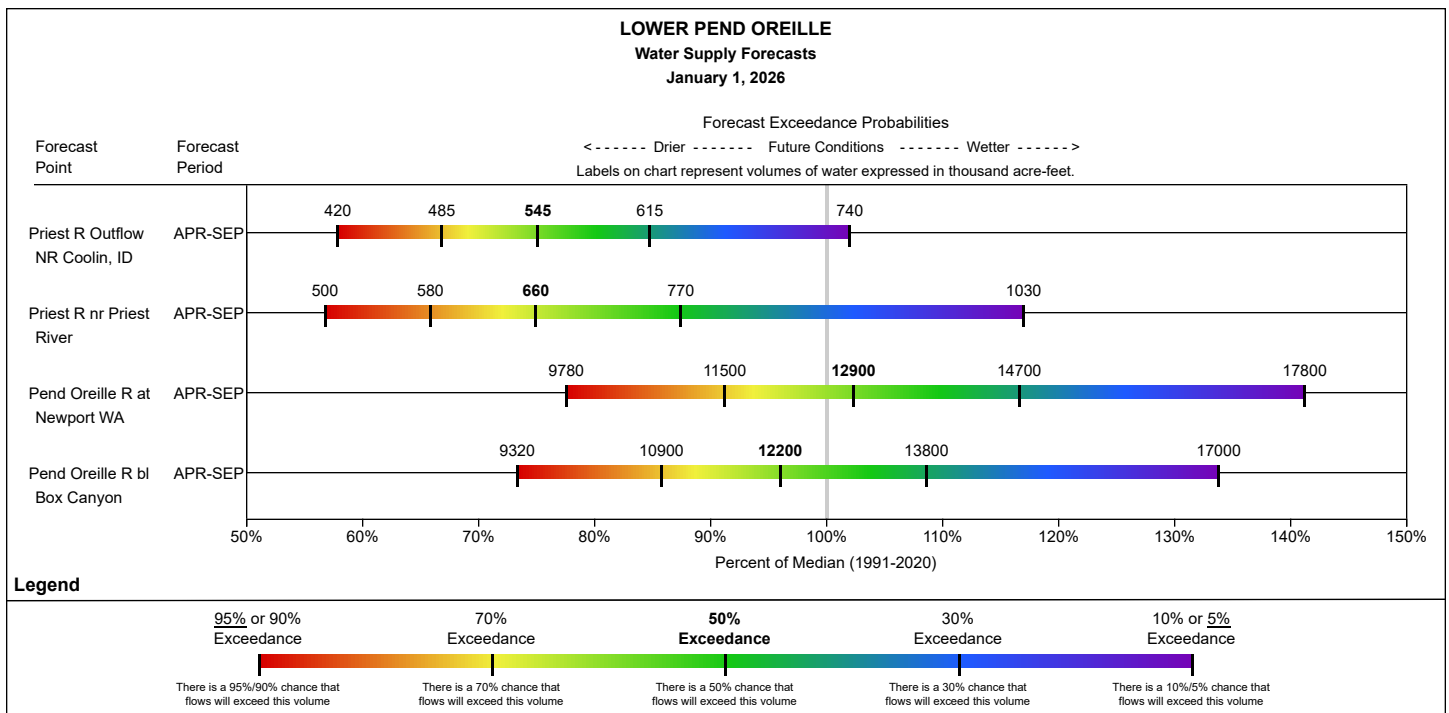
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Pend Oreille	2060	1561.3	620	40	816.358	52	132
Priest Lake	2440	119.3	55.6	47	83.917	70	151
Basin Index						54	133

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

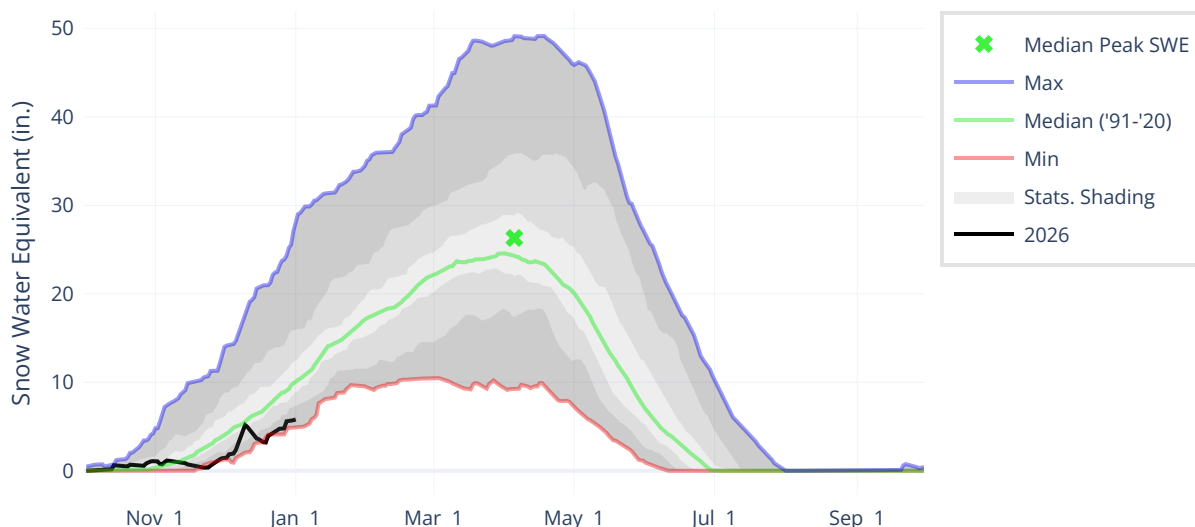
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 75% to 102% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Spokane Basin Summary

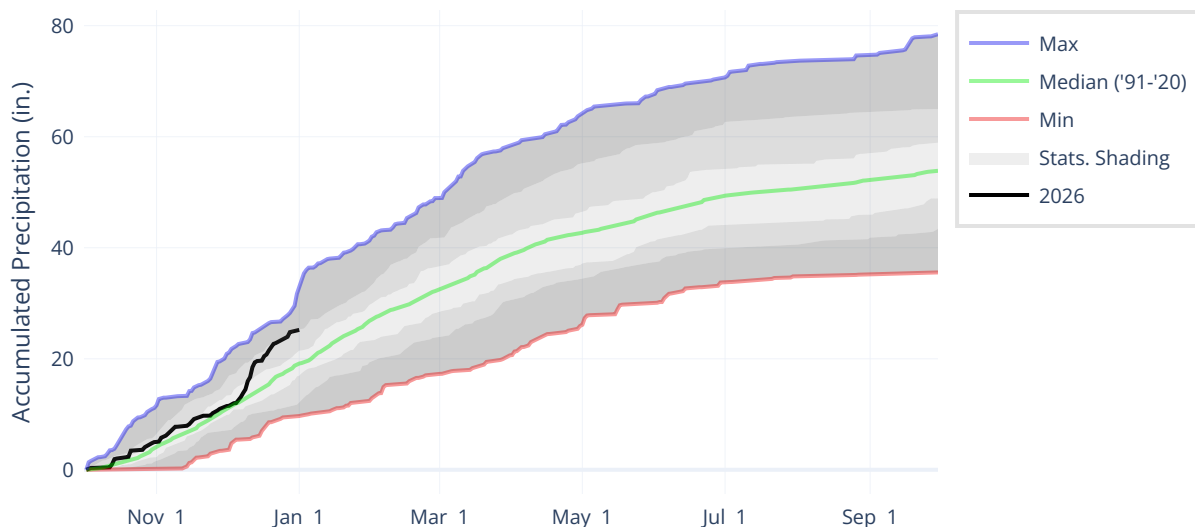
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is below normal at 53% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 35% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is well above normal at 191% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 131% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Lake Coeur d' Alene is 259% of median.

Spokane

Water Year 2026

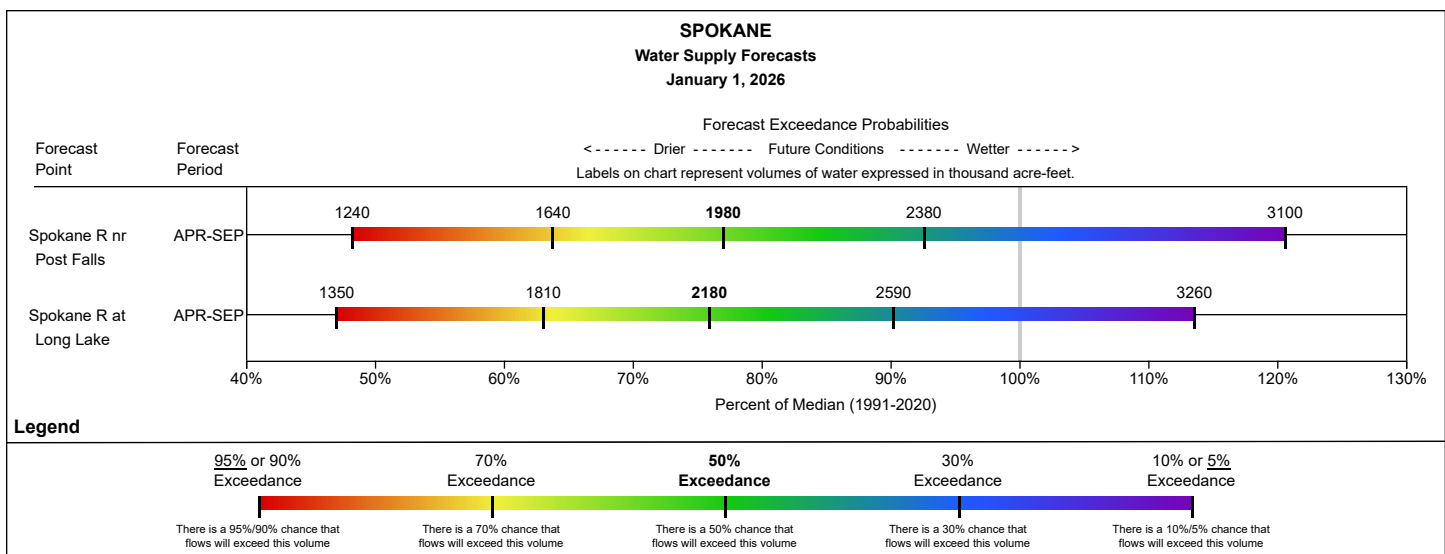
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Lake Coeur d' Alene	2130	238.5	70.8	30	183.59	77	259
Basin Index						77	259

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

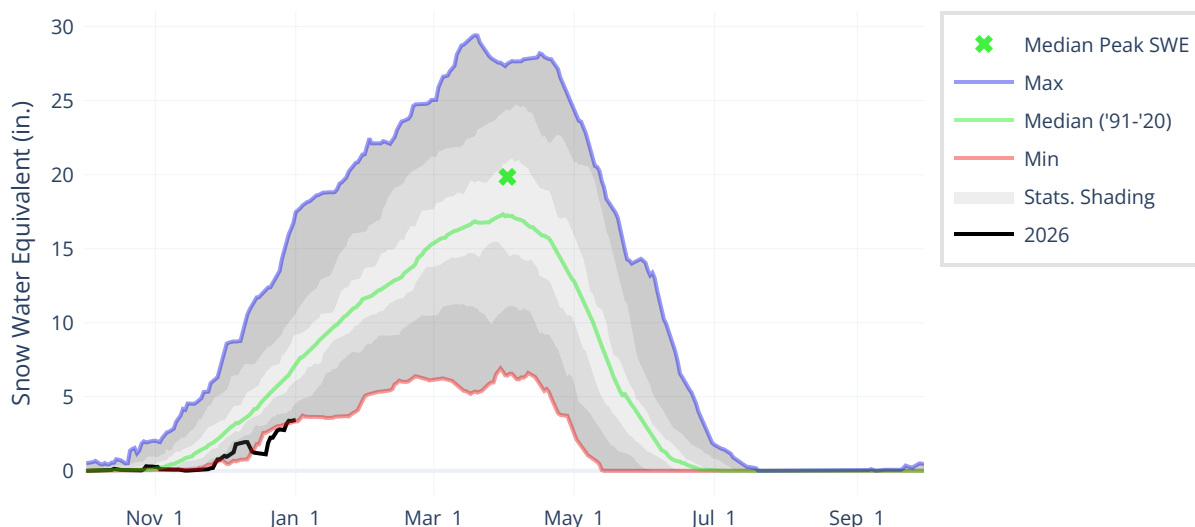
The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 76% to 77% of median.

For data in tabular format and to view other forecasting periods, please view the basin data reports [here](#).



Lower Snake-Walla Walla Basin Summary

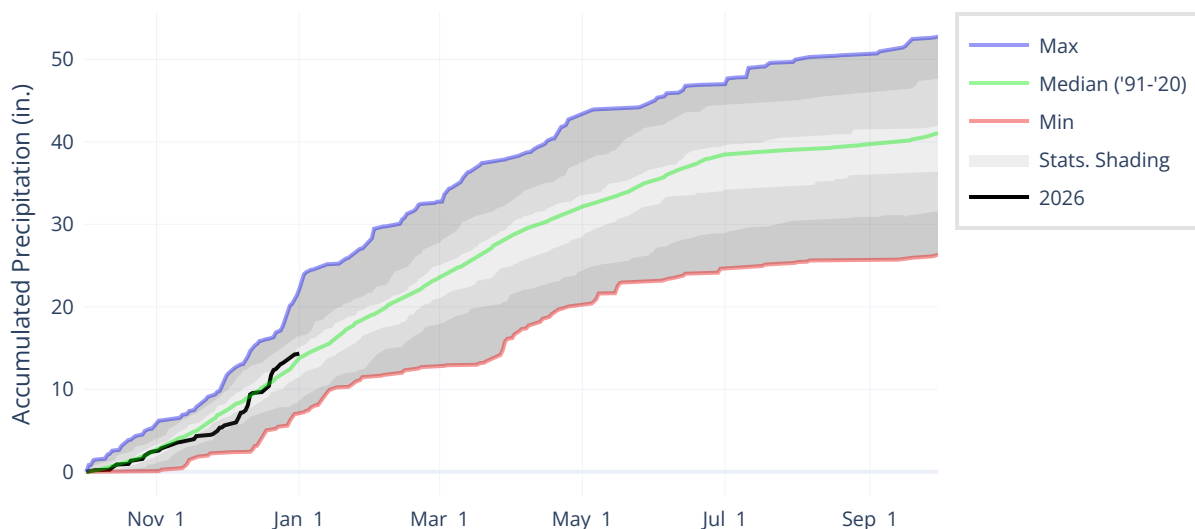
SNOWPACK



As of January 1, the basin snowpack is well below normal at 47% of median. This is higher than December 1 when the basin snowpack was 36% of median.

► View snowpack for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

PRECIPITATION



December precipitation is above normal at 150% of median. Precipitation since the beginning of the water year (October 1 - January 1) is 103% of median.

► View precipitation for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

Statistical shading percentiles are calculated from period of record (POR) data, excluding the current water year. Percentile categories range from: minimum to 10th percentile, 10th-30th, 30th-70th, 70th-90th, 90th-maximum.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 1, storage at Wallowa Lake is 138% of median.

Lower Snake-Walla Walla

Water Year 2026

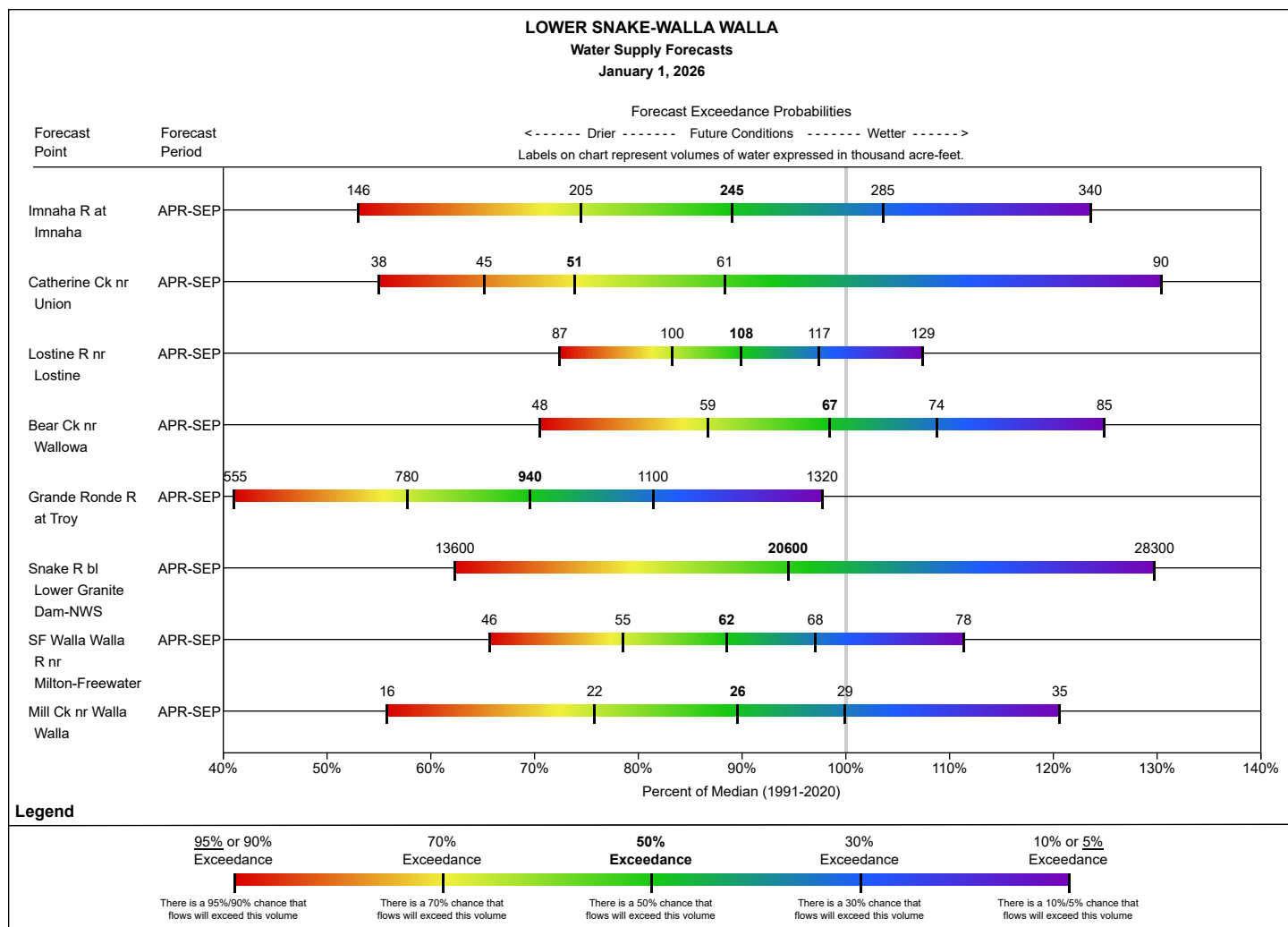
Site	Elevation (ft)	Capacity (kaf)	Median (kaf)	Median % Capacity	Storage (kaf)	% Capacity	% Median
Wallowa Lake	4380	37.5	15	40	20.742	55	138
Basin Index						55	138

► View reservoir storage for individual sites by accessing the basin data report [here](#).

STREAMFLOW FORECASTS

The April through September streamflow forecasts in the basin range from 70% to 99% of median.

To view data in tabular format, other forecast periods, and the forecast for Asotin Ck at Asotin, please view the basin data report [here](#).



Additional Resources

[Snow Survey & Water Supply Forecasting](#)

[Development and Interpretation of Water Supply Forecasts](#)

[User Guide to Forecast Charts](#)

For more water supply and resource management information, contact:

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This publication can be found online at:

[Washington | Snow Survey & Water Supply Program](#)

<https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/washington/snow-survey>

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